The New-York Times.

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EUROPEAN NEWS.

Advices to Last Evening by Ocean Telegraph.

A Great War Almost Certain.

The Difficulties Between France and Prussia.

Prussia Rejects the Propositions of the Great Powers.

She Will Maintain Her Rights and Will not Leave Luxemburg.

Another Appeal by the Other Powers to Prussia.

THE LUXEMBURG QUESTION.

Warlike and Defiant Attitude of Prussia.

BERLIN, Tuesday, April 23.

The official Press to-day, in an editorial, says in relation to the proposition recently submitted to the Governments of Prussia and France by the Great Powers of Europe: "*This Government did not find it necessary to appeal to the Powers for the protection of her rights, and she will not leave Luxemburg.*"

An Appeal from the Great Powers.

BERLIN, Wednesday, April 24—2 P. M.

It is reported that the great Powers of Europe have renewed their appeal to Prussia, in the hope of averting the war which now seems so imminent.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Financial.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 24—Noon.

Consols for money	90¾
U. S. Five-Twenty bonds (ex. coupon)	68
Illinois Central Railway shares	73
Erie Railway shares	36½

FRANKFORT, Wednesday, April 24—Noon.

United States Five-Twenty bonds	73

PARIS, Wednesday, April 24—2 P. M.

The Paris Bourse is heavy, and Rentes are still falling.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 24—2 P. M.

The Stock market is flat. Consols are now quoted at 90¾.

American Securities are now quoted as follows:

Erie Railway Shares	36½
Illinois Central Railway Shares	73
United States Bonds	67⅞

LONDON, Wednesday, April 24—Evening.

Consols closed at 90¾ for money.

American Securities closed at the following rates:

United States Five-twenty Bonds, (ex-coupons)	67¾
Illinois Central shares	72½
Erie Railway shares	36½

FRANKFORT, Tuesday, April 23—Evening.

United States Five-Twenty Bonds closed at 73 for the issue of 1862.

ANTWERP, Tuesday, April 23—Evening.

PETROLEUM has declined to 45 francs ₱ bbl. for standard white.

Commercial.

LIVERPOOL, Wednesday, April 24—Noon.

COTTON tends downward; sales to-day, 8,000 bales; Middling Uplands 10½d.; Middling Orleans 11d. The market is nominal.

BREADSTUFFS—Sales of Red Wheat at 13s. 9d., and White California at 14s. 3d. Corn 43s. 9d. Oats 3s. 7d. Barley 4s. 9d. Peas 45s.

PROVISIONS—Pork 77s. 6d. Beef 125s. Bacon 39s. Lard 50s. 6d. Cheese 60s.

PRODUCE—Spirits of Petroleum $1; Refined Petroleum 1s. 4d. Pot Ashes 34s. Spirits Turpentine 36s. 6d. Resin—Sales of common at 8s., and common at 14s. Tallows 44s. 6d. Cloverseed at 57s.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 24—Noon.

Linseed Oil £38 10s; Sperm Oil £131; Whale Oil £39. Linseed Cakes £9 10s.

ANTWERP, Wednesday, April 24—Noon.

Petroleum 45s.

LIVERPOOL, Wednesday, April 24—2 P. M.

The Cotton market is still heavy and declining. Middling Uplands are now quoted at 10⅜@10½; Middling Orleans 10¾@10⅞.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 24—2 P. M.

The Sugar market is inactive, but without quotable change.

LIVERPOOL, Wednesday, April 24—Evening.

COTTON—The Cotton market was weak to-day, and prices declined. The following are the authorized closing quotations:

Middling Uplands	10¼d.@10⅜d.
Middling Orleans	10⅝d.

The sales to-day foot up 12,000 bales.

BREADSTUFFS—There is little change in the Breadstuffs market. Wheat—Red Milwaukee 13s. 9d.; White California 14s. 6d. ₱ cental. Corn—43s. 6d. ₱ quarter for mixed Western. Barley—4s. 9d. ₱ 60 lbs. Oats—3s. 7d. ₱ 45 lbs. Peas—45s. ₱ quarter for American.

PROVISIONS—The market for Provisions is unchanged, except Lard, which has declined 3d. Pork, 77s. 6d.; Beef, 125s. ₱ 304 lbs.; Bacon, 39s. ₱ cwt.; Lard, 50s. 3d.; Cheese, 60s. for middling American.

PRODUCE—The Produce market is heavy and inactive, but generally shows no change in prices. Petroleum, 1s. for Spirits and 1s. 4d. for Refined White, ₱ gallon. Ashes, pots, 34s. Spirits Turpentine, 36s. 6d. ₱ cwt. Resin, common American, 8s.; fine, 14s. ₱ cwt. Tallow, 44s. 6d. Clover Seed, 57s. ₱ cwt.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 24—Evening.

The markets here are generally unchanged. Sugar, No. 12 Dutch Standard, 24s.; Calcutta Linseed, 66s.; Linseed Oil £38 10s.; Iron, Scotch pigs, 52s. ₱ ton, mixed numbers.

BY STEAMSHIP.

The steamship *City of Baltimore*, which left Liverpool, April 10 and Queenstown, April 11, arrived at this port yesterday morning.

The steamship *Periere*, from Havre and Brest, with advices to April 13, also arrived yesterday morning.

THE LUXEMBURG QUESTION.

The Debate in the Dutch Chambers on the Proposed Sale of Luxemburg.

The following is a report of the proceedings at the sitting of the Dutch Chamber of Deputies, on the 5th inst., when M. THORBECKE, the leader of the Opposition, put the question to the Government of which he had given notice as to the Luxemburg matter.

In the course of his speech M. THORBECKE said:

"It is of high importance to us that our foreign relations should not suffer by whatever happens to Luxemburg. We must not be dragged into any conflict. No reasons exist which can excite against us, in the matter of Luxemburg, the unfriendly sentiments and ill-will of some Governments. These Governments must not have cause to reproach us. It is certainly essential to observe a dignified attitude when we do not wish to be exposed to annoyance; when we desire, whatever takes place in Luxemburg, to avoid any disadvantage resulting to Holland; that is to say, because Holland has no part in the affairs of Luxemburg." Alluding to Count BISMARCK's statement that the Dutch Government had tendered its good offices in negotiations supposed to be in progress with regard to Luxemburg between France and Prussia, M. THORBECKE asked whether those words were based upon anything but a misunderstanding.

Count VAN ZUYLEN VAN NYEVELT, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, replied as follows:

"This interpellation is very agreeable to me for two reasons: First—Personally because it supplies me with an opportunity of completely justifying my conduct; secondly and chiefly, because it enables me to defend the King of Holland against accusations at variance with the truth, which have been learnt with indignation by all who are attached to their Sovereign and their country. It cannot be the honorable member's intention to inquire now what are the views of the Grand Duke with regard to Luxemburg, and what is or is not desirable in this matter. I know that the Grand Duke has seriously and minutely examined this question, and that after long study he has arrived at the conviction that the interest of Holland demanded the rupture of the dynastic tie—weak though it be—existing between Holland and Luxemburg. I have still to touch upon a delicate point. There has never been any question of the millions and treasure that have been talked about. If compensation had been required that compensation would have been so small that it would not even have amounted to the half of the revenue agreed upon in 1816. As for the question whether Count BISMARCK's reply is based upon a misunderstanding, there can be no difference of opinion save upon one point. The offer did not apply to negotiations already opened, but to those which might be entered into subsequently. There have been no negotiations with regard to Luxemburg, but there has been an exchange of views (*pourparlers.*) I am not aware of what have been termed official negotiations and the exchange of written dispatches. The object of these interviews was to arrive at negotiations, and they will, perhaps, result later in an arrangement. As a matter of course, only the Luxemburg Government and Luxemburg statesmen are able to conclude such an arrangement. The question now arises whether the interest of Holland does not require that we should keep, so to speak, our eyes open, to see how we shall dispose of the property of the Grand Duke of Luxemburg, or whether we must not in any way concern ourselves with the matter. I am entirely of the honorable member's opinion that Holland has nothing more to do with the affairs of Luxemburg than with those of any other State, but it is impossible not to see that public opinion in Germany is either ill-informed, or desires to be so. The question is to know whether the Dutch Government can be made responsible for the acts of the Grand Ducal Government, and to show that this fear is not futile, we may recall what took place upon the entry of Luxemburg into the German Customs Union. How, therefore, shall the Dutch Government act to cover its responsibility while directing affairs? It has been said that everybody has only one object, viz.: to preserve peace. This has also been the principal aim of the Grand Duke, and is the reason why he felt himself disposed to listen to representations; but the whole question was enveloped in a certain mistiness, and the consequence might well have been that a transaction which had been considered as the means of preserving peace might have had a precisely opposite result. Now, the Minister was aware that the President of the Luxemburg Ministry had arrived here. Owing to the nature of the affair it is this functionary who treats officially with the Grand Duke. But in what way could the Luxemburg President assure himself of the sentiments of the other Powers as to an eventual cession of Luxemburg? If Dutch diplomacy, although not even in a semi-official manner, lent itself to this inquiry, did it not, by so doing, interfere perhaps to a greater extent than the Government desired, in Luxemburg affairs? This question made me desirous of being placed in a position to dissipate some of the mystery and to bring the matter forward into full light. I believe it is the best to enter upon a large and loyal course, and for this reason I offered my services as intermediary to arrive at negotiations. And I am now of opinion that this very fact constitutes precisely the proof that we did not originate the affair. In the official note that was written upon this subject, I pointed out that the Government of the Netherlands considered itself as relieved from all responsibility as to what might take place with regard to Luxemburg; that it rejected all other responsibility, and desired to offer itself as intermediary. In forwarding this dispatch, the Government understood very well, and was convinced that it would receive a negative reply, but the note fulfilled its object, viz., of releasing the Government of the Netherlands from all responsibility, and was acknowledged by the Prussian Government in its answer, and it results, therefore, that when negociations shall take place, the matter will exclusively concern the Grand Duke. The honorable member has said that Holland has no interest in the Luxemburg question. I accept that declaration upon one condition, viz., that the condition of Limburg may be suitably and completely regulated. It is, therefore, with great pleasure I announce that the declaration of Limburg being detached from all ties is now given. In the interest of a good understanding between Holland and France, and Holland and Prussia, I insisted to the Prussian Governmen upon the removal of all the grievances that might be deduced from the position of Limburg, and I am happy to say that the Prussian Government has given the most explicit assurance in this respect."

Count VAN ZUYLEN read a note from Count BISMARK, stating that after the settlement of German territory made by the Parliament, Limburg was released from all ties to Germany.

"I trust," concluded the Minister, "that I have made the object of the Dutch Government plainly understood. As a matter of course, I may now abandon the question to the representative of the Grand Duchy, who is now here. Now that I have acquired the certainty that the Limburg affair is settled, I may add that I shall not occupy myself any more with Luxemburg either officially or semi-officially."

The Military Aspect of the Question—The Strategical Situation.

From the Semi-official North German Gazette.

In a war with France the German armies will have to operate on two principal points—Alsace and Lorraine, Belgium and the Lower Rhine, separated by the hilly country between the Moselle and the Meuse. In case of an offensive attack against the West, or the Upper and Middle Rhine, it would be necessary to secure the important line of operations, Mayence, Kaiserslautern and Metz, which leads into the valley of the Marne. This line passes through a network of numerous French fortresses, of which the most important is Metz, a place of the first rank, and yet the most important, if Luxemburg, distant seven miles from it, is in our hands and keeps it in check. The holder of Luxemburg is master of the valley of the Sarre, which is only closed by Sarrelouis; but this valley cuts at right angles the line of operations already mentioned of an army entering from the middle Rhine into Champagne. If, on the other hand, Luxemburg is a French fortress, it is, especially in concert with Metz, a danger for the lines of communication of that army, and, moreover, it would force it to weaken itself considerably by detachments for investing. A Prussian Luxemburg would then be for us a necessity; a French Luxemburg would menace our lines of communication on the right flank. The possession of Luxemburg by the French would also be a danger for the left flank of a German army advancing from the lower Rhine into Belgium. Four lines of railroad, of which the point of juncture is Luxemburg, give to that fortress a special importance by reason of the facilities afforded by railroad in actual warfare. These lines are: 1. Nancy, Metz, Luxemburg; 2. Luxemburg, Namur, Brussels; 3. Luxemburg, Spa, Liege; 4. Mayence, Sarrebruck, Sarrelouis, Treves, Luxemburg. The first two run parallel to the French frontier, touch several fortified places, and are in direct communication with the central point, Paris, as well as with the south and north of the country. The strategy of the French army would be greatly favored by this railroad parallel to the frontier; and its displacement at will, from the south to the north, and *vice versa*, would be easy. The Luxemburg-Liege line runs parallel to the Prussian frontier, on the Belgo-Luxemburg line, connects the valleys of the Moselle and the Meuse by the shortest way, and cuts the Cologne-Liege-Brussels line near Verviers. To Luxemburg and the junction point of these three lines must be attached in a French point of view, great importance. Fourthly, the important network connecting the valleys of the Rhine, the Nahe, the Sarre, and the Moselle debouches on Luxemburg, and on it is the only line of communication by rail of the theatre of war in Lorraine and Belgium. It is of capital importance for the Germans. The great importance of this place for us would be increased by the completion of the projected line, Treves-Cologne and Treves-Coblentz, by which Luxemburg could be put in direct communication with the strongest places on the banks of the Rhine, and serve as an advanced post. Thus the question relative to a fortress so well suited both for attack and defence should be the object of serious examination.

The Debate in the French Chambers on the Declaration of the Marquis de Moustier.

The following is a full report of the debate which followed the official explanations of the Marquis DE MOUSTIER on the 8th inst., whose speech has already been given in the TIMES:

M. PELLETAN—What we have just heard explains nothing. [Exclamations.] It was not necessary for the Minister of Foreign Affairs to come to the tribune to say so little. [Interruption; murmurs.] We ask for communication of the documents.

M. THIERS—We admit that the Government was the first. But in all countries in which the nation is admitted to take part in the conduct of its affairs, it is furnished with means of obtaining a knowledge of the facts. There has evidently been an exchange of dispatches. These ought to be communicated, so that we shall not be reduced to discuss on mere conjectures. [Murmurs, mingled with marks of assent.]

M. ROUHER, Minister of State—The terms of the communication show that the question of Luxemburg has not yet become an affair of diplomacy. *There have thus far been only personal communications.* In the other Parliaments referred to, questions were simply addressed, to which the Ministers immediately replied. That object the French Government wished to attain by the statement just made. If the interpellations are authorized, we shall have to give explanations, but I must say beforehand that there exist no dispatches of the Government relative to the cession of Luxemburg. The Government is, however, convinced that the attentive reading of the document which the Minister of Foreign Affairs has communicated to you is sufficient to satisfy the susceptibilities of the Chamber and enlighten public opinion.

M. THIERS—Since the honorable member has done me the honor to reply, may I be permitted to make a short rejoinder? I only mentioned foreign countries in a general manner. I said that even on the occasion of discussions of much less gravity the country was furnished with means of obtaining information. But what has taken place in other Parliaments could not serve as a rule to us. They are not directly interested, and only look on as spectators; whereas we have a much greater interest in the matter than England, for example. We occupy a special position which gives us the right of demanding still further particulars. In other countries the discussion has been much more complete than the communication just made to us. Yet, what people has a greater right of being enlightened on a question by which the destinies of the nation may be engaged? [Interruption.] What! are they not engaged in it? [Loud applause on several benches.] The interests and honor of the country, I maintain, are involved; peace or war depend on the question, and yet you believe that we ought to remain indifferent. [Noise.] No, it is not on such a declaration that we can discuss with any advantage.

M. ROUHER—I wish in no way to impart to this incident the proportion of a debate, which would be premature. The document says expressly that the Cabinet of Berlin, having been consulted by the King of Holland, invoked the treaty of 1839, adding that France was ready to examine its clauses in concert with the Powers of Europe. [Hear, hear.]

The subject was resumed on the 10th. The President announced that the demand for interpellations relative to the Luxemburg question, sent in by certain members of the majority—MM. SEGRIS, LARRABURE, JOSSEAU, TERME, DESCOURS, &c.—had been withdrawn by the authors, so that the bureaux had not had to make any declaration concerning it. The President next read a declaration from those gentlemen, to the effect that the cause of their not persisting in the application, was an unwillingness to hamper the diplomatic action of the Government. As to the two other demands of interpellation, presented by M. JULES FAVRE and G. M. LAMBRECHT, the bureaux had unanimously decided that they ought not to be authorised.

The Military Strength of France.

A Paris letter in the *Nord* has the following:

"Marshal NIEL was heard recently in the committee of the Legislative Body charged with examining the bill on military organization. That officer, who at the period of the first discussions at the Tuileries had supported a system almost similar to that adopted by the Committee, and of which I have already indicated the plan, thought right in presence of the present situation to range himself in favor of the bill and support it with all his strength. The Marshal estimates the forces France could at *present assemble at from 550,000 to 600,000 men*, which number would *be increased to 700,000* if the bill were adopted. The whole of this effective might be employed in the field if steps were at once taken to form a National Guard Mobile. The considerations developed by the Marshal do not appear to have prevailed, for the entire Commission, with the exception of one member, has just expressed its opinion that the right of the Chamber to vote the annual contingent should be maintained. An amendment proposed by a deputy of the right, who, in abandoning the vote of the contingent, would confer on the Chamber the right of fixing the number of soldiers who should belong to the active army and the reserve respectively, was supported by only three members."

Prussia Making Ready for War.

We have called attention, says the Paris *Presse*, to the fact of several Prussian officers of engineers having been sent to the fortress of Luxemburg. The news now received proves that Count de BISMARCK does not lose time in accumulating supplies of war *materiel* in the places nearest to France. A letter from Mayence says: We learn that a consignment of gunpowder, forming the lading of six railway-wagons, has just arrived at the goods' station of this town, under the escort of Prussian grenadiers, and been delivered to the military authorities.

What Would Happen in Case of War—Germany Against France.

From the Semi-official North German Gazette.

The fall on the Paris Bourse has given rise here to the most disquieting and absurd rumors. No one could suppose that it had been caused by fears of war, for one particular circumstance characterizes the situation—that the question of peace or war is not of a nature to be decided at Berlin. The nature of the Confederation of the North, like that of all Federative States, is essentially pacific—is not directed toward attack but defence. Germany feels herself strong in this defensive character, and has a right to believe that her neighbors will not estimate that strength below its value; while to calm their jealous apprehensions they should remember that the German nation, as such, has never entered the lists as a rival to a neighboring people with the sole view of maintaining their predominance. The struggles between the Bourbons and the Hapsburgs formerly had solely for object dynastic interests, and the nations were only concerned so far as they were then represented by dynasties. It was very different with the prolonged rivalry so often breaking out in bitter wars between France and England. In that case it was not dynasties contending for territorial possessions—for the aggrandizement of the power of the head of a royal family; it was one country against another, one people against another, fighting for an ephemeral preponderance in the political world, and which, momentarily acquired, was necessarily lost the instant following. The impuissance of the German nation, the natural consequence of its territorial divisions, has at various times led our neighbors at the other side of the Rhine to exercise a determining influence on the destinies of Germans and to attack their national integrity. At present, *that those sad times are past for Germany, and that all the national strength is united under one banner*, attacks from abroad will no longer find feeble parties or a disjointed and powerless agglomeration, *but a solid phalanx formed of the whole defensive strength of the German nation.* But to provoke her to the combat would be to unchain a tempest the ravages of which would devastate countries, destroy populations, and overturn thrones, and which no command could appease until it had spent its fury and found a final calm from universal exhaustion."

The Real Value of Luxemburg as a Strategical Point—Why Should France Want It?

From the London Times, April 10.

Just now it is the Moselle and its tributaries that France wishes to make the line between it and the growing Power beyond. The German Confederation have heretofore found it necessary to defend that line by converting Luxemburg into a fortress capable of holding, and therefore requiring for its own defence, a considerable army. Such a fortress, filled with Germans, and surrounded by a German population, within a short day's march of the French frontier, *is no doubt a provocation;* and the Germans, who, to do them justice, have not been much given to the spontaneous and unprovoked invasion of France, *have a fancy for calling Luxemburg the readiest way for that purpose.* Its value, however, is simply defencive, and as such the most ordinary English tourists can form some notion of its real value, for they may cross and recross the French and German frontier several times every year of their lives without once seeing Luxemburg, or approaching it nearer than Metz or Treves. Whatever Power holds Luxemburg must, in time of war, *bury in it many thousand men;* and, to the best of our belief, it would never be necessary for France to mask it with a larger aggregate force than the ordinary garrisons of Metz, Verdun, and other minor fortresses. The fact of the country population being German must render it somewhat less costly to the German side than to the French, but to neither can it be essential. As the position is there, it must be held; and in the event of war that involves *more loss than gain to the master of it.* Military critics may have an answer to these considerations, but they can have no reply to the stubborn lessons of history, or to the right inference from the existing state of things. How is it that after ages of power and conquest, after the use of vast resources and opportunities, a great Empire like France does not hold this province, lying as it does far within the old goal of French ambition? How is it that the people themselves are still German, though Germany is, on the whole, not so populous as France, or so advanced in arts and arms? The more attractive and plausible the ideal rights of the case, and the argument that Luxemburg ought to be French the sterner and more irresistible is the logic of facts—*that it is not French and therefore most probably never will be.*

But no material defence can be compared with that political security which is founded on moral causes, and which consists in mutual confidence, without menace and without fear. The acquisition of Luxemburg by France, which even pretends to confess fear of Germany, would certainly inspire it to a more serious degree. Even the Germans have good reason not to like it, while Belgium could not regard it without unmitigated and undisguised alarm. As for ourselves, we can pretend to nothing more than a bystander's interest in this question, and can only wish to see the matter settled as much as possible to the satisfaction of all sides, but we certainly can have no positive wish to see France annexing a German population, outflanking Belgium, and pushing a salient angle half way to the Lower Rhine. We wish to see her content with a position which may stand comparison with that of any country in the Old World. What, indeed, does France want more than France? She combines the climate and the races of Italy and of these isles, of Germany and of the Spanish peninsula. If not our equal on the Atlantic, she is more than our equal on the Mediterranean; and it is through her that we communicate with our Indian Empire. No country has greater natural advantages thrown into her lap and almost forced upon her, sitting on her ancient throne, within her own inviolable pale. Why should she vex herself about the only frontier which nature has not made? Her anxieties, if they are not assumed, can have no real foundation in history, and can only have the imaginary support of wild and visionary forecasts. But if we are to forecast the distant future, does the boldest prophet venture to speak of an aggressive Germany? Is that, indeed, a nation to burst its bonds and emulate the Roman, Frank and Norman examples? The Continent, and not less the hereditary character of races, must be changed before that becomes a world's alarm. France will be France and Germany Germany in our time, and long after; and it is for France to decide whether she will be content with her own magnificent inheritance or *will relapse into the old insanity of gambling for worthless land with countless treasure and priceless men.*

Why France Should not Go to War.

From the Avenir National, April 9.

We read in the *Siècle*: "Whether Luxemburg remain in the power of Holland or be united to France is not the question. What we cannot tolerate is that the Prussians should still continue to maintain a garrison there." The *Siècle* then asks for war. Prussia threatens the nationalities, and France, according to the *Siècle*, "cannot refuse her support to menaced peoples without abdicating her civilization *rôle*, and seeing her rank and influence in the world diminish." And why should not France make war? Has she not, replies the *Siècle*, that admirable army which is still the first in the world? Has she not the moral force which she derives from our great revolution? "It is this force which ought now to be reinvigorated by a serious political reform. To dissipate the anxieties of the present and avert the dangers of the future, the initiative and the liberties of France must be restored to her. Half measures are out of date. French democracy, reinvigorated by liberty, would again prove, if necessary, that our country can defy all the coalitions, thanks to the courage of its sons and the sympathies of the peoples." Words, words, words. If the possession of Luxemburg is indispensable to the safety of France, it is highly important that it should be united to her; the danger to us would not cease were the Prussian garrison replaced by a Dutch garrison. We must therefore annex Luxemburg; the *Siècle* ought plainly to say so. The French army is undoubtedly a fine and good army, full of devotion and patriotism; but does not the *Siècle*, which has doubtless read the two remarkable works upon our military organization that have just appeared, *advance too much in affirming that our army is the best in the world?* There is not, moreover, *in the world any first army;* history shows us that armies are by turns vanquished and victorious. At the present day the first army in the world would be that which included the largest number of citizens which *best represented the ideas of liberty, and which hoisted the banner of public opinion.* What should we bring now to the peoples whom the *Siècle* wishes to deliver from the yoke of Prussia? *Institutions which would throw them back more than half a century.* Let not the *Siècle* think of it. That journal, it is true, asks that the initiative and the liberties of France should be restored to her. Let the *Siècle* get them restored, and we shall then see what there will be to do, or rather everything will be done, for France, free and restored to herself, will no longer need a war of conquest to insure her influence over the people, and peace will be assured. Meanwhile war can only produce bad results; unsuccessful, it annihilates all our prosperity; successful, *it supplies political reaction with the necessary force for continuing its work, by giving to it what is called glory.* These are the reasons why we cannot urge our country toward war; *it has everything to lose, and nothing to gain by war.*

The Rumored Ultimatum.

From the Avenir National, April 8.

Nothing has occurred to confirm or refute the reports which circulated yesterday on the Bourse, and which produced there a real panic—the recall of Marshal MCMAHON and the dispatch of an *ultimatum* to Prussia. It is unnecessary to add that for the present there is no sense in the report of an *ultimatum*. Properly educated diplomatists do not begin with an *ultimatum*, and the negotiations with Prussia respecting the cession of Luxemburg have scarcely commenced. We believe the following is the real position of the question. The French Government has addressed a note to the Prussian Government in pretty nearly the following terms: "I give up the idea of purchasing Luxemburg, but evacuate the citadel." M. DE BISMARCK replied, "I should be glad to do so, but it is impossible; it is too late."

Count Bismarck's Circular Note in Regard to Luxemburg.

The *Avenir National* of the 10th inst., on the subject of the Prussian circular relative to Luxemburg, says:

"Our London correspondent gives us an analysis of this document. Count DE BISMARCK declares that the Grand Duchy, as territory, is of moderate importance; but he raises a question of national honor, and asserts that the feelings of Germany are wounded at the idea of a German garrison being forced to abandon that fortress. The circular states that it would be absurd to provoke an international conflict for such a petty interest, and makes an appeal to the moderation and pacific sentiments of the French Emperor. That sovereign, the Count says, will know how to resist instigations coming from persons interested in compromising his dynasty and hurrying it into adventures full of peril. What will secure him against such tendencies is the sympathy he has never ceased to testify toward Germany, and also the desire of not disturbing, by untimely agitations, the peaceful rendezvous offered by Paris to civilized nations."

The document is stated to be long, but couched in most courteous language.

The Probable Attitude of Austria in Case of War.

From the Memorial Diplomatique.

In presence of the difference which has arisen between France and Prussia on the subject of Luxemburg, the question is naturally asked—what would be the attitude of Austria if the dispute were to become envenomed and to degenerate into an open rupture? One of our Vienna correspondents, in a position high enough to obtain authentic information, furnishes us with some intelligence on the subject. He writes that the Austrian Cabinet, after its exclusion from Germany, acquired the full liberty of its alliances, and was no longer bound by any considerations toward its old confederates. Baron DE BEUST, like a practical statesman, as he is, admits serious and efficacious alliances only for the accomplishment of a definite object, which means that in his eyes every league implies charges and obligations; and, therefore, that Austria, before taking any engagement, being carefully studious of her own interests, ought to weigh impartially the advantages of her alliances. But, as her present interest scarcely lies in the consolidation of Prussian supremacy, she could not range herself by the side of that country. According to the development of events she will take counsel solely from her own interests. Prussia would be the less justified in reproaching the Court of Vienna with seeking for alliances out of Germany, that King WILLIAM I. last year concluded an offensive and defensive league with Italy at a time when the Germanic federal compact, which forbade members of the Confederation to make war on each other, was still in vigor.

Mistakes of the Foreign Policy of the French Cabinet.

From La Liberté, April 7.

It may be said without any exaggeration that last night Paris was in a state of great excitement. The political world, the commercial world, and even the public, felt that France was on the eve of a crisis, and a grave one. Nevertheless, the *Moniteur* of this morning is dumb; it says not a word of Luxemburg, and goes so far as to suppress all that relates to the litigious question in its account of the proceedings in the English Parliament. This systematic silence is significant, and it sufficiently indicates that the uneasiness of the public is perfectly justified. As matters stand now, on the eve, perhaps, of a war with Prussia, it is necessary that the matter should be explained clearly. We will, therefore, attempt to reduce it to its simplest terms. The question of Luxemburg is a double one; there is a question of territorial aggrandisement, and a question of natural honor. Will France annex Luxemburg by way of purchase? Such is the territorial question. Will Prussia continue to hold a garrison, without any right, in a province which has shown a tendency toward France? Such is the question of national honor. As regards the territorial question, the Government, it must be acknowledged, *is in a detestable situation*, thanks to the much praised speech of M. ROUHER. How can you demand territorial compensation when you make yourself the champion of the great principle of nationalities, in the name of which Germany revendicates Luxemburg, *en attendant* till she revendicates Alsace? How demand territorial compensation *when you declare yourself fully satisfied with the changes which have taken place in Europe?* In presence of a prejudicial change compensation might be demanded; but how can you ask for compensation in exchange for a territorial remodeling which has strengthened France? The only way for M. le Ministre of Foreign Affairs to plead the question of Luxemburg, is to refute in his dispatches the arguments of M. ROUHER, reproduced by M. DE BENNIGSEN and Count BISMARCK. It is not, then, to the Opposition that the speech of M. ROUHER has proved unpalatable, but to his colleague of the Foreign Office, who has great reason to complain of it. If, in consequence, we are to renounce all idea of Luxemburg, our legitimate revindication will have given way before the doctrines of M. ROUHER, defended by M. DE BISMARCK, and supported by 600,000 needle guns. In that case we may perhaps be permitted to think that the oratorical success of M. le Ministre of State *will have cost France rather dear!* As regards the question of national honor, which may be called the chief question, has Prussia the right to occupy Luxemburg? If, as she acknowledges herself, she has no legitimate right, why, not contented with keeping her troops there, does she augment the strength of the garrison at the very moment when there is talk of a cession to France? The occupation of Luxemburg by Prussia—*that is what constitutes the menace, the insult to France*, and which ought to be the first subject for settlement by our diplomatists. Luxemburg, once evacuated by Prussia, and given up to itself, the question of the cession to France will rest entire; and if Prussia has any desire to make objections, she will make them; but the first thing is, that Prussia should quit, for her presence in Luxemburg is an intolerable insult. After the negotiations which have taken place, if France does not annex Luxemburg it will be a serious defeat on our flag; but if Prussia continues the occupation another week, it will be a humiliation and an outrage to our honor. The course to take is simple, and consists in saying to Prussia: "There is no need of explaining our future intentions respecting Luxemburg; it is a matter to be arranged between the King of Holland and France. If the great Powers must be consulted, we shall consult them; if Prussia has any observations to bring forward she will present them. For the moment, the question is not there. The question is simply this—Will you, yes or no, put an end to the occupation of Luxemburg, which to us is an insult or a menace? If Prussia replies by evacuating, it will perhaps be peace, at least for some time; but if she replies by resisting, or even by demolishing the fortress, it will be immediate war, or a humiliation, the like of which France is not accustomed to support. Prussia evacuating Luxemburg at the request of France; France at war with Prussia; France humiliated before Prussia—such are the three hypotheses. But, in reality, there are only two, for the last cannot be put seriously before a French public.

The Text of the Luxemburg Treaty.

The following is the text of the diplomatic conventions relative to the right of Prussia to garrison Luxemburg. They are found in the proceedings of the Territorial Committee assembled at Frankfort:

ARTICLE 35. Article three of the treaty concluded at Vienna the 31st of May, 1815, and article sixty-seven of the act of Congress of Vienna having stipulated that the fortress of Luxemburg should be considered as belonging to the Germanic Confederation, that disposition is maintained and expressly confirmed by the present act. However, the King of Prussia and the King of Holland, acting in his quality of Grand Duke of Luxemburg, wishing to adapt the rest of the clauses of the said articles to the changes which have arisen from the Treaty of Paris of the 20th November, 1815, and to provide in the most efficacious manner for the combined defence of their respective States, have agreed to garrison in common the fortress, without that arrangement in any way infringing on the right of sovereignty of the King of Holland, as Grand Duke of Luxemburg, over the town and fortress.

ART. 36. The King of Holland, as Grand Duke of Luxemburg, cedes to the King of Prussia the right to name the Commander of that fortress, and consents that, as long as it is held in common, three-fourths of the troops of all arms shall be Prussian and one-fourth Dutch, thus renouncing the right of nomination which Article 67 of the Congress of Vienna had assured to his Majesty.

The Financial View of the War Rumors.

From the London Times City Article, April 10.

The financial advices from Paris tended to encourage a belief that for the present, at all events, war will be averted; but in no quarter does there seem much hope of any better alternative than an *interval of ten or twelve months, to be spent in preparation*, with the certainty that at that time *it will be proportionably more severe*. It is assumed that if at this juncture any compromise could be devised such as would leave the pride of each nation untouched there would, in view of the terrible calamities to be escaped, be readiness in accepting it, but the extent to which they have already respectively committed themselves seems now almost to preclude the possibility of an adjustment. The only suggestion that has been presented as having a probability of success consists in the argument that France and Germany may alike be shut out of Luxemburg, France withdrawing her demand for its sale or cession, and Prussia consenting to withdraw her garrison and raze the fortifications, thus leaving the territory a purely neutral spot, under the Government, as heretofore, of the King of Holland.

THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PARIS, Wednesday, April 10, 1867.

The Exposition has now been opened to the public for ten days. The public respectfully but firmly declines to see it. On Monday the price of admission was reduced to one franc. It was known that the Emperor would be present, but notwithstanding the double attraction the attendance was slim and shivery. People are waiting with commendable prudence until things are in order. They are right. Step into the Adams Express office on a busy day, and you can form an idea of what the show is at this present moment. Where so much is yet to be done it is difficult to record the progress that has been made. There can be no doubt about the activity that prevails. Even in the American Department there is a visible change for the better. Mr. BECKWITH, the Commissioner-General, is untiring in his efforts to make it ship-shape, but somehow the exhibitors do not coöperate with him. If they would growl less and work more it would be greatly to the interests of all concerned.

The English Department is the only one that presents any appearance of completeness. The Commission imported their own workmen, and in consequence have completed almost all the heavy work of the several groups. A Frenchman is ingenious and rapid in everything that requires skill, but where muscle alone is wanted he is painfully deliberate, and exasperatingly fond of taking breath. A package which a couple of New-York porters could handle with ease presents an extraordinary degree of resistance to a dozen *ouvriers*. They gather round it in solemn consultation; tickle it with crow-bars, place rollers underneath, and then have another long consultation. After due consideration they tip it over amid a series of yells, the effect of which is to cause every workman in the neighborhood to suspend his labors and gaze approvingly at the mechanical triumph. Then there is a consultation and the crow-bars and rollers are again called into play. Sometimes the shouting, and the tugging, and the tilting are in vain, and it is necessary to call in the aid of steam power. There is a railroad running through the principal aisles, and around the outer circle of the building. It has been used for purposes of construction, and is traversed by a machine which looks like a decent cross between a derrick and a locomotive. It is very powerful, but it blunders awfully, and is, indeed, a sort of blind Samson. As a rule, it clears everything before it in the way of lamps, signs, partitions and such trifles; then it persists in turning the wrong way, and it is only after blowing off all its steam that it can be induced to smash a few windows, and pay attention to the engineer. By this time there are probably fifty people round the case, all lost in admiration of Samson, and delighted when finally he picks it up, and slowly retires to his lair. Another consultation is then held, and after mature reflection, a new package is selected.

Fortunately labor is plentiful, but the demand is so great that it is nevertheless inadequate. There is indeed but a limited space where men can be placed, and all that can find elbow room are already employed. The progress, as I have before remarked, is positive. Our own department will, I have no doubt, be in a worthy condition for inspection by the 1st of May. The pictures in Group 1 and the musical instruments in Group 2 are already attracting attention. The former are disposed partly in the English gallery, and partly in the passage. Both places are good in point of light, although the latter being exposed, is, I fear, objectionable. The pictures must necessarily suffer from the many changes of temperature, and the incessant gusts of wind, wet and dry, which are constantly coursing through the building. The American collection (as sent from New-York) is in every way creditable to the nation. Several additions have been made to it on this side which do not in any sense add to its attractiveness. A gentleman named WHISTLER, of whose career I am ignorant, is singularly well-represented—having eight or ten frames of paintings and etchings on view. Another artist named LEWIS, exhibits three or four pictures which I venture to say would have been rejected by the Committee in New-York. We have weight enough to counteract the effect of these interlopers, but it is a pity they were admitted in such individual force. A stranger would naturally conclude that America regards Messrs. WHISTLER & LEWIS with particular pride, when, in truth, the triumphs of these gentlemen are comparatively unknown.

There are two peculiar American institutions which are progressing rapidly toward completion; the schoolhouse and restaurant. The latter will, I fancy, be the more picturesque of the twain, for nothing can be uglier than the former. It is unfortunate also in being surrounded by exquisite specimens of the quaint, varied and brilliant architecture of other lands. It will have to depend on its moral significance, and in this point of view will bear [illegible] inside the Exposition or beyond its limits. The restaurant is not so fortunate. It has a hundred competitors, and can hardly hope on a basis of popped corn and darkey waiters to distance them all. Never mind. There will be a soda fountain, and the dusty wayfarer may assuage his thirst for a trifling consideration. Of the Boston cracker bakery I have heard nothing. It is on the spot—somewhere—and will be in readiness by the time the restaurant is opened.

This reminds me—in its relation to the Sunday law—that it has been suggested to the Commission that the American Department be closed to the public on Sunday. The thing is simply impossible. No provision has been made, or could be made, for opening or closing any one portion of the building, and a temporary contrivance would simply result in preventing the free circulation of the public. Every consideration is due to the conscientious scruples of the exhibitors, but I cannot find that they have any. They are rather glad to be open on the most popular day of the week. Where a gentleman objects to the practice it is an easy matter for him to hang a curtain before his case, or remove the belting from his machine, and so arrest its sinful activity. Matters of conscience should surely be left to the individuals most concerned. They are not to be controlled successfully. America cannot make a great moral impression by presenting an impracticable suggestion to the Emperor. The French did not think it necessary to request us to keep our Exposition open on Sundays in 1853, and, unless we desire to be heartily ridiculed, we should do as they did—succumb to circumstances. Every one knows that Sunday is the gala day of a large class of the community; every one *knew* when he sent his goods that he would be expected to take part in the usual proceedings of that day. It would be ungracious and uncivil to cavil at the customs of a country to which we have been invited. I hope sincerely that the matter may be permitted to drop.

The English and French catalogues are published, the American exhibitors being huddled into the Addends. Mr. BECKWITH intends issuing a special catalogue in their behalf, printed in French, German and English. This is cruel, but it may not be superfluous. I am thinking only of the size of the book, and dreading that it may approximate to the proportions of the English catalogue, or worse still, of the French, which is in two corpulent volumes, sufficient to bear down a strong man. The best of the joke is that none of the catalogues are complete, and none of the goods numbered, so that an exhibitor searching for his goods feels like Twemlow on the subject of the Veneerings, that his mind is giving way under the effort.

C. B. S.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Reform Question—The Split in the Liberal Party.

Prior to the assembling of Parliament on the 8th a meeting of forty-eight members of the Liberal Party was held, at which it was resolved that they could not support the motion of instructions upon the Reform bill, which Mr. COLERIDGE was to have proposed in the House of Commons that evening, as previously agreed upon at the meeting at Mr. GLADSTONE's. They notified Mr. GLADSTONE of their determination, and it of course caused a collapse of the plans of the Liberals.

In the House of Commons that evening, on the order for going into committee on the bill, Mr. LOCKE asked the Chancellor of the Exchequer whether the Government would accept the first portion of Mr. COLERIDGE's "instruction." The Chancellor of the Exchequer inquired whether the honorable member had authority to state that the latter part of the "instruction" would be withdrawn.

Mr. LOCKE replied that he had asked the question under that impression.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer replied that it would have been more Parliamentary had Mr. COLERIDGE stated himself what he meant to do, and he regretted to have lost the benefit of his speech, for up to the present moment he had been unable, after much study, to attach a definite meaning to the latter part of the instruction. However, as it had now ceased to exist, he had no objection to say, on the first part of the instruction, that the Government had always been under the impression that the Committee had power to alter the law of rating, and Lord GROSVENOR must have shared it when he gave notice of his amendment, and it therefore required no pressure, however gentle—[here there was a general laugh, followed with loud cheering from the Ministerial benches]—to induce him to admit that it would be for the convenience of the Committee that the instruction as limited should be adopted. Mr. DISRAELI added, with a significant air, that he would now fix the Easter recess from the 12th to the 29th inst.

The order of the day for going into Committee was then read, upon which

Mr. COLERIDGE rose and said that, not having any great desire to change the Government, or to prevent the bill passing this session, he would withdraw the latter part of the instruction, on the understanding that he should renew the subject in Committee. In answer to a remark of Mr. DISRAELI, he excused himself for not having risen sooner, on the ground that he was not aware that Mr. LOCKE's question was about to be put—a statement which was warmly contradicted by Mr. LOCKE, who asserted that he had offered Mr. COLERIDGE the option of putting it himself.

The first part of the instruction, "that the Committee have power to amend the law of rating," was carried amid loud cheering.

The Secret of Mr. Gladstone's Failure.

From the London Daily News, April 9.

Yesterday afternoon, at the last moment, forty-eight members of the Liberal Party waited on Mr. GLADSTONE to apprise him that they would vote against the instruction of Mr. COLERIDGE, unless it were altered in the way that they suggested. Mr. GLADSTONE had what we must take leave to call the deplorable weakness to yield to the dictation of the fraction of the party, and to accept the humiliation which they have prepared for him. It is for Mr. GLADSTONE to consider what are the relative duties of a political leader and his followers, and how far he can with self-respect accept a merely titular part, in which he is to be habitually slighted and overruled. In the course which Mr. GLADSTONE is taking he is sacrificing the 230 members of his party, who are true to him, to the forty-eight who are false. He is making the mutineers the leaders, not only of himself, but of the bulk of the Opposition. He has acted, no doubt, from the best motives; he has been desirous to prevent disunion among Liberals. But, in reality, he has only prevented a notorious and visible disunion from displaying itself in a particular form and on a particular occasion. It would have been better to go to a division on Mr. COLERIDGE's instruction in its original form, and to have left the forty-eight dissentients to explain their votes as they could to their constituents and the country. Mr. GLADSTONE must make up his mind in what sense he understands the duties of a Liberal leader; whether he aims merely to direct the tactics or to give effect to the convictions of his party. In the present controversy he has offended the insincere by pushing earnestness to a point that is disagreeable to them; and having done this, he at the last moment alienates those who share his views by abandoning the course on which he and they had entered. The secession of the forty-eight is infinitely less serious to the Liberal Party than the damage which, with Mr. GLADSTONE's connivance, they have managed to inflict on Mr. GLADSTONE's reputation. Mr. GLADSTONE's fault is not to know his importance to the nation, and to yield where, with the general sense of his followers supporting him, he should insist. He is far more essential to his party than any section of it is to him.

MEXICO.

Correspondence of the Associated Press.

HAVANA, Monday, April 15, 1867.

Letters from Vera Cruz to the 13th inst. confirm the capture of Puebla by the Liberals. It was taken by assault on the 2d inst. Two demands were made for surrender by PORFIRIO DIAZ, who promised to give quarter to the defenders of the city if his demands were promptly complied with. They were, however, rejected with scornful and insulting language. In the assault DIAZ lost about two thousand killed and wounded, and the Imperialists about one thousand. As DIAZ had threatened, he refused to give quarter to all the officers charged with the defence of the city, from the rank of Lieutenant up, and caused them to be executed. Some accounts say that the number was twenty-nine; other accounts say that it was sixty-three; others eighty-five, and still others one hundred and nine. Some one hundred and forty officers who had strengthened themselves in the defences of Guadaloupe and Loreto, were allowed to capitulate at discretion and their lives were spared to them.

Immediately upon the capture of Puebla DIAZ sent 3,000 men and a battery to attack Vera Cruz.

On the 12th inst, a messenger was sent by the Liberals to demand the surrender of Vera Cruz. He returned to the Liberal camp on the 13th inst. On that day the Imperial Chiefs in that city held a council of war, and no doubt was entertained that they would agree to capitulate.

There was considerable suffering and sickness in [illegible] There was no fuel, and the inhabitants were burning doors, furniture, &c., for cooking purposes.

The expected arrival of the new Mexican man-of-war from Tampico and the battery under Gen. ALATORRE, sent by DIAZ, it is expected, will induce Gen. LANDERO, the Imperial commander at Vera Cruz, to surrender unconditionally, so as to avoid unnecessary bloodshed.

MAXIMILIAN is reported by some accounts to have escaped from Queretaro in disguise to the City of Mexico. This is not credited. The Imperialists had made another sortie from Queretaro and were defeated.

From Our Own Correspondent.

HAVANA, Thursday, April 18, 1867.

By the French mail steamer *Imperatrice Eugenie*, full particulars and confirmatory news of the taking of Puebla have been received. The city was taken on the 2d, by the forces under Gen. PORFIRIO DIAZ, both parties fighting with a valor and courage seldom witnessed in a battle where Mexicans are engaged. Even the officers stood their ground, and every inch of ground was lost and won at a fearful sacrifice of human life. An eye-witness describes the scene as horrible in the extreme. The Liberal forces would have come out of the conflict with glory if, after the taking of the city, they had not disarmed themselves and the cause they fight for, by the inhuman and cold-blooded butchery of twenty-nine officers after they had surrendered. Among the victims are the Imperial Chiefs NORIEGA, ONISANO TRENTEQUE, CARILLO and TAPIA. After this heroic deed the Liberals imposed a forced loan of $15,000 on the captured city, to reward it for its steadfast loyalty and adhesion to the Liberal cause.

BATTLE OF APEZAIO.

The Imperial authorities of Mexico, on learning the dangerous position of the besieged Imperialists in Puebla, sent Gen. MARQUEZ, with a division estimated at from 4,000 to 6,000 men, to the relief of the city. MARQUEZ arrived too late, and PORFIRIO DIAZ, at the head of his victorious and enthusiastic troops, left the city to offer battle to MARQUEZ. That the battle took place is positive, but the accounts differ. One statement sent by the General in command of the Liberal forces to the fleet before Vera Cruz say that MARQUEZ was routed on the 10th, and that the defeat of his army was complete, his command being entirely dispersed and annihilated, MARQUEZ himself, accompanied by a few followers, having accidentally made his escape towards Mexico. This seems to be the most reliable account, although probably a little exaggerated in its details.

MAXIMILIAN.

At last accounts MAXIMILIAN was in the City of Mexico, but met little encouragement, the citizens being afraid to assist him, fearing the vengeance of the Liberals, in case of their gaining possession of the city. Mexico was comparatively safe, but the Liberals are tightening the *cordon*, and the plan of taking MAXIMILIAN and his few remaining followers prisoners seems very feasible, if all the late accounts from the seat of war are true. Some fine horses of MAXIMILIAN's stud were sold at a ridiculous price to JOSE CHIARINI, the circus manager, for ready cash. The Mexicans refused to buy them.

THE SIEGE OF VERA CRUZ.

Vera Cruz was still besieged. Provisions, except flour, were very scarce. The Commanding General had refused permission to many families to leave the city. The Liberals were throwing 24-pound shot and shell into the centre of the city. The garrison was in good spirits; but there was a conspiracy among the citizens to deliver the town into the hands of the Liberals. Many persons had been reduced to prison on suspicion; but as the larger portion of the citizens, among whom are a great number of Ex-Liberal soldiers and officers, are inclined to deliver the city through treason, and have succeeded in corrupting numbers of the garrison, the early surrender is certain.

QUASIMODO.

HAVANA, Saturday, April 20, 1867.

The French steamer *Sonora*, lately running in connection with the Transatlantic steamers from Vera Cruz to Tampico and Matamoras, arrived yesterday and the Spanish mail steamer *Porto Rico*, to-day, from Vera Cruz. Neither brings any papers or letters from the interior, and only rumors about Puebla having been retaken by the Imperialists under command of MAXIMILIAN himself, who had left the City of Mexico at the head of 10,000 men. No credit is given to this statement by the Liberals, who reiterate the news about the ignominious defeat of MARQUEZ by DIAZ, and the dispersion of the Imperial division.

The *Sonora* has a large amount of specie on board, and after providing herself with provisions, will proceed to Europe.

ANOTHER FORCED LOAN.

A forced loan of two per cent. is about to be levied on the citizens of Orizaba and Cordova, who can barely raise enough money to buy the necessaries of life.

SPECULATORS FOILED.

Speculators and shippers who expected to reap a rich harvest by the siege of Vera Cruz, have been cruelly disappointed, as the authorities have taken charge of each cargo immediately on its arrival and fixed the prices at which the provisions should be sold to the consumers. For instance, lard at 25 cents; salt beef, 12½ cents; rice, 9¾ cents, and black beans, 6¼ cents per pound. The Prefect Politico had issued an order exempting the money brought from the interior from paying the tax of two per cent. heretofore imposed, and permitting the conductors to bring the money without any documents from the Custom-house. As the city is closely besieged, this law is an excellent joke, no money coming in, and the Prefect can well give the permission.

THE SIEGE OF VERA CRUZ.

From a file of the Vera Cruz journals I take some interesting particulars about the siege of that city.

MARCH 24.—The Liberals opened a musketry fire against the trenches at San Fernando and the St. Barbara Barracks, which was answered, and soon silenced.

MARCH 25.—The cavalry found many blood-marks in the places which the Liberals had occupied the previous night. A Frenchman, who belonged to the Liberal Foreign Legion—a company composed of about 100 French and Austrians—presented himself before the walls, having deserted his company, and announced that his companions were very much disgusted with the way they had been treated, and that many had intended to desert the previous night, but that they had been received by a salvo, which took off the leg of one of his companions.

MARCH 26.—A slight musketry fire. The city batteries discharged one gun. Nobody hurt.

MARCH 27.—A small trench opened near the city. The night tranquil.

MARCH 28.—At midnight the enemy threw several grenades into the city. The houses near the enemy's lines were sacked and robbed.

MARCH 29.—The Liberals stole a lot of sheep from the slaughterhouse. Indignation of the Imperial generals, mourning for their departed brethren.

MARCH 30.—A reconnoissance by the Imperial Col. FIGUEREDO. The Liberals and the Imperialists take turns in running away. A shell wounded a Liberal officer.

MARCH 31.—Two deserters from the Foreign Legion made their appearance. Report great demoralization in the Liberal ranks, owing to numerous desertions, sickness, and the fire of the Imperialists.

APRIL 1 to 5.—A few shots by the Liberals every day, directed toward the barracks.

APRIL 6.—Attack by the Liberals, and a runaway match when the Imperialists fired on them.

APRIL 7.—Item—Several shots from the Republican 24-pounder striking the Cathedral.

APRIL 8 to 12.—The same, with slight variations—the Liberals having only one gun, but every shot falling inside the city. So far only one Imperialist has been wounded.

QUASIMODO.

HAWAII.

Shipwreck—Great Decrease in Population—Missionary Intelligence.

SAN FRANCISCO, Tuesday, April 23.

Honolulu dates up to April 4 have been received.

The British ship *Kathay* was wrecked on Howland's-Island on Jan. 20. The vessel was a total loss. Her crew, twenty-five in number, were saved, and arrived at Honolulu on March 29. Her Captain and first officer arrived here last night.

The official returns of the census of the Sandwich Islands for 1866, report that the population numbered 62,959, which shows a decrease in six years of over 9,000.

Arrived at Honolulu, ships *Minerva*, with 70 barrels sperm oil; *Oriole*, of New-Bedford, with 175 barrels sperm oil; *Oliver Crocker* with 275 barrels whale, and *Fanny* with 100 barrels whale.

Rev. J. S. EMERSON died at Waiolua, in the Island of Oahu, on March 26.

A general meeting of Hawaiian Missionaries was held last November in the Marquesas Islands to discuss the question of returning to Honolulu. It was unanimously decided to remain, but hold frequent communication with the other Island groups. The want of such communication, which caused this meeting, will hereafter be remedied by the annual visits of the Missionary ship Morning Star.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

—Each succeeding novel of the well-known Mühlbach series adds to Mrs. MUNDT's reputation as a writer of historic fiction, and *Frederick the Great and His Family*, which has just been produced by Messrs. D. APPLETON & Co., is in many respects a work of more ability than any of its predecessors has been. It is not so elaborate in detail as *Joseph Second and His Court;* but it is marked by the same vividness of description, and there is exhibited throughout that thorough knowledge of the history of the times in which the plot is laid which could only have been acquired by the most patient study and investigation. The relations between FREDERICK the Great and Prince HENRY, and the attachment of the Princess AMELIA to the Baron TRENCK, with the imprisonment, adventures and subsequent release of the latter, are but a part of the material which Mrs. MUNDT has developed into a powerful and instructive novel. A number of spirited full-page illustrations, after designs by STEPHENS, will prove attractive to the majority of readers. It may interest the constantly increasing circle of Mrs. MUNDT's admirers to know that she is a widow, her husband, Prof. THEODORE MUNDT, of Berlin, having died in 1860. Her first novel, *The Pupil of Nature*, was written when she was but fourteen years of age, and appeared in 1842. *Frederick the Great and His Friends* was published in 1853, and at once attained a remarkable popularity, and secured for its talented author a reputation which has since greatly increased. Altogether, she has produced no less than twenty of these historic novels, all of them directly or indirectly devoted to the glorification of the power of Prussia. In her eagerness to exalt the character of FREDERICK the Great, who is the central character of the larger number of her novels, she undoubtedly glosses over his defects while she exaggerates those of the other actors whom she introduces; but if the reader understands that he is not to accept all her conclusions or statements as historically accurate, Mrs. MUNDT's productions will do good service by exciting a keener interest in and thus leading to a more thorough study of the times at which she gives us such vivid glimpses.

—Messrs. G. P. PUTNAM & SON have produced in very attractive form *Benedicite; illustrations of the Power, Wisdom and Goodness of God, as manifested in His Works.* An introductory note by Rev. Dr. WESTON tells us that Dr. G. CHAPLIN CHILD, the author of these essays, is "an intelligent physician, at home in the various departments of natural science, who has, in the treatment of his theme, most happily avoided on the one hand the habit of many scientists of depreciating Revelation, and on the other the forced and strained arguments employed by some true but injudicious friends of religion." There is thrown together in these essays, a great deal of interesting information in the different departments of natural history. Very many of the facts stated have been familiarized to all intelligent persons by constant repetition, but there are, notwithstanding, many who do not view the most common occurrences and the most obvious facts in their proper relations, and to these such a work will prove very interesting and instructive. The purpose of the volume is most excellent, and the manner of its execution is, on the whole creditable, although it would be easy to point out frequent inaccuracies in the author's style.

—The wants of young readers continue to be looked after quite assiduously by those publishers who have been in the habit of doing anything in that line. M. B. FULLER & Co., of Boston, have brought out a translation by ELIZA BUCKMINSTER LEE of one of AUERBACH's delightful tales—*The Little Barefoot.* The work, which is very well printed, contains several well-executed illustrations. Capt. F. COLBURN ADAMS has just issued, through DICK & FITZGERALD, *The Siege of Washington, D. C., written expressly for Little People.* The writer might have stated more appropriately that his story was about "little people," rather than for them, since his aim has been to satirize the inefficiency of a number of our Generals who did not perform their duties to his satisfaction. The style is stiff and awkward, and many of the strictures made are unquestionably undeserved. There is much humor in Mr. WAUD's illustrations,—twenty-six of which are given. The author of *Bertie Lee* has written, and the CARTERS have published, a little story called *Donald Fraser,*—some of the incidents in which would be set down as hard of belief if their truth was not positively affirmed. The National Temperance Society has added to its list of publications *The Red Bridge*, which is designed to impress upon the young the dangers of indulging in spirituous liquors.

—Mr. EDWARD S. GOULD has gathered together into a neat volume, which Mr. WIDDLETON publishes, a number of contributions upon philological subjects which he has made through a series of years to newspapers and periodical publications. The volume carries the title *Good English, or Popular Errors in Language*, and it aims to expose the inaccuracies which Mr. GOULD says are to be found in the pages of "nearly all those who are termed good writers." One of the very first requisites now-a-days, to the style of philological criticism which receives the respect of the multitude, is that abundant self-assurance which enables the writer to put his statements in the most dogmatic and positive form. Mr. GOULD is not so liable to the charge of writing in this style as are some of those who have discussed the general subject of which he treats; but he is certainly positive enough in his opposition to WEBSTER's orthography. Those who are at all particular about the use of language will be able to get a great many useful and practical hints from Mr. GOULD's work.

—The agency for the sale in this country of the publications of A. STRAHAN & Co., has been transferred to GEORGE ROUTLEDGE & SONS, and from the last named house we have received a volume entitled *The Prophet Jonah: His Character and Mission to Nineveh.* The work is by Rev. HUGH MARTIN, M. A., Senior Minister of Greyfriars, Edinburgh, and is a very elaborate discussion of the subject named in the title. In two introductory chapters, "Jonah's Mission, and its place in historical development," with the "Relations between Jew and Gentile," are discussed. Then in part first the general subject discussed is "The Commission issued and refused," and in part second "The Commission reissued and fulfilled." In the prefatory note Mr. MARTIN alludes to the possibility that some of his readers may think that he has "taken Jonah's part too much," but he expresses the conviction that "the memory of Jonah deserves more of esteem and affectionate regard than has fallen to his lot."

—Mrs. MARY JANE DOHENY, widow of the late Col. MICHAEL DOHENY, the well-known Irish exile, has published a second edition of her husband's graphic account of Irish affairs, from the time of the trial and imprisonment of O'CONNELL in 1843, and the consequent failure of the repeal agitation, through the succeeding years of famine, sickness and desolation, to the close of the abortive attempt at insurrection in 1848. The work is entitled, *The Felon's Track: a Narrative of '48, Embracing the Leading Events in the Irish Struggle from the Year 1843 to the Close of 1848.* Col. DOHENY did good service during the war in raising the Tammany Regiment, and also sent two sons into the army,—facts which must of themselves secure for the book a wide circulation, when it is understood that the patriotic sacrifices of the author left his family in contracted circumstances. The work is issued in a thin octavo volume of about 160 pages, and is neatly printed by the publishers, Messrs. FARRELL & SON. A portrait of the author is given as a frontispiece.

—We have received from WALTER LOW numbers five to fourteen, inclusive, of CASSELL, PETTER & GALPIN's republication of DORE's magnificent illustrations of the Bible. Though inferior to the French edition in respect to breadth of margin and fineness of paper, the work amply deserves the popularity it finds among American readers. The engravings are printed from electrotype-plates taken from the original blocks, and are nearly equal to the French impressions. Indeed, it would take a very cultivated eye to discern any difference. Our main objection to this edition is that several illustrations have been omitted on the ground that they were too irreverent to suit the fastidious taste of English and American readers. But notwithstanding this drawback the work is truly valuable, and is furnished at a price that places it within the reach of hundreds to whom the French edition is inaccessible.

—Messrs. TICKNOR & FIELDS have just produced a "Diamond Edition" of LONGFELLOW's poems, uniform in size and style with that of TENNYSON's poems, which inaugurated this popular series. It is in every respect handsomely printed, and the type, although small, is remarkably clear and distinct. But the authors who are subjected to this merciless compression must be impressed very strongly with the apparent insignificance which it gives to their labors. What a peculiar sensation Prof. LONGFELLOW must experience, for instance, upon finding the poetical productions which represent the work of a lifetime, and to which half a dozen large sized duodecimo volumes have heretofore been allotted, brought into the limits of 360 16mo. pages.

—*The Votary*, by JAMES D. HEWETT, is announced by Mr. CARLETON as "a narrative poem of rare conception and great power." That it is in a certain sense "of rare conception" may be admitted; but that it is "of great power" is not so apparent. There are blemishes in Mr. HEWITT's style which decidedly overshadow its beauties, and every trace of which must be entirely removed before he can hope for recognition. Among them the most prominent is that affectation of SWINBURNE's grossness, which has infected a number of the younger would-be poets, and an unnecessary and indeed unpardonable circumlocution of expression, as, for instance, when he writes:

> "With fitful step, across a verdurous lawn
> Close venueing a dwelling, paced a youth."

—*A History of the Irish Brigade and its Campaigns in the Army of the Potomac*, by Capt. D. P. CONYNGHAM, is published by WILLIAM McSORLEY & Co. Upon the title-page Capt. CONYNGHAM emphasises the fact that he is "the author of '*Frank O'Donnell*,' '*Sherman's March*,'" &c., which is assuredly enough responsibility for any author to voluntarily assume. Capt. CONYNGHAM's narrative is very discursive, and undue prominence is given to some of the "stay-at-home" affiliations of this brigade whose fighting men did such noble service in the field. The book is very handsomely printed, and will doubtless meet with a ready sale, even though it cannot be regarded as a literary success.

—Messrs. NICHOLS & NOYES, of Boston, will soon publish a work by EDWARD A. SAMUELS, Curator of Zoölogy in the Massachusetts State Cabinet, upon the ornithology and oölogy of New-England. It will contain full descriptions of the birds of New-England and adjoining States and provinces, together with a complete history of their habits, times of arrival and departure, their distribution, food, song, time of breeding, and a careful and accurate description of their nests and eggs. The work will contain over 500 octavo pages, and will be illustrated by 23 full-page plates of birds, four full-page plates of eggs, and a large number of smaller figures on wood.

—Mr. ABBOTT, who is widely known as an accurate compiler of law reports and decisions, has just commenced a *Digest of United States Statutes and Reports from the organization of the Government to the present time.* The first number of this *Digest* is a clearly printed octavo, including the topics embraced under the letter A and part of those covered by the letter B, comprising the subject of bankruptcy as well as others of special interest at the present time. The typographical arrangement of the *Digest*, and an accurate index of the cases to which reference is made, simplify the labor of consulting the work very greatly. Messrs. DIOSSY & COCKROFT publish the *Digest.*

—Miss JULIA KAVANAGH gained a great many friends by her novels, *Nathalie* and *Beatrice*, but it will be strange if she does not lose the most of them by her last production—*Sibyl's Second Love*, which Messrs. D. APPLETON & Co. have just reprinted. The style is diffuse, the characters, with one or two exceptions, uninteresting, and the plot drifts aimlessly along with very few striking incidents to vary its tiresome monotony. If it were not for the statement of the fact upon the title page very few would believe that *Sibyl's Second Love* was written by the author of *Nathalie.*

—*The Vision of Judgment* has a high-sounding title, but it is simply an attempt to get the public interested in a difficulty which has agitated one or two of the churches in New-Haven during the last few years. One hundred and fifty-seven verses of indifferent rhyme, interspersed with feeble attempts at wit, founded upon local allusions which are by no means worth the effort necessary to understand them, do not make very lively reading. Those who imagine that the contrary is the case may satisfy themselves by procuring the book from VAN EVRIE, HORTON & Co., the publishers.

—Messrs. ELDREDGE & BROTHER, of Philadelphia, have commenced the publication of a new edition of the classics for the use of schools. The works comprised in it are to be edited by Prof. CHASE, of Haverford College, and Prof. GEORGE STUART, of the Central High School, Philadelphia. *Cæsar's Commentaries on the Gallic War*, with explanatory notes by Prof. STUART, introduces the series. The book is printed in neat and attractive style, and the size is such that the publishers are able to furnish it at low rates. Editions of *Virgil, Horace, Cicero, Sallust*, &c., are to follow.

—*Nicholas Nickleby* is the fourth volume in Messrs. TICKNOR & FIELDS "diamond edition" of DICKENS' works, the peculiarities and merits of which are by this time so generally understood by the public that it is only necessary to announce the appearance of the successive volumes. The illustrations by Mr. EYTINGE are as characteristic as ever and carry out very well the popular conceptions of the different actors. "The Cheeryble Brothers," "Mr. and Madame Mantelini," "Mr. and Mrs. Squeers and Wackford" are among the best of the fifteen designs in *Nicholas Nickleby.*

—A new edition of the *Gentle Skeptic*, by Rev. C. WALWORTH, has just been brought out by Mr. P. O'SHEA. The work, which was originally produced in 1863, purports to give "Essays and conversations of a country Justice on the authenticity and truthfulness of the Old Testament record," and it claims to be "a systematic treatise on the authenticity and truthfulness of the Old Testament . . . grappling manfully and fairly with all the new questions of the day, and especially those which have arisen with the growth of modern science."

—*Three Phases of Christian Love*, by Lady HERBERT, Mr. LAURENCE KEHOE publisher, comprises sketches of the lives of three devout Catholics,—St. Monica, who has been immortalized in one of ARY SCHEFFER's paintings; Mlle. VICTORINE DE GALARD TERRAUBE, daughter of Viscount DE GALARD TERRAUBE, one of the most ancient and distinguished families of Gascony, and Venerable Mère DEVOS. All of the sketches are of course written in a spirit of devout veneration for the rules and customs of the Roman Catholic Church.

—Mr. HOWARD CHALLEN, of Philadelphia, has inaugurated an enterprise which deserves to be encouraged by all booksellers and bookbuyers. It is the publication of a *Uniform Trade List Circular*, which must prove a great convenience, if it can be carried out upon the plan proposed. The utility of such a publication depends, to a very great extent, upon its completeness; and it would certainly seem to be the interest of all engaged in the book-trade to do all in their power to make it as full and accurate as possible.

—Swedenborgian literature has received another addition in *Lectures on the Nature of Spirit, and of Man as a Spiritual Being*, by CHAUNCEY GILES, Minister of the New-Jerusalem Church. There are nine lectures in the volume, besides a treatise in the shape of an appendix entitled "The Lord's Resurrection Body not Material." The work is quite handsomely issued, under the auspices of the General Convention, from the "New-Jerusalem Publishing House."

—The following are among the latest announcements by Messrs. HURD & HOUGHTON: *The Champaign Country*, by ROBERT TOMES, late Consul at Rheims: *Homespun; or, Five-and-Twenty Years Ago*, by THOS. LACKLAND: *Old England; Its Scenery, Art and People*, by JAMES M. HOPPIN, Professor in Yale College: *Conversations on Ritualism: A Record of the Metropolitan Fair in Aid of the United States Sanitary Commission, held at New-York in April, 1864: With photographs.*

—Mr. C. H. WEBB, whose *Liffith Lank* has gained him quite a reputation as a humorous author, has entered the field as a publisher. He will issue to-day *The Jumping Frog and Other Sketches*, by MARK TWAIN, and this will be followed on Saturday by *St. Twel'mo*, a travesty of Miss EVANS' novel *St. Elmo.* Mr. WEBB also has ready a new and enlarged edition—the seventh—of *Liffith Lank.*

—Messrs. CHARLES SCRIBNER & Co. announce as in press for immediate publication: Ik Marvel's new work—*Rural Studies, with Practical Hints for Country Places;* Illustrated by the author: *Studies on the Gospels*, by Rt. Rev. R. C. TRENCH: *Short Studies on Great Subjects*, by J. A. FROUDE.

—Messrs. CROWEN & Co. have commenced the publication of a "Library of Light Literature." The first number is a translation from the French of *Where Shall he Find Her?*

—*The Lion in the Path* is the title of a novel by JOHN SAUNDERS, just published by HILTON & Co. The story is in the main dull and of little merit.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Held by Leonard, P. J., and Sutherland and Ingraham, JJ.

Adjourned to Tuesday, March 30, at 10½ A. M., at which time those of the class of students who have been favorably reported by the Examining Committee, and the Committee on Character, are required to attend and take the usual oath of office. Decisions will be rendered by this Court on the 30th.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Adjourned without day. The next term will commence the first Monday of May.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Part I.—Held by Mason, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

Nos.
951—Waring et al. vs. Hoffman Fire Ins. Co.
245—Rosenthal vs. Lynch.
247—Snedicker vs. Lynch, Sheriff, &c.
1171—DeFord vs. Dodd
299—Steeff vs. Ihising.
235—Wright vs. Lynch, Sheriff, &c.
1161—Crooker vs. The Long Island Railroad Co.
1271—Menendez vs. Maseras et al.
1137—Sherlock vs. Lamont.
1215—Riddle vs. Sanford.
441—Voornis vs. Kelly, Sheriff, &c.
1551—Mayer et al. vs. Kelly, Sheriff, &c.
1287—H[illegible]tt et al. vs. Miller et al.
1025—[illegible]ns et al. vs. Fabbri et al.
493—Parker et al. vs. Wiard et al.
851—Tucker vs. Long Island R. R.
853—Tucker vs. Same.
925—Donohue vs. Central Park and N. E. R. R. Co.
739—Curtis, &c., vs. The Mayor, &c.
223—Bull's Head Bank vs. Dubois.

Part II.—Held by Davis, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

Nos.
132—Barnard vs. Campbell.
1654—Seymour vs. Van Doren, Executor.
1386—Scott vs. Central Railroad and Banking Co. of Georgia.
1082—Monk vs. Clark.
1138—Bennett vs. Snelling.
420—Uttlebach vs. Kahn.
1686—Gleason vs. Day.
860—Siebel et al. vs. Waterhouse et al.
120—Roe et al. vs. Allaire, &c.
1500—Sargent vs. McIlvaine.
3616—McKee and another vs. Burrell.
356—Hartley vs. James et al.
1202—Palmer vs. Foster.
1702—Foley vs. Hoyt et al.
1162—Tappen vs. Mayer.
588—— vs. ——.
574—— vs. ——.
422—— vs. ——.
676—— vs. ——.
854—— vs. ——.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Barnard, J.

Nos.
99—In re. petition of Wm. Gerry et al.
136—In re. petition of John Lewis vs. Mayor.
171—Cook vs. Herrick.
172—Godfrey vs. Hawkins.
200—Hart vs. Bidwell.
201—Doremus vs. Same.
202—French vs. Same.
203—Mansell vs. Same.
204—Clarke vs. Same.
222—Borott vs. Garsia et al.
225—Ford vs. Smith.
226—Oakley vs. Stewart.
227—Bank of California vs. Kelly.
231—Gillock vs. Gillock.
232—Phillips vs. Freeman.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Part I.—Held by Jones, J.

Nos.
2767—Board of Commissioners of Pilots vs. The Erie Railroad Co.
3251—McCarthy, Administrator vs. Duryea.
3267—Cummings vs. Kelly, Sheriff, &c.
2595—McColl vs. Sun Mutual Ins. Co.
3215—Fowle et al. vs. Reade.
2999—Armstrong et al. vs. Stevens.
3199—McCoy vs. Abraham.
3217—Sackett vs. Gurner.
3231—Burgess vs. Eighth-avenue Railroad Co.
1180—Amsinck vs. Foster.
2907—Compton vs. Read.
2961—Sinclaire vs. Mixer et al.
3085—Traaumn vs. Kerbs.
3157—Moore vs. Herman.
3227—Brod vs. Darman, impl'd.
2541—Powers vs. Underwood. et al.
2919—Farr vs. Kelly, Sheriff, &c.
2615—Brittan vs. Atlantic Mail S. S. Company.
3245—Mooney vs. Hudson River R. R. Co.
2929—Moses vs. Banker, et al.
3241—Brown vs. Richardson. et al.
2373—Emerson, Administrator, &c. vs. Erie Railroad Company.
2375—Same vs. Same.

Part II.—Held by McCunn, J.

Adjourned for the Term.

MARINE COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Held by Alker, Hearne and Gross, JJ.—Calendar for April 25, 26 and 27, 1867.

Nos.
1—Robinson, respondent vs. James, et al., appellant.
2—Sherwood, respondent vs. Fabbir, appellant.
3—Jandon, &c., respondent vs. Gray, appellant.
4—Tyler, respondent vs. Frisby, appellant.
5—Daly, respondent vs. Bateman, appellant.
6—Brophy, respondent vs. Meyers, appellant.
7—Stupp, respondent vs. Reichardt, appellant.
8—Friedberg, respondent vs. —— Haas, appellant.
9—Solomon, respondent vs. McGill, appellant.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE.

Before Commissioner Stilwell.

Benj. F. Okie, the Post-office clerk, charged with embezzling a letter while it was passing through the Post-office, was again up before the Commissioner yesterday, and was committed for trial in default of $3,500 bail.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—APRIL 24.

Before Judge Sutherland.

THE DUTY OF STOCKHOLDERS TO REFUND DIVIDENDS.

George A. Osgood vs. Amidon, &c.—This was an action brought by the receivers of the Columbian Insurance Company against some 450 stockholders of the Company to recover back a dividend paid them in January, 1866, when it was alleged the Company was already insolvent. A part of the defendants demurred to this, mainly on the ground that fraud in the payment or receipt of the dividend must be shown before they could be compelled to repay it. The Court has rendered the following opinion, holding that the duty of the stockholders to repay such a dividend is entirely independent of the question of fraud.

The allegations of the complaint may be stated briefly as follows: The Columbian Insurance Company was a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of New-York. The plaintiffs are its receivers duly appointed, and succeed other receivers duly appointed 23d January, 1866, and are vested with the title to all the property and effects of the corporation. On or about the 2d of January, 1866, the said Columbian Insurance Company paid a dividend upon the capital stock of the Company to each of the stockholders, defendants herein, to the amount specified in the schedule annexed to the complaint. At the time of the payment of said dividends the Company was insolvent, and no profits had been earned upon its capital, but such dividends were paid out of the capital of the Company, which was then greatly impaired, and shortly afterward the proceedings were taken under which the plaintiffs became receivers. This action is brought to recover back from the stockholders who received the dividend the sum received by each. All the defendants, (including those demurring,) are in the same position except six, who are creditors of the Company, and as such have commenced actions against a large number of the stockholders who are among the defendants, to recover the dividends received by them as aforesaid, and threatened to sue in like manner all the stockholders who received such dividends. There are many other creditors of the Company who threaten to bring similar actions against its stockholders. The demand for relief in the complaint includes an injunction against the six creditors from further prosecuting their suits, and against other creditors from bringing suits. Four of the defendants, who are stockholders and not creditors, demur to the complaint on the ground that it does not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action against them or either of them. The only question presented by the demurrer is whether the complaint shows a cause of action against the demurring defendants, that is, whether the facts stated in the complaint would authorize a judgment against the demurring defendants, to the effect that they severally refused to pay back to the plaintiffs, as receivers, for the benefit of the creditors, the sum of money severally received by them, as stockholders, from or on account of the dividend of, on or about the 2d of January, 1866, when, it is alleged, the Company was insolvent, &c. These demurring defendants not only concede, but insist, if any action can be maintained against the stockholders to recover back the dividend thus declared and paid, that the receivers are not only the proper persons to bring the action, but that all the stockholders are properly made defendants in the action; but these demurring defendants also insist that the complaint does not make out a case against the stockholders, mainly because, if I understand the points for the demurring defendants, it does not allege that the officers making the dividend knew that by so doing the capital would be impaired; nor is there any allegation that the dividend was paid or received *fraudulently.* It appears to me that neither allegation was necessary or material to make out the statutory liability of the stockholders. The Revised Statutes provide that "it shall not be lawful for the directors of any moneyed corporation to make dividends, except from the surplus profits arising from the business of the Corporation," or "to divide, withdraw, or in any manner pay to the stockholders, or any of them, any part of the capital stock of the Corporation," &c. 1 Rev. Stat. 589, sec. 1. By 1 Rev. Stat. 598, sec. 1, Corporations authorized to make insurances are moneyed Corporations. The Revised Statutes (1 Rev. Stat. 590, sec. 4) further provide: "When any losses shall be sustained by any such Corporation that shall exceed its undivided profits then realized and possessed, they shall be charged as a reduction of the capital stock of the Company, and no dividends shall thereafter be made on the shares of such stock until the deficit of capital so created shall be made good, either by the recovery of the moneys charged as lost, or from the subsequently accumulated profits of the Company." The General Insurance Company Act of 1849, as amended in 1857, (4 Edmunds, 210,) provides (sec. 20) as follows: "No dividends shall ever be made by any Company incorporated under this act, when its capital stock is impaired, or when the making of such dividend will have the effect of impairing its capital stock, and any dividend so made shall subject each of the stockholders receiving the same to an individual liability to the creditors of said Company to the extent of such dividend received by him." It will be noted that there is not a word of this provision indicating an intention to make the liability of the stockholders to the creditors to depend on the good faith with which the dividend may have been paid by the Company or received by the stockholders. The plain words of the provision especially, interpreted in view of the provisions of the Revised Statutes referred to, would seem to make the liability of the stockholders to the creditors to depend wholly on the determination of one of these questions of fact, whether the capital stock was impaired when the dividend was paid and received, or whether the making of the dividend did in fact impair the capital stock. The provision treats the dividend paid and received in violation of the provision as belonging equitably to the creditors, and creates and declares the individual liability of the stockholders, entirely independent of any question of knowledge, fraudulent intent or good faith. My conclusion is, therefore, that the allegations of the complaint, if true, would authorize a judgment against the demurring defendants for the shares of the alleged unlawful or irregular dividend received by them, if the plaintiffs, as receivers, were the proper parties to bring the action. As the demurring defendants concede, if the dividend can be recovered back, that the action should be by the receivers, and not by the creditors, or any one or more of them, perhaps it is not necessary for me to say further, that after a careful examination of the points, I am of the opinion that the action on the facts stated in the complaint was properly brought and can be maintained by the receivers for the benefit of all the creditors, that all the stockholders were properly made defendants and that the creditors who had commenced actions against some of the stockholders were properly made defendants for the purpose of enjoining the further prosecution of such actions. There must be judgment for the plaintiffs on the demurrer, with costs, with leave for the demurring defendants to answer in twenty days on payment of the costs of the demurrer.

Dudley Field and D. D. Field for the plaintiffs; E. T. Gerry for the demurring defendants.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—APRIL 24.

Before Judge Barbour.

CASE OF FRAUD.

Jacob Herman vs. John Poppe and John G. Stenerlein.—Plaintiff claims that on the 17th of March last he was induced to pay to the defendants $300 upon the faith of their representing that they were the joint owners of a tract of 100 acres of land situated in Sullivan County, in this State, and that a portion of the land was cultivated and improved. These representations, the plaintiff charges, are untrue, and upon affidavit containing these facts an order of arrest was issued, and the defendants were arrested thereupon.

A motion was now made to vacate the order of arrest upon affidavits alleging that one of the defendants did in fact own the land, and denying that any representations were made as to any part of the land being cultivated or improved.

Plaintiff's counsel offered to read affidavits in opposition to the affidavits read on behalf of the defendants, upon the ground that the motion being made upon affidavits, it is a right of the party moved against to read counter affidavits.

The Court refused to allow the affidavits to be read unless they contained new matter which was not set up in the affidavit upon which the order was granted. The case was argued at length, and at the close the papers were submitted and decision reserved.

Alex. H. Reavey, counsel for plaintiff; Samuel Hirsch, for the defendants.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—APRIL 24.

Before Judge Barbour.

ACTION FOR DIVORCE—ALIMONY.

John Hassett vs. Margaret Hassett.—This is an action brought by the plaintiff to obtain a divorce from his wife on the ground of adultery. The suit has just been commenced, and, as is usual in such cases, the wife, by her counsel, moved for alimony during the progress of the suit. It appears from the affidavits, and from the pleading in the action, that the plaintiff became acquainted with the defendant while he was a schoolboy; that during the last year that he attended school the defendant's husband—to whom she had been previously married—died, leaving her a widow with two young children; that soon after the death of defendant's husband the plaintiff was induced to visit her on various pretences, conspicuous among which one was that she wanted a person to write up her accounts, she having been theretofore engaged in the milk business. Plaintiff then goes on to say that when his parents became acquainted with the facts and circumstances, they strongly objected to the intimacy between the parties and made great efforts to prevent any further meeting or correspondence between them. The affidavit of the plaintiff then sets forth that by reason of divers contrivances, frauds, deceits, &c., on the part of the defendant, who was old enough to be his mother, he was finally led to marry her." He says that in making calls upon her he thought he was aiding her in casting up her accounts, inasmuch as she could not write. Having married her, he says his life was anything but pleasant and happy. That immediately after the marriage ceremony took place "she commenced and continued to tyrannize over him, and that she applied to him the most foul epithets, and acted in such a manner, by having men call upon her at unseasonable hours, as induced him to believe she was not a virtuous woman," &c. He thereupon "became almost crazed," and finding it was impossible to live with the defendant, he demanded the children which had been born since their intermarriage. This demand the defendant refused to comply with. The plaintiff then sets forth that having been appointed on the Police force of the City, the conduct of the wife was such that, consistently with his own self-respect, he could not continue his position, and therefore resigned. Afterward he took another position, and again he was compelled to resign on account of the conduct of his said wife. That after his second resignation he remained out of employment until the 5th of February last, when he obtained a situation in the general Post-office of this City at a salary of $60 for the first month, and for the March month he was to have $70. He then denies that he has a salary of $1,300 per year as alleged by the defendant.

The motion was argued at length by Mr. A. Reavey for the plaintiff, and by Mr. C. S. Spencer for the defendant.

The Court decided to grant a counsel fee of $50, and made an order that the cause be referred and tried within the next two weeks. In the meantime the wife is to have $8 per week from the plaintiff.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—APRIL 24.

By Judge Barnard.

Edwin W. Barstow et al. vs. Hans J. Hansen et al.; motion granted. George A. Wicks et al. vs. Fabian Harris; motion granted on payment of costs to date.

By Judge Sutherland.

George A. Osgood, &c., vs. Wm. Laytin et al.; judgment for the plaintiff on the demurrer with costs, with leave for the demurring defendants to answer in twenty days on payment of the costs of the demurrer. See opinion.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—APRIL 22.

By Judge Cardozo.

Wolf vs. Van Aernam; motion granted; defendant held to bail in $100. Bryan vs. Merrill; Thomas H. Farr appointed receiver. Pierce vs. Stiles; motion granted; $5 costs to abide the event. Barnard vs. Stettheimer; motion denied; see memorandum. Blackwell vs. Arnold; motion denied. Martin vs. Vulte; motion denied; costs to abide event.

Minors and Criminals in Alabama—Order from Gen. Swayne.

Gen. WAGNER SWAYNE, commanding the District of Alabama, issued the following order at Montgomery, on the 16th inst.:

1. Complaints of hardship in the needless apprenticing of minors, particularly in pursuance of the preference given to the "former owner" in the law, have been almost incessant. It is enjoined upon Probate Judges, upon application, to revise the action taken in such cases, and, as a rule, to revoke indentures made within the past two years, of minors who are capable of self-support.

2. The attention of Magistrates is called to the repeal by the last Legislature of the "Vagrant Law," approved Dec. 15, 1865, and published with the Code. Attempts which are still made to put it into execution will hereafter be the subject of military cognizance.

3. The use of "chain-gangs," as a mode of legal punishment, being found to involve serious abuses, will be henceforth discontinued, except in connection with the Penitentiary.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—APRIL 24, 1867.

$6,000	U. S. 6s. '81..C..	109¼	5	Amer. Ex. Co.....	55
19,000	do.	109¼	50	Pac. M. SS. Co....	12[illegible]
2,000	U.S. 6s, '81.....R	109¼	100	do.	12[illegible]
2,000	do.	109⅜	20	do......2d call	12[illegible]
5,000	U. S. 5s. '74.....R	102½	100	do.	12[illegible]
[illegible]	U.S.6s,5-20s.C.'62	110	600	N. Y. Central.....	96¾
[illegible]	do......Small	109¾	400	do.......s30	[illegible]
105,000	do.	110	400	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do.	110⅛	2600	Erie Railroad.....	[illegible]
3,000	U. S. 5s. 10-40, C.	98⅜	100	do.......s5	[illegible]
3,000	do.	98⅜	100	do.......b3	[illegible]
22,000	do.	98⅝	1500	do.	[illegible]
20,000	USSs.5-20s.R'64.	108¾	200	do......2d call	[illegible]
5,700	Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s 1st series....	106¼	35	Erie R. Pr.	[illegible]
25,000	do......3d Ser.	105¾	200	Reading R.	101
19,000	do....Third Ser.	105¾	1000	do.......s60	100¾
15,000	Missouri 6s....	93	200	do......2d call	101½
20,000	R. I. State 6s...	99	35	Clev., Col. & C. R.	97
3,000	O. & M. Cer....	23½	200	M. S. & N. I....	[illegible]
20,000	do.......b30	23½	100	do.......s3	[illegible]
20,000	do.	23⅝	100	do.......b30	[illegible]
3,000	N.Y. Cen. 6s. '83	95¾	100	do.	[illegible]
2,000	Mich. So. 2d M..	91	800	Chic. & N. W....	31¾
3,000	Ill. Cen. Bs....	109	100	do.......b30	31½
3,000	Goshen L. Bds.	97	300	do......2d call	31¾
1,000	Alt. & T.H.3d Pr	78	25	Chic. & N. W. Pf...	58
2,000	Harlem 3d M...	97½	100	do.	57¾
1,000	Gt. W. R.2d M...	72	200	do.......b30	[illegible]
500	P., Ft. W. & Ch.1st	102	200	do........b5	[illegible]
10	Ocean Bank...	101	200	Chi. & R. I......s30	[illegible]
20	Met'n Bank...	125	100	do.	[illegible]
20	Bank of Commerce.	114	100	do......2d call	[illegible]
400	Canton Co....	41½	200	Tol., W. & W....	38
100	At. Mail SS. Co..	[illegible]	200	P., F. W. & C.....	[illegible]
100	do......3d call	[illegible]	100	do.	[illegible]
100	Amer. Coal...	45	100	do.......s30	[illegible]
521	West. U. Tel....	37	100	do.......s30	92
300	do.	[illegible]	300	do......2d call	[illegible]
200	do......2d call	37	50	do.	[illegible]
200	Boston W. P....	[illegible]	100	Mil. & St. P Pf...	[illegible]
100	do.	[illegible]	100	do......2d call	51⅝
200	do......2d call	29	100	do.	[illegible]
200	do.	[illegible]	100	do.	[illegible]
20	Adams Ex. Co....	55	50	Mil. & St. P.	[illegible]

SECOND BOARD.

$5,000	U.S. 5s, '71C. In.	109	300	N. Y. Cen. R.....	97
16,000	U.S.6s.5-20s.R.'62.	108	200	do.	[illegible]
250,000	U. S. 6s. 5-20s. C. '62.	109¾	500	do.	[illegible]
10,000	do.	110	90	do.	[illegible]
2,200	Tr. Notes.7 3-10s. First Ser.	106¼	1500	do.	[illegible]
7,000	Tenn. 6s. New..	[illegible]	100	Hud. R. R....	90½
18,000	Ohio & M. C....	23½	200	Reading R....	101½
20,000	do.	[illegible]	100	do.	102
100	West. U. Tel....	37½	1000	M. S. & N. I....	[illegible]
100	do.	37	200	Clev. & Pitts...	[illegible]
200	Atlantic Mail...	[illegible]	500	do.	[illegible]
100	do.	[illegible]	100	Ill. Cen. R......s30	112¼
1600	Mar. Pref....	19½	1000	Chic. & N. W....	32¼
1000	do.......b60	19	100	do.	[illegible]
400	Boston W. P.....	29½	100	Chi. & N. W. Pr...	[illegible]
100	do.	[illegible]	700	do.	[illegible]
300	Quick. Min. Co...	27¼	600	Clev. & Tol. R...	112
100	Adams Ex. Co....	56	100	Chic. & R. I....	[illegible]
200	Pac. Mail....	126¼	100	do.	[illegible]
100	Erie R...	[illegible]	300	P., F. W. & C...	[illegible]
1300	do.	[illegible]	100	do.	[illegible]
500	do.......b30	[illegible]	100	Tol., W. & W...	[illegible]
200	do.	[illegible]	100	Mil. & St. P. Pr...	[illegible]
			300	do.	52
			100	do.	52¼

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

200	Boston W. P......	29	200	Chic. & N. W......	31½
200	West. U. Tel.....	37	300	do.	[illegible]
1800	Erie Railroad....s3	[illegible]	300	do........b3	[illegible]
400	do.........c	[illegible]	100	do.......b10	[illegible]
200	do.........c	[illegible]	300	C. & N. W. Pr...	58
100	N. Y. Cen.....	[illegible]	1500	do.......s3	[illegible]
600	Reading R....	[illegible]	200	do.......b10	58
400	Mich. S. & N. I...	[illegible]	1200	do........b3	58
400	Clev. & Pitts...	[illegible]	600	do.	[illegible]
1100	Chi., R. I. & P...s3	[illegible]	400	do........b3	[illegible]
200	do.......b15	[illegible]	400	P., F. W. & C...	[illegible]
100	do........b5	[illegible]	200	do.........c	[illegible]

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

$1800	American Gold..	[illegible]	100	Atlantic Mail.....	89
100	Bos. Water P.....	29	100	do........b5	89
100	do.	[illegible]	100	do.	[illegible]
100	do.......b10	30	200	West. U. Tel....	[illegible]
100	Con. Greg. Gold....	[illegible]	400	N. Y. Cen....	[illegible]
100	do.......b15	[illegible]	100	Quick. Min....	27
2600	Erie R....	[illegible]	100	Clev. & Pitts....	69
500	do.	[illegible]	200	do.	[illegible]
200	do.......b10	[illegible]	200	do........b3	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1500	Chic., R. I. & P....	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	100	do.......b10	[illegible]
200	Pacific Mail....b5	127	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
200	Reading R.....	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chic. & N. W....	[illegible]
500	Mich. S. & N. I...	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chic. & N.W. Pr....	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	400	P., Ft.W. & C....	[illegible]

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

100	Adams Ex. Co.....	[illegible]	100	Quick. Min. Co....	[illegible]
200	West. U. Tel.....	[illegible]	500	Clev. & Pitts....	[illegible]
50	do.	[illegible]	100	do.	[illegible]
100	do.	[illegible]	1200	do.	[illegible]
100	do.	[illegible]	800	do.	[illegible]
300	N. Y. Cen.....	[illegible]	100	Chi. R. I. & P....	[illegible]
1200	do.	[illegible]	100	do.	[illegible]
300	do.	[illegible]	100	do.	[illegible]
200	do.	[illegible]	1800	do.	[illegible]
100	do.	[illegible]	100	do.	[illegible]
1200	Erie Railroad.....	[illegible]	300	do.	[illegible]
300	do.	[illegible]	800	Chic. & N. W.....	[illegible]
100	do.	[illegible]	100	do.	[illegible]
200	do.	[illegible]	100	do.	[illegible]
200	Reading R.....	[illegible]	500	Chi. & N. W. Pf....	[illegible]
600	do.	[illegible]	200	do.	[illegible]
200	do.	[illegible]	100	do.	[illegible]
400	M. S. & N I......	[illegible]	200	do.	[illegible]
200	do.	[illegible]	100	do.	[illegible]
100	do.	[illegible]	100	Pitts. F.W. & C...	[illegible]
100	do.	[illegible]			

WEDNESDAY, April 24—P. M.

The Gold Room and Foreign Exchanges have a fresh excitement to-day on the later Cable telegrams from Europe. Gold ran up from 138¾ to 140¼@140½@141 ⅌ cent. The sales for several hours in the forenoon were chiefly at 139 ⅌ cent. About 1 o'clock advices from London and Frankfort quoted a further decline of 1@1½ ⅌ cent, in United States 5-20s and increased political excitement on the Continent, and thereupon Gold advanced ½@2 ⅌ cent., leaving the Currency value, here, of 5-20s of 1862 about the same as before, and this will probably be the relative course of the market until the excitement on the other side takes the shape either of actual War or the assurance of continued Peace. This country is well prepared for either eventuality. There is no particular feeling about keeping Gold down at home, while our United States Bonds are falling abroad. If they are to return here in any considerable amounts, which is extremely doubtful, they will have to be resold *cheap for Gold*, not as last year, at a large profit to the German and English speculators on Gold from the Treasury at 130 ⅌ cent. The probability is that actual War will check the fall in Frankfort, and that the English market (in a very different condition now both as to the supply of 5-20s and the rate of Money from last May,) will readily absorb all the Bonds that are to be forced from the Continent on the mere apprehension of hostilities. While there is no scarcity of Gold on the market here, at a price, both the Treasury and the American holders of the May coupons on the Public Debt, who have $15,500,000 to receive next week, will assuredly take good care to make the price quite equal to the supposed emergency, for exporting the precious metal. The Foreign holders of $8,500,000 May coupons are free and welcome to do with this sum of Gold whatever the state and supply of the Foreign Exchanges may seem to render desirable.

The leading Bankers advanced their drawing rates on London ⅛@¼ ⅌ cent. to-day, to meet the probable contingency of shipping Gold. The continued decline in Cotton in Liverpool also has its influence on the supply of bills as well as on the firmness in the Gold Room; London, 60 days, is 109@110, and short sight 110¼@110½ ⅌ cent. Remitters are not doing much at these rates, and the Cash balances on the Street, belonging abroad, are on the increase. While opinions in the direction of War between Prussia and France are perhaps more numerous to-day, they are attended by no apprehension as to any adverse effect upon our own finances. And as far as American commerce is involved in the question, the chances are that serious and prolonged trouble between two such important Powers would add to our carrying trade on the Ocean, and enhance the export demand for our Western agricultural products, while our Cotton interests would be temporarily damaged.

The consequences to the German as well as the French flag by privateering are of course to be considered by our Underwriters, when the real crisis comes. In view of the dangers to which the merchant marine of France and the North German States and Free Cities confederate with Prussia, will be exposed, it is difficult to believe that such a War will be entered upon.

The Public Funds of the United States are firm on nearly all descriptions, and Money easy at 4@5 ⅌ cent. on Government and 5@6 ⅌ cent. on other approved collateral. The Railway market is excited, and the speculation generally upward. The volume of business is on the increase, and the advance since yesterday from 1 to 1½ per cent.; New-York Central, the Northwest Stocks, Michigan Southern, Rock Island and Reading being most sensitive to the rise, while the business in Erie continues most prominent, particularly in the Long Room between the regular sessions of the Stock Exchange Boards. The opinion prevailed among a good many operators to-day that the rise in Gold and Breadstuffs and Provisions will more than qualify any possible adverse consequences apprehended from the trouble in Europe, and they look to see a Spring and Summer upward speculation in Stocks to go on with spirit in any event, after so prolonged a depression.

Late in the afternoon there was a further advance in Gold to 141⅞@142 ⅌ cent., reacting to 141 ⅌ cent., and increased excitement in the Gold Room and on the Stock Exchange. At 5 o'clock P. M. the following quotations were made as compared with Tuesday night:

	Tues.	Wed.		Tues.	Wed.
U. S. 10-40s	98⅜	[illegible]	Northwest	31⅝	[illegible]
U. S. 5-20s	110¼	110	N. West Pref.	[illegible]	[illegible]
U. S. 7.30s	106⅛	[illegible]	Rock Island	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Y. Central	96⅝	97¼	Fort Wayne	[illegible]	[illegible]
Erie	57¼	[illegible]	Pacific Mail	125⅝	126½
Hudson	90⅝	90½	Quicksilver	28	[illegible]
Reading	101	101½	W. U. Telegraph	36⅞	[illegible]
Mich. Southern	66⅝	67¼	Mariposa Pref.	20	20
Illinois Central	113⅝	114	Ohio Certificates	23	23⅜
Pittsburgh	68¾	[illegible]	American Gold	138	141¼
Tennessee 6s	64	64	Bills on London	109⅞	109⅞

The New-York Stock Exchange Board has lost another old and much respected member by the sudden decease, last night, of Mr. CARROLL LIVINGSTON at his residence on Staten Island. The event was appropriately noticed at the Board this morning.

The following bids were made for the Public Funds of the United States:

6 ⅌ cent., 1867	102	5-20 reg., 1865, new issue	107¼
6 ⅌ cent., 1868	102	5-20 cou., 1865, new issue	107¼
6 ⅌ cent. coupon, 1880	[illegible]	Oregon W. L. 1881	[illegible]
6 ⅌ cent. reg'd, 1881	[illegible]	Oregon W. L. ½yr. 1881	[illegible]
6 ⅌ ct. small cou., 1881	[illegible]	5 ⅌ cent. reg'd, 1871	100
500 & 1,000, 1881	[illegible]	5 ⅌ cent., coup., 1871	100
Reg. coupon, 1861	[illegible]	Reg. coupons, 1871	[illegible]
5-20 registered, 1862	104¼	5 ⅌ cent. reg'd, 1874	[illegible]
5-20 coupon small	[illegible]	5 ⅌ cent. coup., 1874	[illegible]
5-20 100 & 1,000	110	10-40 registered	[illegible]
5-20 registered, 1864	104¼	10-40 $50 & 1,000	[illegible]
5-20 coupon small	[illegible]	7-30 1st series	[illegible]
5-20 500 & 1,000	[illegible]	7-30 2d series	[illegible]
5-20 500 & 1,000	[illegible]	7-30 3d series	[illegible]

And the following for the State Bonds:

Ohio 6s, 1881	102	Missouri 6s	93
Ohio 6s, 1886	102	Missouri, H. & St. Jo. iss.	[illegible]
Indiana 5s	90	California 7s	118½
Tennessee 6s, ex c	63¾	California 7s, l'ge bds.	118
Virginia Coupon 6s	64	Connecticut 6s	99
Virginia ex c	44	Rhode Island 6s	99
Virginia, new bonds	49	Illinois, all	100
North Carolina, ex c	45		

And the following for the City Bank Shares:

N-w-York	119½	Irving	103½
Merchants'	115	Metropolitan	124
Mechanics'	117½	Market	115
Union	112½	Nassau	106
America	135	Shoe and Leather	111
Tradesmen's	140	Corn Exchange	118½
Seventh Ward	110	Commonwealth	106
Ocean	101	Park	140½
American Exchange	111½	Fourth National	104½
Hanover	113		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s. 1883	95½	Ill. Cen. 7 ⅌ c. 1875	109
N.Y. Cen. 6s, 1887	91	Alton & T. H. 1st M	89
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Es	91	Chic. & N. West, S. F.	92
N. Y. Cen. 7s, 1876	102	Chi. & N. W. Int'l B	90
Erie 1st mort., 1876	102½	Gt. Western. 2d M. '93.	71¾
Erie 7s, 2d mort. 1879	99	Gal. & Chic., Ext	99
Erie 7s, 3d mort. '83	95½	Gal. & Chic. 2d M	98
Erie 7s, 4th mort., 1880	87	Chi. & R. I. 1st M	100
Hud. R. 7s, 1st M., 1869	103	Cleve. & Tol. S. Fund.	102
Hud. R. 7s, 2d M., s.f.'85	103	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 1st M.	102
Hud. R. 7s, conv., 1867	100	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 2d M.	94½
Harlem 1st M. '69-'72	101¼	Chi. & A., 1st mort.	99
Mich. C. n. 1st M. 8s. '82	107½	Ohio & Miss. 1st mort.	84½
Chi. B. & Q. 8 ⅌ c. 1st M.	10[illegible]	Peninsula R. R. bonds	74
Mich. So. 7 ⅌ c. 2d M	91	Mil. & St. Paul 2d M	76
N. Ind. Goshen Line, '68	96½	Ohio. & Mil. 1st M	85
Mich. S. & N. I. S. F. 7 ⅌ c.	98½	Chi. & Gt. East'n 1st M	40
Pac. R. 7's guar'd by Mo	95	N. Y. & N. H. 6s	94

We presume that our neighbor of the *Journal of Commerce* is really sincere in his oft-repeated anxiety to see the temporary debt of the Government rapidly funded; yet he takes a singular way to promote this object when he discourages the anticipation of the 7.30s of August by captious objections to the process now so encouragingly going on under the purchases and exchanges of the Treasury. He is for the strict letter of the obligation of the Government *before* it matures, and protests against its enforcement *after* it falls due. He would have the Treasury make a new class of 5-20s (there are already four classes) three or four months before the law contemplates such an issue, or it can be known, whether the holders of the 7.30s of Aug. 15 will prefer a new bond to the already widely known and popular Consolidated Stock of July, 1865. And then if this preference should not be made known by the 15th of August, and no bond whatever should be demanded, and the 7.30s held over indefinitely, it would be unworthy a "great Government to refuse the funding altogether. This is the sum and substance and burden of his recent criticisms on the management of the public finances. We submit that he is all wrong, if he means, in good faith, to assist the public credit, and singularly perverse if his purpose be to quarrel generally with the conduct of the Treasury. 1. It would accomplish no possible good to interfere with the Consolidated Stock now being so rapidly substituted for the 7.30s, to confuse the holders of the latter by creating a new stock of unequal and inconsistent coupon periods. 2. It would be an extraordinary stretch of a generous option to suffer the holders of the 7.30s to select their own time, *after maturity*, to demand either class of bonds, or the lawful money, according to the condition of the Money market next Fall or Winter. The Secretary will have the money ready in August for all who may not by that time avail of the funding privilege. It might not be convenient, as it would not be consistent with the public interest, to keep the Money idle for an indefinite period after the obligation and option fall due, according to the nomination of the 7.30 bonds, against the contingencies of the Money Market, or at the cost, in the way of interest, of the Treasury. We hope our neighbor will carefully review his (he will pardon us for saying) unreasonable position. We should like to have his assistance—and now that he has declined the honor of a seat in the State Convention he will have abundant time to give it—in getting the remainder of the first series of 7.30s out of the way before maturity. Three months more will accomplish the work, at the present rate of purchases and exchanges.

The following are the comparative earnings of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad for the third week in April:

1867	$164,737 88
1866	145,966 05
Increase	$18,771 83

The day's business at the office of the United States Assistant Treasurer was as follows: Receipts, $1,583,583 52; Payments, $1,267,360 71; Customs, $349,000; Gold Notes, $347,000; Balance, $115,221,271.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, NO. 5 NASSAU-ST.,
Will receive SEVEN-THIRTY notes of all the series in exchange for the NEW 5-20 CONSOLIDATED BONDS, at the best market rates, which holders of seven-thirties will find to their advantage.

☞ 1,500 BUSHELS OHIO AND PENNSYLVANIA CLOVER SEED,
in store and for sale at 14 cents ⅌ lb., currency, by
ATWATER, DUNLAP & CO., No. 61 Pearl-st.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, April 24, 1867.

The receipts of the principal kinds of produce since our last have been 27 bbls. Ashes, 1,550 bbls. Flour, 72 bbls. and 958 bags Corn Meal, 2,591 bushels Corn, 150 bushels Malt, 428 bbls. Pork, 437 pkgs. Cut Meats, 343 pkgs. Lard, 582 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Pots are quiet but steady at $8 50@$8 62½ ⅌ 100 lbs. Pearls are inactive at $13@$13 25 ⅌ 100 lbs. Stock, 296 bbls.

COFFEE—Has been more freely offered, and has been in fair request at a shade easier prices. Java at 24½c.@25c.; Maracaibo, 17½c.@19c.; Laguayra, 17½c.@18½c.; Rio, 15½c.@19½c.; St. Domingo, 15½c.@16½c. in gold, ⅌ lb.

COTTON—Is quite dull and much depressed in price. Middling grades, 24@25½c., chiefly at 24½c.@25c. ⅌ lb. Sales and resales since our last, 1,850 bales, against receipts of 1,192 bales.

Movements in Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts thus far this week	4,161
Receipts last week	8,405
Receipts preceding week	13,879
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1867	288,943
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1866	526,928
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1867	667,394
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1866	511,630
Exports since Jan. 1	213,530
Exports since Sept. 1	402,774
Exports year ending Dec. 31, 1866	381,094
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1866	495,309
Estimated stock on hand	145,000

Movements in Cotton at all the Shipping Ports.

Receipts at all the shipping ports of the United States from the close of the war, May 1, 1865, to Sept. 1, 1866	2,571,040
Receipts at all the ports from Sept. 1, 1866, to latest mail dates	1,623,000
Exports from all the ports since Sept. 1, 1866	1,128,000
Estimated stock on hand at all the ports at latest mail dates	435,000

COAL—Has been quiet but steady. At the auction sale to-day, 71,000 tons Scranton were sold at about the average of last month's prices, including 10,000 tons lump, $4 35@$4 37½; 12,000 tons steamboat, $5 10@$5 15; 10,000 tons grate, $5 05@$5 20; 9,000 tons egg, $4 75@$5 00; 20,000 tons stove, $5 05@$5 20; and 10,000 tons chestnut, $4 12½@4 20 ⅌ ton of 2,240 lbs., delivered at Elizabethport, N. J.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in rather better request at uniform quotations. Sales since our last have been 9,400 bbls., including poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $10@$11 20; common to good Extra State at $11 10@$12 30; good to choice do., do. at $12 35@$13 40; round-hoop Extra Ohio, poor to good shipping brands, at $11 85@$13 25 ⅌ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine State and Western	$10 00	@$11 20
Extra State	11 10	@13 40
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	11 25	@15 50
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g brands	11 85	@13 25
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	13 30	@15 75
Extra Genesee	13 40	@15 75
Common to choice extra Missouri	14 85	@18 75

Southern Flour has been quiet at previous prices; sales have been reported of 420 bbls., at $11 75@$13 25 for ordinary to fair extra, and $13 25@$17 50 for fair to very choice extra do. ⅌ bbl. Canadian Flour is dull but steady at equal to $12 65@$16 for extra, ⅌ bbl.; sales 350 bbls. Rye Flour is in more demand at from $7 50@$8 60 ⅌ bbl.; sales 1,650 bbls. Corn Meal is in good demand and buoyant at $5 75@$5 90 for Jersey; $6 for City, and $6 35@$6 45 for Brandywine, ⅌ bbl.; sales 1,300 bbls. Of California and Oregon Flour sales were reported of 4,650 bbls. and sacks, at $15 75@$16 65 ⅌ bbl. of 196 lbs.

GRAIN.—Wheat has been in better demand, and desirable lots have been held more firmly. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 43,000 bushels, including No. 1 Spring at $2 65; No. 2 do. at $2 55; and White California at $3 28@$3 32½ ⅌ bushel. Corn has been in active request, opening quite buoyantly at former prices, but closing tamely and rather in favor of buyers. Sales since our last, 163,000 bushels, at $1 35½@$1 36½, closing at $1 35½@$1 36 for Mixed Western, in store; $1 38 for mixed Western afloat; $1 34@$1 35 for new Mixed Western ⅌ bushel. Oats have been in active request and firmer. We quote Chicago, Milwaukee, Michigan and Ohio at 72½c.@76½c., as extremes, and State at 80c.@81c., ⅌ bushel; sales 156,000 bushels. Barley is less active. Sales have been reported of 41,000 bushels, including State, at $1 10, and Canada West at 95c.@$1, in bond, and $1 18@$1 20 free, ⅌ bushel. Barley Malt rules very dull at $1 20@$1 30 ⅌ bushel. Rye is in fair demand at buoyant prices; sales 8,400 bushels at $1 53@$1 57 for Western ⅌ bushel.

HAY—North River Bale has been in better supply and more demand at $1 85@$1 95 for shipping, and $2@$2 20 for local use, ⅌ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Continue quiet at former rates, including new at 30c.@65c. ⅌ lb.; old at 20c.@40c.; also, new foreign at 55c.@80c. ⅌ lb.

LIME—Rockland has been in fair demand at $1 70 for common, and $2 20 for lump, ⅌ bbl.

METALS—All descriptions have been very sparingly dealt in at about previous quotations.

MOLASSES—Is in fair request at buoyant rates, including Porto Rico at 60c.@72½c.; Cuba at 45c.@60c. ⅌ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Continue dull and heavy, including Spirits Turpentine at 75c.@77½c. ⅌ gallon; Crude do. at $5 56¼@$5 62½; Resin at $3 87½@$10 ⅌ 280 lbs.; Tar at $2 62½@$3 50; Pitch, $4@$4 25 ⅌ bbl.

OILS—Continue in moderate request, including Crude Whale at 75c.@80c.; Bleached Whale at 90c.@92½c.; Crude Sperm at $2 50; Unbleached do. at $2 85@$2 90; Lard Oil at 90c.@$1 12½; Red Oil at 55c.@70c.; Linseed Oil at $1 35@$1 37 ⅌ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Is inactive at 16c.@16½c. for Crude; 26c.@28½c. for ordinary to prime Refined, in bond, and 40c.@41c. for Refined, free, ⅌ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been depressed and lower to-day, under a less active speculative demand. Sales have been reported since our last of 3,650 bbls., in lots, at $22 68@$22 85 for new Western Mess, closing at $22 70 cash; $21 75@$22 12 for one-year-old Mess; $18 75@$19 12½ for Prime; $21 75@$21 85 for Prime Mess, ⅌ bbl. Cut Meats are in fair request at 8½c.@9½c. for Shoulders and 12c.@14c. for Hams, ⅌ lb.; sales equal to 325 pkgs. Bacon is in less request and less firm; sales 450 boxes at 11¼c.@11½c. for Short Rib; 10½c.@10¾c. for Cumberland Cut, and 11¼c. for long Clear, ⅌ lb. Lard continues in fair demand and buoyant. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,250 tcs. and bbls., in lots, at 12½c.@13¾c. for new, ⅌ lb. Beef continues in request and firm. We quote: $13@$21 for very poor to choice Plain Mess, and $19@$23 50 for Extra do.; sales have been reported of 400 bbls. Tierce Beef is inactive; sales 120 tcs. at $33@$34 25 for Prime Mess. Beef Hams rule dull at $40@$41 50 ⅌ bbl. Sales 45 bbls. Butter is in limited request at 15c.@35c. for State and 10c.@27c. for poor to prime Western, ⅌ lb. Cheese is quiet at 10c.@18c. ⅌ lb. We quote:

FRESH CROP BUTTER.

Fresh pails, ⅌ lb.	33	@35
Half-firkin tubs, ⅌ lb.	30	@31
Welsh tubs, ⅌ lb.	27	@29

OLD CROP BUTTER.

Fine to extra State dairies, ⅌ lb.	28	@30
Good to fine State dairies, ⅌ lb.	22	@25
Good to fine Welsh tubs, ⅌ lb.	21	@25
Common to fair State, ⅌ lb.	15	@18
Western Butter—firkins, fair to good, ⅌ lb.	12	@14
Western Butter—firkins, ordinary, ⅌ lb.	11	@13
Grease Butter—firkins, ⅌ lb.	10	@11

CHEESE.

Factory Dairies. 1st quality State, ⅌ lb.	17	@18
Factory Dairies. 2d quality State, ⅌ lb.	16	@17
Factory Dairies. Western, ⅌ lb.	16	@17
Farm Dairies, 1st quality State, ⅌ lb.	17	@18
Farm Dairies, 2d quality State, ⅌ lb.	15	@16
Farm Dairies, Western, ⅌ lb.	15	@16
Skimmed Cheese, Western and State, ⅌ lb.	10	@15
Farm Dairies, Common, ⅌ lb.	13	@14

SEEDS—While some holders continue to ask extreme rates for Clover, others have been offering good to prime as low as 13½c.@14½c. ⅌ lb., without finding buyers. The season is about over, and the current demand is very limited. Other seeds remain as last noticed.

SUGARS—Have been brisk and buoyant to-day. Sales since our last, 1,850 hhds. Cuba, &c., at 9½c.@12½c., and 2,470 boxes Havana, part at 10½c.@12⅝c. ⅌ lb. Refined Sugars are in active demand at from 13c.@15c. ⅌ lb.

STEARINE—Sales 91,000 lbs. at 11½c.@12½c. ⅌ lb.

TALLOW—Sales 128,000 lbs. at 11½c.@11¾c.; also 72,000 lbs. Grease at 8½c.@9½c. ⅌ lb.

FREIGHTS—Have been less active to-day, with 581 vessels of all classes in port. For Liverpool there were taken 650 bales Cotton at 3.16d. by sailing vessel, and ¼d. by steamer ⅌ lb.; 30,500 bushels Corn at 4d. by sailing vessel and 5½d. by steamer ⅌ bushel. For Glasgow, by steamer, 7,500 bushels Corn at 6d. ⅌ bushel. For London, 7,000 bushels Barley at 4½d. ⅌ bushel. For Spanish ports, a brig, with Petroleum, on private terms. For Lisbon, a vessel with heavy pipe staves. The recent Deal charters include a British ship, 778 tons, from St. John, N. B., to Liverpool, Deals at 63s. and Timber 25s.; one, 1,289 tons, same voyage, Deals 64s.; one, 1,403 tons, same, 63s.; two (now in Philadelphia), same, 63s. 9d.; one, 887 tons, from St. John, N. B., to Bristol Channel, 62s. 6d.

Sales of Real Estate—APRIL 24.

BY MULLER, WILKINS & CO.

4 lots, s. s. 56th-st., 325 feet west of 6th-av., 25x55 to 65, each	$1,850
4 lots, s. s. 65th-st., 250 feet east of 5th-av., 25x100.5, each	7,900
1 lot, n. w. cor. Madison-av. and 65th-st., 25.5x95	12,900
3 lots adjoining, 25x95, each	9,600
2 lots, s. s. 77th-st., 45 feet east of Madison-av., 25x102.2, each	5,750
6 lots, s. s. 86th-st., 97.9 west of avenue A, 20.2x102.2, each	1,850
6 lots, n. s. 85th-st., 94 feet west of avenue A, 20.10x102.2, each	1,350
4 lots, n. s. 97th-st., 100 feet east of 10th-av., 25x100.11 each	1,004
6 lots adjoining, 25x100.11, each	1,375

BY JOHNSON, MILLER & HALL.

7 lots on west side 1st-av., between 51st and 52d sts. each	$1,750
5 lots on south side 40th-st., 30[illegible] feet east 8th-av., each	5,050

Croton Falls Property.

4 lots on 1st-st. and 3 lots on Avenue A, each	1,000
two-story house and 1 acre of ground on Avenue A and 1st-st.	6,200

Tarrytown Property.

Two-story brick house and 3 lots on Broadway, 60 feet from Beekman-av.	8,200
Two-story brick house and 2 lots corner of Broadway and Beekman-av.	5,900

BY JAMES M. MILLER.

Four-story front and rear brick building and lot No. 83 Mulberry-st.	9,575
Three-story brick house and lot No. 84 Mulberry-st.	8,650

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble middle-aged woman to go a short distance in the country; is a Protestant; would like to do chamberwork and sewing, or take care of grown children and do sewing and chamberwork if required; has nine years' reference where she has lived. Call for two days, from 10 to 12, at No. 77 West 27th-st., second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as first-class nurse and seamstress; is competent to take entire charge of a baby from its birth; is an excellent infant's nurse; can be highly recommended. Call for two days at No. 372 East 13th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., third floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant girl, todo chamberwork and waiting and make herself useful; has five years' reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 309 32d-st., second floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT young woman as chambermaid and plain sewer, or to take care of one or two grown children and sew; is willing and obliging; no objection to a short distance in the country. Call at No. 335 East 13th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE, WELL-recommended girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or as cook in a small family, where the washing is light. Call at her present employers, No. 68 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LADIES' MAID by a thoroughly competent person; would be willing to assist with housekeeping or to take charge of one child; best of reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 84 West 31st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SUPERIOR chambermaid and waitress, with excellent City references, in a private family or boarding-house; takes charge of the silver and dining-room in excellent style; wages $10. No. 192 East 21st-st., (new No. 317.)

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAable woman as laundress in a private family; was over six years in her last situation; has best of City reference. Inquire at No. 380 7th-av., between 34th and 35th sts., top floor, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman as first-class cook; understands all kinds of pastry; is a good baker; has good City reference; has no objection to a short distance in the country. Apply at No. 288 1st-av., between 14th and 15th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as waitress, or as chambermaid and waitress; is capable of both; can be well recommended. Can be seen at No. 319 24th-st., near 2d-av.

WANTED—AN ELDERLY WOMAN WISHES to take care of a gentleman's house while gone in the country; good references given. Apply at No. 356 West 26th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT laundress; can do all kinds of French fluting; has lived five and a half years in her last place. Can be seen at No. 398 8th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; thoroughly understands her business. Can be seen, for two days, at her present employer's, No. 56 West 5[illegible]-st., near 5th-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GERMAN WOMAN who speaks English, a place as lady's maid, to accompany a family to Europe; is an experienced dressmaker and would make herself generally useful. Call this week at Prof. JOY'S, Columbia College, corner of Madison-av. and 49th-st.

WANTED—HOUSEKEEPER'S SITUATION, BY a lady of education, qualified and adapted to the care of children by experience; references strictly first-class; no objections to the country; a pleasant home more desirable than pecuniary gain. Address S. C. B., Box No. 3,760 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl a situation as first-class waitress or waitress and chambermaid; can furnish the best of testimonials as to capability; no objection to go to any part of the country, or to Newport. Call at No. 342 6th-av., corner of 21st-st., in the toy-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and seamstress, or to take care of growing children, by a competent person; three years in her present situation; willing to go in the country for the Summer. Call or address No. 218 East 17th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT girl as seamstress and chambermaid; can do all kinds of plain sewing; the best of City references from her last employer; has no objection to go to the country for the Summer. Apply for two days at No. 19 East 27th-st., between Madison and 5th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT person as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid and seamstress; has no objections to travel; best of City reference can be given. Can be seen for two days at No. 234 East 12th-st., near 2d-av., third floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and plain sewing, or chambermaid and mind children; good City reference. Call for two days at No. 153 East 26th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUATION as lady's maid and seamstress; understands hairdressing and all kind of family sewing; is competent to fill the above position; has best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 265 6th-av., near 17th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A SITUATION as chambermaid, and would assist with the washing; no objection to the country for the Summer; best of City references. Call at her present employer's, No. 234 East 23d-st., old No. 154.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT ENGLISH PERSON a situation as nurse: she perfectly understands the care of children, or to attend on a lady and sew; has good City reference. Call for two days, or direct to A. B., No. 177 7th-av., near 22d-st., in the store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIENCED nurse; is also capable of taking care of an infant; can give the best of reference from her last place; 3½ years. Call at No. 274 6th-av., between 17th and 18th sts., for two days.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN with good City reference, a situation as seamstress; can cut and fit ladies and children's dresses; would travel with a lady. Call at No. 231 7th-av., entrance on 25th-st.

WANTED—BY AN ENERGETIC AND HIGHLY respectable middle-aged lady, a situation as housekeeper; has had much experience and accustomed to children. Address, until Saturday, Miss DUNCAN, Station C., 12th-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as nurse and to do plain sewing, or to do chamberwork and waiting; has the best of City reference; has no objection to go to the country. Can be seen at No. 121 West 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A LADY GIVING UP HOUSEKEEPING, to procure places for two good reliable servants; one as cook, the other as chambermaid and waitress; would like to go together. Call at No. 38 London Terrace, West 23d-st., on Thursday, from 9 to 12 o'clock.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED PERSON work by the day or week; is an excellent dressmaker; can cut and fit ladies' and children's clothes, and all family sewing in the neatest style; no objection to the country. Call for two days at No. 339 East 16th-st.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT woman a situation as first-class cook; can do all kinds of family cooking—soups, meats, pastry, jelly, ice-cream; is an excellent baker; City reference. Call at No. 139 West 19th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress, or to take care of children; is a good sewer; has no objection to the country; has four years references from her last place. Call for two days at No. 430 2d-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN a situation to do chamberwork and waiting; can be highly recommended from her last place, where she lived three years. Call at No. 164 8th-av., near 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as first-class cook; competent to take care of a gentleman's house for the Summer; best of City references. Can be seen for two days at her present employer's, No. 175 East 15th-st., Stuyvesant square.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION as first-class waitress in a private family or as chambermaid and waitress in a small family; has best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 26 2d-av., two pair of stairs back room; call or address.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUATION to do chamberwork and plain sewing, or would take care of children; best of City reference; no objection to the country. Call at No. 144 West 30th-st., new No.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITRESS BY a young woman well acquainted with her duties and competent to fill a first-class place; can furnish best of references. Can be seen at No. 104 5th-av.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT GIRL, A SITUATION as waitress or chambermaid, or would like to wait on an invalid lady. Can be seen at No. 425 6th-av., second floor, between 25th and 26th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook; understands all kind of family cooking, soups, meats, pastry, desserts; is a good baker; City reference. Call at No. 83 East 15th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, A situation as first-class cook; understands her business in all its branches, and has the very best references. Can be seen at No. 1.4 5th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as chambermaid and nurse, or as waitress; has the best of reference. Call for two days at No. 402 3d-av., second floor, front room.

WANTED—BY TWO COMPETENT WOMEN, situations; one as first-class cook; the other as laundress; the best of City reference. Call at No. 408 6th-av., corner 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman as chambermaid and waitress or regular waitress; no objection to the country; best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 275 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl as nurse and would do plain sewing; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 64 East 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as wet nurse; has the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 344 West 36th-st., in the rear, for two days. Mrs. MURPHY.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE ENGLISH woman, a seamstress, to go out to work by the day, to do all kinds of family sewing; wages moderate. Apply at No. 428 East 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as good plain cook and excellent washer and ironer; has the best of City reference. Inquire at No. 147 32d-st., between Lexington and 3d avs.

WANTED—BY A GOOD COOK A SITUATION; is a good washer and ironer; for City or country; also an active, tidy young girl for general usefulness. Can be seen at No. 106 6th-av., between 8th and 9th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman as seamstress; can cut and fit children's dresses; the best City reference. Apply at No. 188 (old No.) East 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as first-class cook; perfectly understands her business; the best of city reference given. Address No. 71 West 17th-st., Room No. 8.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl, as nurse and seamstress; can be seen at her present employer's, No. 9 East 17th-st, where she has lived eight years.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as seamstress and lady's maid, or to assist in the care of grown children. Can be seen for two days at her present employer's, No. 60 (106) East 23d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LAUNDRESS OR laundress and chambermaid; has good references; is a strict Protestant woman. Call at No. 8 St. Mark's-place, 8th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress by an English Protestant, who thoroughly understands her business. S. T. A., No. 164 West 20th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as first-class waitress; has the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 13 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as waitress, or would assist with the chamberwork; has good City reference. Call at No. 347 East 23d-st., in crockery store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT as chambermaid and fine washer; can flute; or as chambermaid and to do sewing; no objection to children; good City reference. Apply at 3 East 17th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman, a situation as cook in a private family; best City reference can be given. Apply at No. 177 7th-av., between 22d and 23d sts.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUATION as chambermaid. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 12 East 17th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid and plain sewer. Apply at present employer's, No. 43 West 32d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A SITUATION as laundress and chambermaid. Apply at present employer's, No. 43 West 32d-st.

WANTED.—A LADY WISHES TO FIND A SITUATION for her cook and chambermaid from May 1. Apply at No. 58 West 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL A SITUATION as chambermaid; has good City reference. Call at No. 98 East 12th-st., basement floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook. Apply at No. 91 Wyckoff-st., Brooklyn. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid and waitress; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 69 West 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT LAUNDRESS, a situation in a private family. Can be seen until engaged at her present place, No. 370 5th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl as chambermaid and waitress. Call at No. 244 West 30th-st., top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as chambermaid and waitress, with the best of City reference. Apply at No. 26 East 40th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl to take care of children. Call at No. 79 West 40th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUATION as lady's maid or to do light chamberwork and plain sewing. Apply at No. 201 45th-st., near 8th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK BY A REspectable Welshwoman; has the best of City references. Call for two days at No. 342 East 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid and waitress; has good City reference. Call at No. 213 West 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITRESS: good reference. Call at No. 474 3d-av., between 34th and 35th sts., third floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress; best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 349 West 39th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXCELLENT cook. Apply at her present situation, No. 32 5th-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, who understands her duties, as cook and baker; excellent washer and ironer; will be found neat and economical in her kitchen; also, a girl as chambermaid and waitress, or nurse and plain sewer; they will go any distance in the country (separate or together.) Apply to Mr. MANNING, No. 19 Court-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL A SITUATION with a family going to Europe, as lady's maid and seamstress, or to take care of children; understands dressmaking and all kinds of family sewing, and good operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; or would travel in this country; is accustomed to the sea; good City references. Can be seen for a week at No. 104 West 48th-st.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED, FIRST-class waitress, a situation in a private family; she is willing and obliging, and neat and tidy in her habits; she is capable of taking any capacity in a private house, or would do the chamberwork and sewing; best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 112 West 18th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine, and would assist with the care of children; has the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen this day at No. 1,416 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl a situation as nurse; is capable of taking care of an infant baby; or to do chamberwork and plain sewing; no objection to the country; good City reference. Can be seen for one day at No. 92 East 4th-st., in the rear; call for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS INFANT'S nurse by a middle-aged woman; is competent to take charge of a nursery; is a neat seamstress; the best of City reference. Can be seen over the coal office, foot of 20th-st., East River and Avenue D., or a note will be attended to.

WANTED.—A LADY ABOUT LEAVING THE City desires to find places for three honest and faithful servants—an excellent waitress and chambermaid, a laundress and chambermaid or nurse, and an assistant laundress; they have no objection to the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 32 East 29th-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT SEAMSTRESS a situation; understands cutting and fitting ladies' and children's dresses, and working on Grover & Baker's machines, all kinds of family sewing and hairdressing; no objection to wait on a lady or travel. Call for two days at No. 73 West 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman, a situation as chambermaid and sewer, or would take care of a baby; has no objection to the country for the Summer months; has good reference. Call at No. 366 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PROTESTANT woman, a situation as cook; understands her business perfectly; has no objection to assist in the washing; has the best City reference. Call at No. 98 West 29th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., first floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A SUPERIOR PROTESTANT cook, with excellent City reference, a situation in the City or country; also her cousin as regular chambermaid or waitress and fine washer. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st., new number 317.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as good plain cook, washer and ironer; has four years' City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 346 East 23d-st., front room, third floor.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN, A situation as cook, washer and ironer in a private family; is neat and smart about her work; good City references given. Apply at No. 103 West 36th-st., between Broadway and 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Scotch woman as cook in a private family; would assist in the washing if required; no objections to the country; good reference. Call at No. 146 East 10th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress; has no objection to going a short distance in the country; has the best City references. Call for two days at No. 442 West 25th-st., between 9th and 10th avs., two stairs, rear room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl a situation as chambermaid; would assist with fine washing if required; best of City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 171 West 20th-st., basement door.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL A SITUATION as chambermaid; can do all kinds of sewing; is a first-class waitress; is fully competent for either; has the best of reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 132 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., rear house.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN a situation to take care of children, and is a good plain sewer; no objection to traveling or going in the country; has two years' reference from a first-class family. Call at No. 351 East 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK BY A steady, competent woman; has no objection to go to the country; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 11 Union-court, between 11th and 12th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl as waitress, or chambermaid and waitress, in a private family, or no objection to the country; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 172 West 19th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl as chambermaid and to do sewing; is willing to wait on table and make herself useful; the best of City reference given. Call at No. 390 7th-av., between 34th and 35th sts., top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as chambermaid and sewing; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 332 10th-av., between 31st and 32d sts.: second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GIRL AS seamstress; can cut and fit for ladies and children, and also dress ladies' hair, and take charge of a baby from its birth; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for three days at the No. 224 East 30th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GOOD COOK; would assist with the washing and ironing if required; good City reference. Call at No. 113 West 15th-st., New-York City.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT woman as chambermaid and to do fine washing; can give excellent reference. Call at No. 408 6th-av., top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as chambermaid or parlormaid; would assist in the dining-room; has good City reference. Call, or address No. 113 West 31st-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation in a small private family to do general housework; not long landed from the old country. Can be seen at No. 55 West 18th-st., near 6th-av., in the rear.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation as nurse, or would do plain sewing, or chambermaid. Call at No. 178 East 29th-st., Wednesday and Thursday of this week.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as competent waitress, or would do chamberwork and plain sewing; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 219 East 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS meat and pastry cook; understands soups, side-dishes and desserts; best City reference. Call for two days at No. 247 West 19th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as chambermaid and seamstress; good City reference. Call at No. 119 West 24th-st., old No. 89.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; understands cooking in all its branches; good City references. Address M, No. 488 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl to cook, wash and iron; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 157 West 33d-st., near 7th-av.

A LADY WISHES SITUATIONS FOR three young, good, capable girls; one as chambermaid and seamstress, another as chambermaid and waitress, and the third as child's nurse. Apply to their present employer, No. 116 West 14th-st.; can be seen two days.

A SEAMSTRESS GOING OUT BY THE day, would like a few more customers; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's and Grover & Baker's sewing machines; understands all kinds of family sewing and cutting. Can be seen at No. 273 East 4th-st.

A LADY DECLINING HOUSEKEEPING wishes to procure a situation for an excellent girl as chambermaid and waitress; has lived with her present employer three years and a half. Apply to No. 80 10th-st., between University-place and 5th-av.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wishes to get work by the day; understands fitting all kinds of dresses. Address A. V. D., Station E, New-York City.

A RESPECTABLE SCOTCH MARRIED woman wishes to take charge of a gentleman's house for the Summer or longer. Apply third stable above 23d-st. on Lexington-av.

A LADY IS DESIROUS OF OBTAINING a situation for a servant to travel with a family going to Europe or as nurse. Apply from 1 to 3 o'clock at No. 16 5th-av.

FAMILIES, HOTELS AND BOARDING-HOUSES can be suited immediately with good servants, German girls, &c., at the large American and Foreign Employment Association, No. 106 6th-av., between 8th and 9th sts.

A DRESSMAKER WANTS THE WORK of one or two families more; advertiser is a Protestant; good City reference can be given. Call on or address S. G., No. 527 3d-av., near 36th-st., in fancy-store.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GENTLEMAN leaving for Europe, for a colored boy who has been in his employ several years, and whom he can thoroughly recommend as honest and capable of making himself generally useful—answering the door-bell, running errands, assisting the waiter, &c. Ask for JOHN BELL, No. 3 East 12th-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PROTESTANT man a situation as coachman; perfectly understands the care and management of horses in all respects; is thoroughly acquainted with four-in-hand driving; can give the best of City references. Address J. H., Box No. 214 Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY a single, steady, industrious man; he is an experienced groom and careful driver; also understands gardening and milking; is willing to make himself useful; has fifteen years' best City reference. Address M. C., Box No. 204 Times Office for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a single man of long experience in the care and management of horses, fine carriages and harness; best City reference from last place. Call on or address P. H., No. 305 4th-av., in the harness-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE man as coachman and groom, who thoroughly understands the care and management of horses, and can come well recommended. Address P. E., Box No. 211 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG married man, has no children, as coachman; has no objection to the country; best of City references from last place. Address or call at No. 51 Macdougal-st., W. M.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a single man; good reference as to capability and character. Call or address J. J. B., No. 677½ Broadway, or to G. W. WILSON, No. 9 John-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a respectable young man (German) with the best City and country references. Address J. G., care of A. Louecke, No. 43 Chatham-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single man with the best of City reference, where he has lived the last seven years; no objection to the country. Address K. H., Box No. 209 Times Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY a married man without incumbrance; no objection to the country; best of reference from his present employer. Inquire at No. 42 West 30th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN to take care of horses and work in garden, and make himself generally useful in the country. Address B. F., Box No. 213 Times Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom by a young Englishman who thoroughly understands the care and management of horses; has considerable experience as inside servant, and kitchen gardener, and is generally very handy about a gentleman's place; good references. Apply to No. 4 Sands-st., near Fulton (basement) Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom, by a Protestant married man; understands his business thoroughly; has excellent City references; leaving in consequence of the family going to Europe. Can be seen at his present employer's stable, No. 9 West 48th-st., until engaged.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS coachman and groom; understands the business perfectly well, and is a careful driver; can give good references, if asked for; 5 feet 10 inches in height, 26 years old, and temperate in his habits. Address C, Box No. 204 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a Protestant man, who thoroughly understands his business in every particular; has no objection to go in the country; best of references given. Call or address, for two days, at No. 79 Bleecker-st., or J. K., Box No. [illegible] Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman or groom in a private family; will be found civil and obliging, and can come well recommended from his last place; will go for moderate wages, and will assist in a garden. Address M. K., Box No. 217 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a Protestant married man; his wife as laundress; thoroughly understand their business; have the best of City reference from last place. Can be seen at Bridgeman's seed-store, No. 876 Broadway, near 18th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young man, on a gentleman's place as coachman, groom or gardener; understands perfectly the care of horses, carriages, garden, &c.; good reference and moderate wages. Address CHARLES, No. 61 Nassau-st., Office No. 9.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN A situation as coachman and gardener; has several years' experience; will take entire charge of a gentleman's place; has the best of two years' reference from his last place. Address L. R., Box No. 208 Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single man; understands his business; is a careful, satisfactory ladies' driver three years and a half; sober; satisfactory reference. Call or address No. 18 Lexington-av., before 10 or after 4, at the private stable of his present employer, E. H. Ludlow & Co., 3 Pine-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a young man who is sober, steady and willing to make himself agreeable and generally useful; can present the best reference as to character, abilities, &c.; no objection to the country. Address J. M., Box No. 209 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COACHMAN a situation; thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; is a first-class groom and careful driver, and can furnish excellent recommendations as to character and sobriety. Address E. B., Box No. 203 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a Protestant man who has lived with some of the best families in this City; has reference to that effect. Ladies or gentlemen in want of such a person will address R. E., No. 512 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and plain gardener; a gentleman about to relinquish housekeeping would like to procure a situation for a young man now in his employ. Address J. S., Box No. 1,967 Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE young man (German) as coachman and gardener; understands his business thoroughly and has good reference recommendation from his last employer. Address or call on HENRY, No. 153 Christie-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN IN a private family; one who thoroughly understands his business; will make himself generally useful, if required, and can give City and country references. Address M., Box No. 210 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom; has the best of City references from last employer; is sober, honest, obliging, and a careful driver. Address P. CARROLL, No. 1,339 Broadway, corner 31st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GROOM AND gardener, by a young married man; one who understands his business and can come well recommended. Apply for three days, between 10 and 2, at No. 195 West-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, ENGLISH, A situation as coachman and groom; thoroughly understands his business; has good City reference from last place. Address C. T. B., Box No. 195 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family, by a respectable, steady man; understands his business in all its branches perfectly; has good City reference; no objection to the country. Address T. F., Box No. 211 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman and gardener; has several years' experience in the business; will make himself generally useful; has the best of reference from his last place. Address M. M., Box No. 211 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener by a young man; understands his business; is willing and obliging, and can give good reference from last employer. Address J. B., Box No. 208 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG UNMARRIED MAN a situation as coachman; is competent to take care of horses and cows, and willing to make himself generally useful; country preferred; refers to his present employer, J. C. S., Box No. 1,260 Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE MAN as coachman and groom, who thoroughly understands the business in all its branches; has first-class recommendations from his last employer. Address J. M., Box No. 192 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom and assistant gardener; is obliging and willing to be generally useful; good reference from last place; moderate wages accepted. Call on or address O. E., Box No. 210 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom by a single man who thoroughly understands the business; understands gardening; is a good milker; the best of reference. Address M. C., Box No. 210 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE married man as coachman; is a good driver and careful with horses; can give good reference; no objection to the country. Inquire at No. 54 West 19th-st., in the livery stable.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISHMAN as first-class waiter in a private family; sober and honest; best of City reference; no objection to live in the country. Address A. S., for three days, in tailor-store, No. 161 Bowery, near Houston.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY an Englishman who thoroughly understands the business; is a first-rate groom and driver; can give the best of City reference; has no objection to the country. Address J. W., Box No. 208 Times Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN OR GROOM'S SITUATION by a respectable man, who thoroughly understands his business; is willing and obliging; best of City reference; lived with his last employer nine years. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 200 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a married man; has had a thorough practical experience for many years in this country; can give the best of references as to character and capability. Call on or address N. T., seed-store, No. 201 Fulton-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION to work on a farm, who thoroughly understands all farming business, and can milk; is a good teamster and understands the care of horses. Address P. M., Box No. 103 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a Protestant single man with best of City references; understands the care and management of horses perfectly. Can be seen or addressed for two days at No. 744 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener by a sober, steady man, who truely understands his business; can furnish the best of reference; willing to make himself generally useful. Address for two days J. C., Box No. 210 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a single young man; understands gardening; can milk, and is willing to make himself useful; City and country references given. Address B. W. S., Box No. 214 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GROOM AND to assist in gardening by a young man who is able and willing to work; has the best of reference; country preferred. Address E. K., Box No. 200 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family by a respectable man; has the best City reference. Call at No. 20 West 26th-st. for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single man; has no objection to the country; is obliging, and has the best of City references. Address J. A., Box No. 215 Times Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A young man of long experience, in a private family; will be found willing and obliging, and can give the best of City reference. Address H. Box No. 214 Times Office.

ALL WHO WANT COMPETENT HELP, male or female, for City or country, such as coachmen, grooms, waiters, laborers, servants, farm hands, gardeners, boys, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, nurses, seamstresses, laundresses, houseworkers, small girls, &c., can be immediately suited at CARPENTER'S Select Servants' Institute, No. 138 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

HARDWARE.—AN AMERICAN, ABOUT 25 years of age, with several years' experience in the business, desires a position as clerk or salesman in a wholesale hardware house; reference from present employer. Address G., Box, No. 4,160 Post-office.

CLERKS AND SALESMEN.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF 23, FROM May 1, a situation as book-keeper or stock clerk in a banker's or broker's office, has had six years' experience in the business; writes a fair business hand; can give best of reference. Address W. J. C., Box No. 2,832 Post-office, New-York.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS TO go to Orange, N. J., one as cook, washer and ironer, the other as waitress and chambermaid, and to assist with fine washing. None need apply that cannot give good City references from last place. Call from 9 to 11 A. M., at 13 West 16th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK and plain cooking; must be a good washer and ironer, and come well recommended; wages $8 per month. Apply at No. 102 West 45th-st., after 9 A. M.

WANTED—EITHER A GERMAN, SCOTCH OR English unmarried man as plain vegetable gardener and coachman. Apply at No. 171 Broadway, Room No. 11, before 3 P. M.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED NURSE; MUST be good tempered and fond of children; the best City reference required. Apply at No. 435 5th-av.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COOK; BEST CITY references required. Apply between 9 and 10 o'clock this morning, at No. 33 East 20th-st.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS CHAMBERMAID and seamstress; City reference required. Apply for three days, between 11 and 12, at No. 63 West 9th-st.

WANTED—A WOMAN WITH A FRESH breast of milk to take an infant one month old to nurse. Call or address Room No. 9, No. 328 1st-av.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED PRACTICAL gardener. One who understands the care of grapes can apply to W. S. NICHOLS, No. 50 Wall-st.

SALESMAN AND BOOK-KEEPER wanted in a carriage warehouse on Broadway; best reference required. Apply to C. WITTY, 638 Broadway.

LAUNDRESS WANTED—APPLY AT NO. 20 East 17th-st., from 10 to 12 o'clock.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE ON MURRAY HILL, NEAR 5th-av., one of the most elegant and substantial homes in the City; built by the present owner for his own use about one year since, and now only sold on account of the owner's permanently removing his residence from this City; will be sold at a greatly reduced price; house 25 feet wide and of extra depth. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—88TH AND 89TH STS., NEAR EAST River, 18 full lots, (9 on each street) on the premises is the handsome large mansion in excellent order, with Croton water, &c., formerly occupied by the late Joseph Foulke. Also, a two-story brick building, 45x60, intended for manufacturing; the ground is high, fine view of river, and the whole admirably adapted for a factory, with beautiful residence for the proprietor. This is worthy of examination by real estate operators; capitalists wishing to invest in property now paying interest, and which must speedily increase in value. Terms liberal. Apply to WM. S. DUKE, No. 77 Cedar-st.

LEASE OF BROADWAY FOR SALE.—The second floor of No. 183 Broadway, with four years lease from the 1st of May; the premises are newly and nicely fitted, and immediate possession given. For terms and particulars apply between 10 and 12 A. M. and 3 and 4 o'clock P. M., at G. P. BURGESS'S, No. 86 Beekman-st.

FOR SALE—IN BOORMAN-PLACE, WEST 33D-st., to close an estate, a three-story English basement house, 20x41, all modern improvements, in perfect order. Lot half the block. Immediate possession given. Terms easy. Apply to KENYON & STEPHENS, No. 83 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—ON 116TH-ST., near the Harlem River, a two-story basement and attic house, 15 rooms, all modern improvements, in perfect order, carriage house, 5 lots of ground, an extensive view. Location very desirable. Immediate possession. Terms easy. Apply to KENYON & STEPHENS, No. 83 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—$5,800, TWO-STORY, ATTIC, frame, filled-in house, 25x[illegible]x100; extension; 13 rooms, full lot, hot and cold water, heater, &c. Terms easy. Apply to GEO. HUSSEY, No. 30 William-st. Or No. 132 Vanderbilt-av.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE THREE-story and French-roof dwelling-house, No. 232 East 50th-st., in perfect order, and finished with every modern improvement; house 18 feet 9 inches by 50 feet, lot 100 feet. Apply to WM. E. HOY, No. 111 Liberty-st., New-York City.

FOR SALE—A NEW FIRST-CLASS MANSION with modern conveniences on 140th-st., 350 feet west of the grand Boulevard, with unobstructed view of the river, and about a quarter of an acre of land. For plans of house and terms apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 7 Pine-st.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED HOUSES FOR SALE AND TO LET OR LEASE.—For lists apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., either personally or by letter; give full address and order will be sent to all satisfactory applicants.

SEVENTEENTH-ST., BETWEEN Union-square and Irving-place.—First-class, four-story, high-stoop, full sized house, superior order; also, neat house, fine location, 48th-st., $17,000. W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 171 Broadway.

$15,000 WILL BUY THE FIRST-CLASS brown-stone high-stoop house No. 173 West 40th-st. Inquire on the premises from 9 to 11 A. M., and after 4 P. M.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME THREE-STORY brown-stone house, just finished, situated on the south side of Perry-st., fourth house west of 4th-st. Apply in the office at No. 127 Clinton-place, 8th-st.

FOR SALE—AT HARLEM, HOUSES BROWN-stone, brick and frame; modern improvements; $4,000 to $50,000. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 121 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—A NEW THREE-STORY BRICK dwelling, No. 233 East 77th-st., east of 3d-av.; price $7,000. Inquire of I. B. HAMMOND.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FOUR FIRST-class brown-stone houses on the east side of Lexington-av. and 40th-st. Inquire for JAS. M. COBURN.

WANTED—A GENERAL AGENT FOR THE United States for a valuable subscription book now ready, and branch agencies partly established. Address A. B., Tribune Office, New-York.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

527 LOTS FOR SALE CHEAP.—LAUREL Hill overlooking East River and Brooklyn, forty minutes from City Hall, New-York, nearer than middle of Central Park, suitable for dwellings; also large water front on Newtown Creek, suitable for ropewalks, factories and lumber-yards; price $150 to $350; terms easy; inducements to large purchasers; accessible by Flushing Railroad, Brooklyn street cars and boats. Apply to J. RAPELYE, Laurel Hill, or to W. N. CLARK, No. 170 William-st.

A FINE RESIDENCE FOR SALE—POSSESSION before May 1—The property of an estate, desirable in every respect; house 25 feet wide, (double,) three-stories, attic and basement; in excellent order; has every convenience; lots adjoining if wanted; to examine house apply for keys at No. 191 President-st., Brooklyn. For terms apply to E. R. KELLOGG, Executor, No. 64 Cedar-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—PRICE $18,000; rent $1,200; marble house, No. 74 3d-place, Brooklyn; all modern improvements, in perfect order; 10 minutes' walk from Hamilton Ferry; Court-st. cars pass the door. Apply to owner, Dr. VAN TUYL, No. 208 Cherry-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION—the desirable first-class residence No. 2 2d-place, with stable; house 34 feet wide (double); in excellent order; has every convenience. Can be seen any time in day by applying at No. 18 2d-place; terms easy. E. R. KELLOGG, No. 64 Cedar-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—NO. 45 FIRST-place, Brooklyn, will be sold a bargain, or if not sold in two days will be rented to a good tenant. Apply to W. A. COIT, No. 4 Pine-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—THE COUNTRY SEAT AND FARM of John B. Gough, "Hillside," five miles from Worcester, Mass., consisting of 240 acres of land, (mowing, pasture, tillage and 20 acres wood,) well watered. The main house has about 20 rooms and all the conveniences of a city house, (except gas,) hot and cold water, &c. There are also a cottage with eight rooms and a tenant-house, beside all the necessary outbuildings. The location is delightful, and the drives in all directions are uncommonly pleasant. Is in the vicinity of Quinsigamond and other lakes. For further particulars, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

WHITESTONE.

Three adjoining country residences for sale or to let on Whitestone-av., Flushing, L. I. Apply to Dr. R. S. HOUGHTON, on the premises, or to LAWRENCE & FOULKE, No. 111 Broadway, basement, Room D.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE RESIDENCE on Staten Island, within 45 minutes of Wall-st.; communication hourly from 6 A. M. until midnight; convenient to either ferry. The mansion is newly built of brick, double walls, 60x45, with French slate roof, and replete with all modern improvements, gas and water throughout, billiard-room, &c.; extensive grounds in the most improved state of cultivation, with greenhouses, grapery, gardens and lawns, stable and gardener's lodge. The unsurpassed view it commands, the neighborhood, the thorough improvements and convenience of access, render this property exceedingly desirable for business men desiring to purchase a valuable estate near the City. Terms easy. For permits to view and further information, apply at No. 45 Broadway.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE residences on the Hudson River, in the upper part of Dutchess County, comprising 110 acres of excellent land, a first-class stone mansion, and all needful outbuildings, the whole in capital order. The views are unsurpassed, commanding the river for a stretch of 12 miles, and the whole range of the Catskill Mountains. Also, adjoining the above, 150 acres of the best land, with extensive farm buildings and a superb building site on the river. The two plots will be sold together, if desired, forming a country seat equaled by few on the river. For full particulars, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE, WITH CITY CONveniences, one hour from City Hall; 12 trains daily; neighborhood unexceptionable; near schools and churches; house and stable large, in prime order; water, gas, and all the modern improvements; three acres in garden, fruit, lawn and shade; five miles of pleasant drives and shady walks; high, healthy location; extensive view; a first-class residence Summer and Winter; furnished or unfurnished. Apply to the owner, J. L. PARKER, No. 32 Cortlandt-st., New-York, where photograph can be seen.

A SPLENDID COUNTRY RESIDENCE for sale, within three-quarters of a mile of Tarrytown depot, with immediate possession, a fine dwelling, some 20 rooms, all modern; good outbuildings, greenhouse, &c., with 16 acres of good land; great abundance of choice fruit, shrubbery and shade trees; river and land views of great beauty; fine garden, handsome lawn, graveled roads and walks; neighborhood unsurpassed. Price, terms, &c., with S. EMBERSON, No. 421 8th-av.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY SEAT OF FIFTY acres, in the State of Delaware, on the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, one hour's ride from Philadelphia. The expansive view combines landscape and water scenery, and the shipping on the River Delaware. Photographs of the residence can be seen at the bookstands of the St. Nicholas and Fifth-avenue Hotels, and pamphlets obtained with full particulars and description.

FOR SALE AT FORDHAM—A HOUSE, furnished or unfurnished, 14 rooms, carriage-house, hennery, &c.; three-fourths of an acre of land highly cultivated, well stocked with choice fruits, flowers, &c.; on Central Bridge road, corner Valentine-av., five minutes' walk from Fordham Depot, Harlem Railroad; half mile from steamboat landing on Harlem River. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—COMPLETELY furnished, an elegant country residence at Fishkill on the Hudson. The house is large, with all modern improvements, outbuildings numerous and complete; 45 to 70 acres choice land, with half mile frontage on the river. For particulars, inquire at No. 11 Wall-st., Room No. 13, between the hours of 11 and 2.

A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE FOR SALE at Tarrytown; double house; pleasantly located; a few minutes walk from the depot; shade and fruit trees; house contains 14 rooms; well built; all the modern improvements; gas, water, stationary wash-tubs, &c. Apply to WM. A. CROCKER, No. 200 Broadway, or at the Railroad Depot, Tarrytown.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A COUNTRY RESidence on Prospect Hill, in the town of Pelham, Westchester County; house contains about ten rooms; is on very high ground, and accessible; good barn and stable, with 50 acres of land. Apply to COUDERT BROTHERS, No. 49 Wall-st., New-York.

AT SARATOGA SPRINGS.—FOR SALE OR rent, the fine, well situated, furnished residence of the late Gen. Morris, United States Army; it is of substantial brick, large enough for a boarding-house, with about two acres of land. Apply on the premises, or to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., New-York.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 50 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—THE MOST COMPLETE AND neat country house to be found; will sell cheap to close an estate; contains ten rooms; one acre of ground, stable and carriage-house, &c.; fruit and shade trees. WOOD, YOUNG & CO., Nos. 78 and 80 Broadway.

FOR SALE—ON FORDHAM HEIGHTS—A beautiful place of about four acres; house nearly new; stable and carriage-house, good garden, abundance of fruit and shade. Apply to J. V. DE ESCORIAZA, No. 112 Water-st., New-York.

$5,000.—A GOOD HOUSE, BARN, choice fruit, and one acre of land, a splendid view of the Hudson River, &c. Call or address WM. CLARENDON, Sing Sing, or No. 38 Vesey-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, NEAR WHITE PLAINS—A house 40x44 feet, furnished throughout; carriage-house and stables all new; with from 5 to 115 acres of land. Apply to MITCHELL & SILLIMAN, No. 119 Nassau-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE COUNTRY residence, within one hour of City Hall; ten trains daily; the house is new, large and convenient, and built for owner's use, and is capable of accommodating a large family; there is a good barn and garden attached; price $12,000. Also, a small cottage house, barn, &c., with 1½ acres of land; price $3,000; the latter, if not sold, will be for hire on 1st May. Agents need not apply. Address Box No. 2,002 New-York Post-office.

BUILDING PLOTS AT RYE, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, AT AUCTION.—The unsold portion of the farm of Dr. J. H. and Charles Tuttle, divided into eight plots, varying in size from four to about fourteen acres. Sale THURSDAY, April 25, at 1 o'clock P. M., on the premises. The plots are all eligible building sites, and are well worthy of the attention of purchasers. Maps at the office, No. 43 Wall-st.
P. C. BULKLEY, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL ON THURSDAY, APRIL 25, at 12 o'clock, on the premises, near the depot at Rye, Westchester County, by order of the vestry of Christ Church, the property known as the parsonage; about two acres. Large house, recently improved and repaired, finely situated and well shaded. Stable, carriage-house, &c. Maps and plans at the office, No. 43 Wall-st., New-York. P. C. BULKLEY, Auctioneer.

CHERRY HILL.

For sale at Cherry Hill, N. J., eight mile from New-York, reached by Northern Railroad of New-Jersey and Hackensack Railroad elegant country residences, neat cottages and eligible building sites, fronting on wide streets and avenues. No sand. No mosquitoes. HOUSES ERECTED TO ORDER, and money advanced to parties desiring to build. For photographs, maps and full particulars, apply to
A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., No. 25 Pine-st.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.
REAL ESTATE AGENCY.
Houses and lots, farms, country seats, &c., at all points on the line of this road. A. C. DUNHAM, JR., Agent, No. 169 Broadway.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIdence on Long Island, consisting of a two-story and attic modern built first-class dwelling house, 45 by 45, with piazzas, and 9 acres of land, at Woodside, about a quarter of a mile from the Woodside station of the Long Island Railroad, within 10 minutes' drive, by Jackson-av., from the ferries to 34th-st. and James-slip, and within 40 minutes from the City Hall, accessible at all hours. The house, which was erected but a few years since upon the most approved plan for the present owner, contains all the modern conveniences, hot air furnace, hot and cold water, bath-rooms, &c., and occupies a commanding position, overlooking the City of New-York and the East and North Rivers. On the premises there are all the necessary outbuildings, gardener's lodge, stable, graperies, fruit trees, &c. For particulars, inquire of F. W. REIMER, No. 25 Barclay-st., or JOHN C. JACKSON, No. 64 Barclay-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET FURNISHED—A first-class country residence, reached by direct ferry from Wall-st. in 25 minutes, situated on Long Island, on high ground overlooking Staten Island and the Bay of New-York, containing 15 acres, beautifully laid out, well wooded on boundaries, with full-grown forest trees, large and choice evergreens, shrubs, &c.; lawns, shady walks, old and young orchards of choice pears, apples, grapes, &c.; about 1,000 trees and vines in bearing; mansion large, 60x60 and wing, modern and complete; gas, water, &c., barn, stable six stalls, carriage, coachman and gardener's houses, cowhouse, hennery, icehouse, 60 tons, filled; everything in perfect condition; neighborhood, fine residences, churches, &c.; no nuisances, public or private; reached also by horse cars or by wide graveled avenue for private conveyances. For further particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY residence of the late Wm. Lawrence, Esq., at Northampton, Mass. It is situated in a quiet street upon the bank of, and overlooking the rich meadows of the Connecticut River above Mount Holyoke, and within sixty rods of the railroad station. The house is of the first-class, nearly new, contains 14 rooms, conveniently arranged, and a high attic and observatory. There is an ample vegetable garden, a well-stocked fruit yard, and a flower garden more fully planted and more tastefully laid out and ornamented than any in the vicinity. For particulars apply to JOSEPH BATTELL, Esq., No. 166 South-st., New-York, or to WM. HILL, proprietor, Mansion House, Northampton, Mass.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE COUNTRY seat at New-Rochelle, upon the Sound, near the Neptune Hotel, with fine water view; convenient to depot and steamboat-landing; house of stone, about forty feet square, three stories and basement; both well and cistern water brought into the kitchen; woodhouse, gardener's house, Summer kitchen, barn, hennery, icehouse, root-cellar, fruit-room, &c.; nearly eight acres of excellent land, divided into lawn, garden, orchard and meadow; well stocked with fruit of the best varieties. For further particulars, inquire of T. H. FIELD, Nos. 155 and 157 Broadway, Room No. 7, where photographs, maps, &c., may be seen.

AVOID HIGH RENTS.—FOR SALE—COUNtry residence with half an acre of ground, at Eltingville, Staten Island, within an hour of the City; house contains parlor, library, reception and dining rooms on first floor, four bedrooms on second floor, with open attic, cellar under the entire house, with large kitchen in basement; is as convenient to a party doing business in the City as an up-town residence, and at a very much lower expenditure; plank walk to door; price $5,000; terms to suit; more land can be had if desired; possession at any time. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 6 Pine-st.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—A FINE COUNTRY residence with all the requisites for comfort and elegance, within five minutes' walk from railroad terminus. Four acres of highly cultivated land, with every kind of fruit and ornamental trees in great variety and profusion. The house is modern and capacious, built by present owner for his own use. The furniture can be had with the house. For full particulars inquire of W. H. HARRIS, opposite the depot at Montclair, or of J. H. PRATT, No. 86 Chambers-st. House and farms in Montclair for sale by
W. H. HARRIS, Real Estate Agent.

FOR SALE—A VERY COMMODIOUS AND finely-arranged house, with stable and other outbuildings, and 17 acres of land, with abundance of fruit, situated near and in plain view of the Housatonic River and Long Island Sound, a few minutes' walk from New-York and New-Haven and Naugatuck Railroad depots, Stratford, Conn.; for a country residence the scenery cannot be surpassed; the neighborhood is of the very best, and the locality healthy. Inquire of J. & G. A. STAPLES, No. 12 State-st., Bridgeport, Conn.

A HANDSOME COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT A BARGAIN—Situated in Clinton-place, 1½ miles from Newark depot, lately the residence of Rev. Alex. Mead; over eight acres, fine house, 13 rooms, outbuildings, fences, &c., in perfect order; grounds beautifully laid out, fruit and shade trees, &c.; about half an hour from New-York; will be sold very low if sold soon; half on mortgage. Apply to PHILIP E. BOGERT, Nos. 174 and 176 Pearl-st.

TO CAPITALISTS AND OTHERS.—FOR sale at East Chester, a very eligible piece of land, embracing about 200 acres, having a large frontage on two roads; can be laid out in village plots and sold for very large prices; on the property is a good dwelling-house, barns and all other necessary outbuildings, making it also a very desirable suburban residence; about two miles from Williamsbridge. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON THE HUDSON, TWO PLOTS of ground of 12 acres each at Croton, first station above Sing Sing; would make two of the most desirable country seats between New-York and Albany, or could be divided into eight or ten sites to accommodate parties wishing to purchase together. Those wishing to purchase on the Hudson at reasonable prices should look at this property. Apply to S. SINCLAIR, Tribune Office, New-York.

FOR SALE—A VERY FINE COUNTRY SEAT, situated on the Raritan River, two miles from New-Brunswick, in a perfectly healthy location, and commanding a very beautiful and extensive view of the surrounding country. It embraces about 160 acres; fine large house, icehouse, barn, carriage-house and all the necessary outbuildings; complete in all its findings as a gentleman's residence. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—MODERN IMPROVED FURNISHed country seat; house, 46x56; 6 acres on the shore of Lake Mohegan, 45 miles from New-York, one hour and twenty minutes by Hudson River Railroad; carriage-house, stable, wagon shed, hennery and park, boathouse and billiard-room, together with horses, carriages, billiard table and yacht; bathing, boating, fishing and shooting, all for $20,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—UNFURNISHED, at Hastings, on the Hudson, a first-class place, five acres well laid out, under highest state of cultivation, abundance of fruit, barn, carriage-house and all necessary outbuildings; house 2½ stories frame, in perfect order; gas, hot and cold water, bath, bathing and boat houses; fine scenery, &c. Will be sold low if applied for at once. E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

AT RAVENSWOOD, L. I.—FOR SALE cheap, a cottage-built house, 11 rooms, seven grates and marble mantels; Barrows' furnace set in brick; built in the best manner, and in complete order; four lots of ground; fine shade and fruit trees and shrubbery; part of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage. Apply to SAMUEL BROWN, No 69 Fulton-st., up stairs.

A VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE—Known as the Saugerties Lead and Paint Works, on the Hudson River, suitable for any manufacturing purposes; consisting of several large stone and frame buildings, and having a never-failing water-power, together with a stone farmhouse with fine garden and six acres of land. WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 6 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ABOUT 2½ MILES FROM FREEhold, N. J., on the Farmingdale road, the residence of a late physician, a house containing ten rooms, and about one acre of ground well stocked with fruit trees, stable, good water, &c.; a fine situation and very healthy neighborhood; price $3,000. Address ALEXANDER BARCLAY, Newark, N. J.; or A. R. THROCKMORTON, Freehold, N. J.

FOR SALE—AT FAIRMOUNT, NEAR TREmont Station, on the Harlem Railroad, a handsome double house, containing 13 rooms, consisting of large parlors, dining-room, &c., and replete with all modern conveniences; also on the premises, a carriage-house, stable, &c. Apply on the premises, or to D. MILLIKEN, No. 3 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—COUNTRY RESIdence at Greenwich, Conn., furnished or unfurnished. It possesses a commanding view of Long Island Sound, and has shade and fruit trees in abundance. Five minutes from railroad depot. Address AMOS M. LYON, Box No. 1,367 New-York Post-office.

NEW ROCHELLE RESIDENCE; GENTEEL location; two acres; house fifteen rooms; carriage-house and separate stable, seven stalls; lawn; noble elm trees; two minutes from depot; furnished; for sale or lease. Box No. 1,078, or J. P. ROBINSON, New Rochelle.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—IN THE VILLAGE of Astoria, a new house, 12 rooms; lot 82x110; about ten minutes' walk from the ferry and boat to New-York; will be sold cheap; terms easy. Apply to CROMBIE & SILLIMAN, Astoria Ferry, foot of 92d-st., East River.

FOR SALE.—A MAGNIFICENT BUILDING site at Pelham, on Long Island Sound; view unsurpassed in the county; one and a half miles from New-Rochelle depot on New-Haven Railroad; about ten acres, well stocked with fruit and shade trees. Also a fine building site of one acre. Apply at 4 West 26th-st.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE FARM NEAR PATERson, N. J., containing 160 acres in fine state of cultivation; will be sold in whole or in part; terms easy. Apply to SAML. F. BARGER, counselor at law, No. 111 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE—AT RUTHERFORD PARK, N. J., first station, Erie Railway, 33 minutes from New-York, a new country house, 10 rooms, and one acre of land. GEORGE E. WOODWARD, No. 37 Park-row, New-York.

FOR SALE—AT MILFORD, CONN., A VERY fine residence, new house with 12 or 15 rooms, well finished; with the modern improvements; stable, &c.; cost $18,000; 20 acres of land; fine location; price $15,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

A HANDSOME COUNTRY SEAT OF 25 acres for sale, on New-Jersey Central Railroad; everything in first-class order; $12,000. A. D. MELLICK, JR. & BRO., No. 25 Pine-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

A DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE—All fitted up and ready to be enjoyed. Good dwelling, model barn, gymnasium and school-room, with a fine private bowling-alley, greenhouse, &c., &c.; a profusion of fruit of various kinds. One hour from Wall-st., easily accessible ten times a day. Will be sold in currency at less than its cost in gold, viz.: $16,000 to $22,000, according to the amount of land desired. A considerable portion of purchase money may remain.

☞ This is a rare chance, one seldom to be met with, and worth looking into. Inquire of
JAS. B. PARSONS, No. 79 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE AT NEWARK, N. J.—THE most elegant and desirable residence in the State; the grounds, having a frontage of 180 feet on two avenues, are tastefully laid out, with an abundance of fruit and flowers. The house is of stone, three stories, with a five-story stone tower, commanding an extensive view of the surrounding country, and is replete with every modern convenience; large cellars, kitchens and laundry; spacious halls, parlors, music, drawing and dining rooms, beautifully frescoed in oil; many fine bedrooms, with cedar closets, &c. On the premises are a large barn and carriage-house, with stalls for six horses and two cows, with abundance of carriage room; also a splendid greenhouse and grapery. For further particulars apply to ANTHONY L. BLEECKER & CO., No. 8½ Pine-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—AT NYACK ON THE HUDSON, A cottage house, with two or five acres. Address WM. E. WHITE.

TO LET.

AT NO. 245 BROADWAY.—TO LET—THE second, third and fourth floor, separately or together; each floor, 25x114½ feet, with 12½x28 feet floors, hatchway, and entrance on Murray-st.; Broadway stairs to be widened. ORANGE JUDD & CO., 41 Park-row.

TO LEASE FURNISHED—A BEAUTIFUL country residence near the City; frequent communication by Hudson River Railroad; fine large house, handsomely and fully furnished; full supply of pure spring water, with natural head, throughout the house; stationary wash-stands, bath, tubs, &c.; gas, (from Gas Co.,) furnace, laundry, &c.; burglar alarm; stable, carriage and ice-houses (filled); fountain, croquet ground; lawn tastefully laid out; vegetable garden and variety of fruits; excellent neighborhood; near churches and schools; a complete establishment for Summer and Winter occupation. Apply to WILLIAM S. DUKE, No 77 Cedar-st.

TO LET—THE LARGE AND ELEGANTLY FURnished mansion of the late Robert S. Livingston, known as Almont, situated on the East bank of the Hudson, at Barrytown Station, about three hours' ride from the City. The house is complete in all its appointments; the lawn and grounds extensive, with garden planted; plenty of all kinds of fruit, grapery, carriage-house, &c. The views of the surrounding country and river are unsurpassed, and the location is perfectly healthy. Apply to J. W. ELSEFFER,
Red Hook, near the premises, or of
EDWARD SCHELL, Administrator,
at the Manhattan Savings Institution,
No. 644 Broadway, New-York.

A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET—Known and remarked as such by all passers by on the East River, being one of three houses at Ravenswood, with a splendid lawn of 300 feet; house modern Italian, 10 rooms, with every convenience; situation healthy; fine grounds, fruits and flowers, stable and carriage-house; access from the City by thirty minutes; pleasant sail from Peck-slip to Astoria by Sylvan Grove, or steam at 7, 8, 9¼, 11¼ A. M.; 1¼, 3¼, 4¼, 5¼, 6¼ P. M.; or 34th-st. Ferry at all hours. Photograph at T. M. MOORE'S, No. 142 Duane-st., up stairs. Apply there, or at Ravenswood, half a mile this side of Astoria landing, to JOHN H. WILLIAMS.

COTTAGES TO LET AT RIDGEFIELD, CONN., ON REASONABLE TERMS.—This village is one of the most beautiful and healthy in Connecticut, being some 800 feet above tide-water; it is within three hours of New-York, and is especially desirable as a residence for those requiring a dry and pure atmosphere, free from fevers of every description. Apply at No. 87 Wall-st., second story.

TO LET OR LEASE—STORE, &C., 27TH-ST. and 3d-av. Stores and rooms, 5th-av. and 21st-st.
Offices—Nos. 5 and 7 William-st.
Floors—No. 49 John-st. and No. 3 Dutch-st.
Floors—No. 839 Broadway.
Lots—9th-av. and 56th-st.
Apply at No. 192 Broadway from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 93 East 27th-st., to PETER A. H. JACKSON.

AT GREENWICH, CONN.—ONE MILE from the depot, fully furnished house containing 12 rooms, besides kitchen and storerooms; hot and cold water, bathing; grounds handsomely laid out; barn and stable and necessary outbuildings, handsome scenery, fine views; rent $1,200. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET, FURNISHED—AT NEWBURGH, on the Hudson, a very fine country seat large and handsome house, with beautiful and extensive lawns, garden, stable, coachman's house, ice-house, and an abundance of fruit; place kept in order by owner; one of the finest places on the river; or for sale.
WADDELL & ARMSTRONG, No. 11 Pine-st.

TO RENT—COMPLETELY FURNISHED, On Washington Heights, (152d-st. Depot,) a brick cottage with four lots of ground; garden all made; house contains ten rooms; has gas, furnace and water in the kitchen; rent $125 a month. Apply to CROSBY, OSTRANDER & JONES, No. 25 Pine-st., New-York.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—A FINE RESIdence, beautifully located at Summit, N. J., within three minutes' walk of the Morris and Essex Depot, surrounded by about one acre of good land; the house is filled in with brick and fitted with range and furnace. Apply to GEO. MANLEY, Summit; or, A. C. DAYTON, No. 34 Broad-st., Room No. 11.

STORE TO LET—NO. 23 PARK-PLACE, EXtending through to No. 20 Murray-st., 29x151 feet, first floor, basement and cellar. Can be divided into two commodious stores. Inquire of LATHROP, LUDINGTON & CO., No. 330 Broadway, or JOHN LLOYD & SONS, No. 15 Nassau-st.

TO LET—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY SEAT, near depot; fine healthy location, with stabling, garden, fine views of Sound, &c., and 45 minutes from City by railroad. Apply at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 93 East 27th-st., of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO LET—TO A PRIVATE FAMILY, A DESIRAble country house with 13 rooms, partially furnished, at Rye, N. Y.; location on high ground, and ½ mile from the depot. Rent $175 per month. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—AT GREENWICH, CONN., A HOUSE with twelve rooms, situated on high ground; good barn and excellent garden; will rent it for six months furnished, or for the year unfurnished. Address W., Box No. 2,113 New-York Post-office.

NEW-LONDON—COTTAGE, FURNISHED, TO let to a private family; a charming spot; with kitchen detached; barn, stable, bathing-houses and superb beach. Apply to HENRY A. MOTT, No. 17 Broad-st., New-York.

FURNISHED HOUSE AT LENOX, MASS.—to let for six months from May 1; rent $250 per month; large house thoroughly furnished; barn and ice-house on premises. For particulars, inquire at No. 41 10th-st., between Broadway and University-place.

A FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—TWO stories and attic, 25 feet front; will be let reasonable to a small responsible family of two or three adults. Inquire at the premises, No 181 Bleecker-st., near Macdougal.

TO RENT—A FOUR-STORY ENGLISH BASEment on 30th-st., near 10th-av., completely furnished, from June 1 to Oct. 1, (four months,) to a private family only; rent $250 a month. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—FOUR-STORY BROWN-STONE house, pleasantly located and handsomely furnished; will be rented to a small family only, without children, for five or six months, at $250 per month. Address Box No. 3,884 Post-office.

OFFICE TO LET IN NOS. 155 AND 157 BROADWAY—A fine large rear basement office, suitable for an insurance agency or company; also offices on the fourth floor. Apply to FRANCIS SPEIR, No. 54 Beekman-st.

TO RENT—FOR THE SEASON, A FURNISHED house, with garden and stable attached, in a pleasant locality at Cornwall, N. Y., four miles from Newburgh, and two from Cornwall Landing. Inquire of THOS. B. CUMMINGS, No. 50 Howard-st.

TO LET AT ORANGE, N. J.—A NEWLY-completed house with nine rooms, five minutes' walk from the depot; possession given May 1. Inquire of H. K. WHITE, Orange, N. J., or C. N. WHITE, at H. B. Claflin & Co.'s, New-York.

TO RENT—NEAR WEST POINT, NEW-YORK, a large house, plainly furnished; piano; considerable fruit; $1,400 per season if not rented by June 1; boarders will be taken at $14 per week. Apply to W. A. BERARD.

NO. 315 WEST 30TH-ST., (NEW NO. 341,) between 8th and 9th avs.; a second floor to let, with board, consisting of two large and one small room; pantries, with hot and cold water, both on floor; furnished or unfurnished; to let together or separate.

PARK-ROW STORE NO. 29 TO LET—Opposite Post-office site, seven stories, 115 feet deep, extending to Theatre-alley. S. BREWSTER, No. 53 Broadway.

TO LET—NO. 619 6TH-AV., STORE AND BASEment running through to Broadway, 175x26; will be altered to suit tenant. WOOD BROTHERS, No. 596 Broadway.

TO RENT—NEAR GRAMERCY PARK, A handsome brown-stone house to a private family only; possession immediate. VAN ZANDT BROS., No. 56 Wall-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—TO A small private family only; the brown-stone dwelling No. 69 East 23d-st., furnished in the best manner, for six or seven months. Rent $350. Apply on premises.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY HIGH-STOOP stone front house, No. 36 West 35th-st.; modern improvements; possession immediately; rent $2,500. Apply to STILWELL & SWAIN, No. 11 Chambers-st.

TO LET—FOR THE SEASON, AT DARIEN, Conn., a pleasant country house, furnished; 14 rooms, beautiful shade, plenty of fruit; one minute's walk from depot. Inquire of Station Agent at the depot.

A LARGE AND DESIRABLE COUNTRY residence to let fully and richly furnished: 15 acres land in Westchester County; also, furnished cottage and 25 acres. Apply at No. 269 Pearl-st.

TO LET—TO GENTLEMEN WITHOUT BOARD, two pleasant furnished rooms communicating, by applying at No. 181 7th-av., near 23d-st.; the best of references given and required.

TO LET—WITH FURNITURE, NO. 45 WEST 11th-st., near University-place. Apply at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 93 East 27th-st., of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO LET—ON THE BLOOMINGDALE-ROAD and 110th-st., a commodious house with about seven acres of land, fine gardens, &c., &c. Apply at ELI WHITE'S SONS, No. 168 Water-st.

COTTAGES TO LET AT LEBANON Springs, N. Y., with meals in them or at the hotel, as may be preferred. Address HENRY HULL, Lebanon Springs, N. Y.

TO LET—A HOUSE AND STABLE ON 11TH-av., next to 71st-st., all modern improvements, rent $800. Apply to GEORGE H. FANNING, No. 45 Rivington-st.

TO LET—A ROOM ON BROADWAY, SECOND floor, 20x65, suitable for an insurance office; possession immediately if required. Inquire at the office of the American Bank Note Company, No. 142 Broadway.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE AT HASTINGS on Hudson. Call on or address S. R., No. 15 South 9th-st., Williamsburgh.

NO. 37 BOND-ST.—TO LET, THE FRONT part of a third floor, (two rooms,) furnished or unfurnished; no children; references given and required.

ARTISTS' STUDIOS TO RENT, NO. 786 Broadway, corner 10th-st.

TO LET.

A MOST DESIRABLE STORE TO LET—No. 41 Park-row, first floor and basement: fronting and opening both upon Park-row and Nassau-st.; a fine location for insurance, banking or other business. Inquire on the premises of O. JUDD & CO.

OFFICES TO LET—IN THE TIMES BUILDing, suitable for lawyers or professional men. Inquire of GEO. JONES, Times Counting-room.

TO LET.

To a genteel private family only, the three new four-story brown-stone houses on the West side of Lexington-av., between 56th and 57th sts. These houses are handsome, and built upon a new plan, different from any others in the City; the rooms are all large, airy, light and beautiful, having chandeliers and gas fixtures appertaining to the houses, and with all modern improvements of the best kind; need to be seen to be appreciated. For terms, apply to
B. BLANCO, No 13 South William-st.

OFFICE ON FIRST FLOOR TO LET.

A nice large light office, in a good store in Park-place, near Broadway, large enough for two comfortable offices. Apply at No. 9 Park-place.

TO LET—WITH STEAM POWER, FROM MAY 1, the new, commodious and well-lighted brick building Nos. 112 and 114 Wooster-st., near Spring; 6½ stories in height; 50x180 feet; being convenient to Broadway and in a rapidly improving neighborhood, offers many advantages for any manufacturing business. The building is in modern style, most substantially built, in perfect order, and the engine (60 horse power) one of the very best in the City. The above will be let separately if required. No wood workers need apply. Inquire of BRUNER & MOORE, Nos. 75 and 77 King-st.

TO LET FURNISHED—AT NEW-ROchelle, on Lather's Hill, an elegant furnished house, with 16 rooms, and four acres of land; stable and grounds in perfect order; house has hot and cold water throughout; laundry and stationary tubs, bath-room, dumbwaiter and butler's pantry; is ten minutes' from depot. Also a small cottage and garden, charmingly furnished. Apply by mail, to New-Rochelle or on the premises, to R. W. GULAGER.

TO RENT, FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY—An elegant stone mansion, with 27 acres of land, on the road leading from East to Westchester, 1¾ miles from Williams Bridge Depot, and ¾ mile from steamboat landing at Westchester Village. The house is beautifully located, and has an excellent well of water; 14 acres of the land is laid out in shade and fruit trees and vegetable garden; possession given May 1. Apply to JAMES CONNER'S SONS, corner Centre and Reade sts.

TO LET—AN ELEGANT DOUBLE HOUSE AND furniture complete, for one or more years, situated at No. 135 2d-av., second door above St. Mark's-place; has library, billiard and dining rooms, and every other convenience desired; completely furnished from top to bottom; to a good tenant terms will be reasonable. Tickets of admission will be issued on application to the auctioneers, HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, No. 93 Liberty-st., a few doors west of Broadway.

TO RENT—ON FORDHAM HEIGHTS, FRONTing the Harlem River, the residence of the late H. W. T. Mali; extensive grounds, large furnished house with modern conveniences; barns, stables and carriage-house; garden well stocked with every variety of fruits; four miles north of Central Park, about a mile from Fordham depot on Harlem Railroad, and half a mile from steamboat landing on Harlem River. Apply to
H. H. CAMMANN, No. 31 Pine-st.

FURNISHED COTTAGE TO LET AT ROCKAWAY, L. I.—One and a half hours from New-York; containing 9 rooms, besides basement rooms; ice-house filled; stables and carriage room for six horses; poultry and bath-house; also a large garden planted with vegetables; the house stands in the centre of forty acres, commanding a fine view of the ocean. Inquire of J. M. PLUMB, No. 95 Chambers-st., H. MORGAN or E. H. LUDLOW.

TO LET FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS.—Furnished house in Newtown, Long Island, about half a mile outside the village; contains 12 rooms, watercloset, bath; with two large vegetable gardens; plenty small fruit and shade trees; stables if required; within easy access of New-York by two lines of railroads; possession at once. Apply to
FRANCIS T. WALKER, No. 18 Wall-st.

NEW-BRIGHTON.—TO RENT, FULLY FURnished, on Hamilton Park, on the highest point on the Island, a brick house, wide hall through it, 12 rooms, beside basement, kitchen, laundry and bath-rooms well supplied with fine water; gas throughout; terraced, garden planted, variety of fruits; grounds entirely inclosed; rent $250 per month for Summer. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET IN NEW-HAVEN—FOR ONE YEAR from May 1, an elegant residence on Hillhouse-av.; the house in perfect order and completely furnished; contains all the modern improvements; good garden; supplied with city water; stable and carriage-house on the rear of lot, which opens on back street; stable room for three horses. For terms and particulars, address JOHN D. WHEELER, Executor, New-Haven, Conn.

TO LET—A COTTAGE CONTAINING FIVE rooms, with large garden, on Cortlandt-st., near Spring, West Hoboken, N. J.; possession immediately. Also, plots for gardeners with small capital, for a term of years. Inquire of or address H. HUYLER DE MOTTE, Van Reipen-av., Hudson City, N. J.

TO LET—A FINE COUNTRY RESIDENCE, house new, contains 17 rooms, with all the modern improvements, three acres of ground, stable, &c., on the Hudson, at Spuyten-duyval, ten miles from 30th-st. depot; rent, $2,000. Apply to E. D. EWEN, No. 22 Duane-st., from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

TO LET—FURNISHED, AT NORWALK. ONE hour and a half from New-York by New-Haven Railroad, for the Summer, a first-class house; three minutes' walk from depot; fine view of Long Island Sound; with garden, &c. Apply to, or address, TOLLES & ELY, South Norwalk, Conn.

TO LET—A PLEASANTLY-SITUATED COTtage and ground situated on Brooklyn and Jamaica road, with access at all times by steam and horse cars; the grounds contain vegetable and fruit garden, ornamental, lawn, and shade trees. Apply to WM. H. ROSS, No. 117 Broadway.

TO LET—DURING HIS ABSENCE IN EUROPE, the splendid residence of John Taylor, at Bayside, Flushing, 50 feet square, with 30-foot extension; elegantly furnished; baths, stables, icehouse, ten acres ornamental grounds; terms satisfactory to a good tenant. Apply to R. C. EMBREE, No. 14 William-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED, FOR ONE OR MORE years, one of the finest country seats in Westchester County, on very high ground, commanding extensive views, 17 miles from Central Park; great abundance of fruit, graperies; riding-house, lodge, &c., on the premises. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—AT HARLEM, HOUSES, BROWN-stone, brick and frame; modern improvements; $1,000 to $3,000; one partly furnished, $1,200 per annum; immediate possession. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 121 Nassau-st., from 2 to 3 P. M.

TO LET—THE MOST STYLISH ESTABLISHment west of Central Park; splendid new house, 40 feet front; has bay windows, tower and piazzas, brick stable and 18 lots of ground on Broadway, 108 and 109th sts. JOHN BROWER & CO., No. 3 Coenties-slip.

AN ELEGANTLY-FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—NO. 108, CORNER OF 5TH-AV. AND 16TH-ST., OF EXTRA WIDTH. Apply to
E. H. LUDLOW & CO.,
No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET—A DESIRABLE ENGLISH BASEMENT four-story house, with modern improvements; part of the rent would be taken in board, but boarding-house keepers need not apply. Call on the premises, No. 325 West 23d-st., between 1 and 4 P. M.

TO RENT—AT CLIFTON, STATEN ISLAND, A two-story frame cottage, containing twelve rooms, and two acres of land, within ten minutes' walk of Vanderbilt Landing. For particulars, inquire of LEVI COOK, No. 48 Wall-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED, NEAR RICHFIELD Springs, N. Y., for the Summer, a first-class country seat, well shaded lawn of 12 acres; ice-house filled; good garden and outbuildings. Apply to D. J. CRAIN, No. 20 Exchange-place, New-York.

TO LET AT EAST ORANGE, N. J.—A house, 38 by 40 feet, with dining-room and kitchen, cistern and well, plenty of fruit and garden, barn, carriage-house, and 6½ acres of land if wanted; five minutes' walk from depot, 40 minutes from New York.

IN NEWARK—TO RENT—PART OF A HANDsome house, furnished and adapted to housekeeping or single gentlemen. The location near Lincoln Park and Chestnut-st. Depot. Fruit, shrubbery, and rural attractions. Address M. C., Newark Post-office.

TO LET—FURNISHED, AT TARRYTOWN, FOR 6 months, a cottage, 9 rooms, near the depot; also cottage unfurnished, 9 rooms, 2 acres of land. Rent $700 a year. KENYON & STEPHENS, No. 83 Nassau-st.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY BROWN-STONE front English basement house No. 14 9th-st., having all the modern improvements. Apply at No. 121 Washington-st., corner Barclay.

TO LET, FURNISHED—A FOUR-STORY brown-stone house, in First-place, Brooklyn, near Clinton-st., till Nov. 1. Rent moderate to a desirable family. Address Box No. 3,157 Post-office.

A FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY HIGH-stoop brown-stone house to let on 48th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; 20x50x half the block. Rent $3,000. S. EMBERSON, No. 421 8th-av.

FACTORY TO LET—THE GLASSHOUSE, Hunter's Point, Newtown Creek, East River, with water front and dock. Apply to S. B. SCHIEFFELIN, No. 170 William-st.

FOR GENTLEMEN ONLY—WITHOUT board, very nicely furnished apartment, front, second floor, at No. 149 9th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av. References exchanged.

THE FINE SPACIOUS STORE NO. 125 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn; excellent location; rent $600; fixtures for sale. Apply to G. T. & C. MORROW, No. 35 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET TO A private family, No. 110 East 22d-st., near 4th-av.; rent $3,200. To be seen from 11 to 2 o'clock.

CHOICE CORNER ROOMS TO LET AT No. 819 Broadway, corner of 12th-st.; also, fourth floor of No. 48 East 12th-st. Apply as per bill.

STORE AND REAR ROOM—ROOMS AND bedroom and work-shop to let in house No. 46 Hudson-st. T. M. RODMAN, No. 54 William-st.

TO RENT—THE PREMISES NO. 58 WARREN-st.; rent very low. Apply to JOHN J. DORTIC, No. 58 Warren-st.

A SECOND FLOOR IN BROWN-STONE house No. 144 East 31st-st., to let; all improvements. Can be seen from 4 to 6 P. M.

NO. 37 BOND-ST.—TO LET, A SUIT OF PARlors, and stables, if wanted; references given and required. Apply to Prof. PARRAIN.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

SMALL HOUSE WANTED IN THIS CITY for a family of two; rent not to exceed $800. Address S. M. D., Box No. 208 Times Office.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.—THE NORTH AMERICA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY will remove to their new office, No. 227 Broadway, corner of Barclay-st., on May 1.

JAMES G. KING'S SONS WILL REMOVE on May 1 from No. 53 William-st. to No. 54 William-st., corner of Pine.

DENTISTRY.

HALF PRICE.—TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN at No. 31 Bible House, corner of 9th-st. and 3d-av. Nitrous Oxide Gas and the Narcotic Spray used by FRANKLIN & SPROULE, Dentists.

PERSONAL.

INFORMATION WANTED OF ANDREW DAVIDSON and Mr. SPENCE, from Ballymena, County Antrim, Ireland, who landed on Wednesday of last week from steamship Aleppo. Call or address ANDREW BONNER, No. 73 Bleecker-st.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, APRIL 25, 1867.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
14th-st. and Irving-place.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, Italian Opera, SONNAMBULA. Characters by Senora Angela Peralta, Miss Stockton, Baragli, Antonucci, &c. Conductor, Signor Torriani.

WALLACK'S THEATRE,
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, THE FLYING SCUD. Characters by Messrs. Frederic Robinson, Charles Fisher, A. W. Young, B. T. Ringgold, W. H. Norton, Miss Mary Barrett, &c.

OLYMPIC THEATRE,
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7½ o'clock, The Richings grand English Opera, ROSE OF CASTILE.

NIBLO'S GARDEN,
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, an original and grand spectacular Drama, entitled THE BLACK CROOK.

NEW-YORK THEATRE,
Broadway, near 8th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, SACRED TRUST; OR, THE OATH ON THE BATTLE-FIELD. Characters by the Company.

BROADWAY THEATRE,
Broadway.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, THE PEARL OF SAVOY. Leading character by Miss Maggie Mitchell.

BOWERY THEATRE,
Bowery, between Bayard and Canal sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7 o'clock, LITTLE BOY BLUE and HUSH-A-BY-BABY; or, PATTY AND HER PITCHER.

THEATRE FRANCAIS,
14th-st., near 6th-av.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, LA TOUR DE NESLE.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM,
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
THIS AFTERNOON at 2, and EVENING at 7¾, YANKEE IN HUNGARY. PANORAMA OF THE NILE and PODIJAH B. PEASLEY. A LARGE COLLECTION OF LIVING WILD ANIMALS.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS,
14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, DON JUAN DEL JONARIO. THE HURDLE ACT ON A ROCKY MOUNTAIN BUFFALO, EL NINO EDDIE, THE CHILD WONDER, ACTING DOGS, ACROBATIC FEATS AND GROUPINGS.

NEW FIFTH-AVENUE OPERA HOUSE,
Adjoining Fifth-avenue Hotel.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, ROBERT MACAIRE. Characters by Griffin, Christy, Burbank, Boyce and Hughes.

KELLY & LEON'S MINSTRELS,
No. 720 Broadway.
THIS EVENING, CINDER-LEON, DEMON DANCE, SONGS, DANCES, BURLESQUES, &c.

STEINWAY HALL,
Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, COLBY'S ANNUAL CONCERT, assisted by Miss Minnie Hauck, Signor Bellini, Signor Severini, Messrs. W. J. Hill, Mark Smith, Rudolph Hall, David C. Hall, S. B. Mills, A. H. Pease, G. W. Morgan.

IRVING HALL,
Irving-place, corner 15th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, MR. and MRS. HOWARD PAUL'S ENTERTAINMENT.

EVERETT ROOMS,
Corner of Broadway and 34th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7 o'clock, LADIES' FAIR.

ARGUS HALL,
No. 600 Broadway.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, THE GEORGIA MINSTRELS.

ST. JOHN'S CHAPEL,
Varick-st., near Canal.
THIS EVENING, FESTIVAL OF THE TRINITY CHOIR.

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To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

The news by telegraph is to last evening. It was officially published in Berlin that Prussia did not find it necessary to appeal to the great Powers for the protection of her rights, and that she would not abandon Luxemburg. There was a report that the leading nations would make still another effort to prevent war.

GENERAL NEWS.

Our Havana correspondence brings information of a speedy change in the administration of the Government. A new officer is to be appointed, who will supersede the three Government officials next in rank to the Captain-General, and have full control of all civil matters pertaining to Cuba. A great saving is expected in Government expenses.

The Harvard College Faculty refused, on Monday evening, to allow their boating students leave of absence to participate in the proposed international regatta between crews of English and American Universities at Paris. The race is therefore given up. Yale had previously signified her intention of giving up the arrangement, as the terms of the proposed race were not satisfactory.

The railway up Mount Washington is being constructed with great activity. The track iron is being transported to the base of the mountain, and teams and laborers are hard at work. A large and magnificent hotel will be built this Summer, and will be ready for the travel of next year.

The Cosmopolitan Hotel, at San Francisco, was much injured by fire on Tuesday night. The hotel, which is a large and costly building, was crowded with guests, and the loss of personal property was large.

Almost the entire business portion of Petroleum Centre, Penn., was burnt on Tuesday night. The fire originated in a hotel, and several men have been arrested on suspicion of setting it.

Four inches of snow fell yesterday morning at Bedford, Penn., and there was snow at nearly all points along the line between Harrisburgh and Pittsburgh.

The Poughkeepsie *Eagle* states that a shad was caught in the Hudson on Tuesday, near that place, which weighed thirty pounds. Fishy.

The steamship *Asia* sailed from Boston yesterday morning, taking seventy-four passengers for Liverpool and nine for Halifax.

St. Joseph, Mo., and vicinity, was visited by an earthquake yesterday afternoon, which shook the houses and alarmed the people.

LOCAL NEWS.

An action is now on trial in the Circuit, Part II., before Judge DAVIS and a jury, which involves the important question as to who has the right of way when a truck, running on a City railroad track, comes in collision with a team crossing it at right angles. The title of the case is ELIAS FAIRCHILD vs. JOHN GRAHAM. The amount involved is not so material as the principle. The evidence having been closed counsel will sum up to the jury at the opening of the Court this morning.

The Supreme Court, General Term, adjourned yesterday to next Tuesday, the 30th inst., at which time all applicants for admission to the bar, who have been favorably reported by the Examining Committee and by the Committee on Character, are required to appear for the purpose of taking the usual oath of office. The Court will convene at 10½ o'clock, on the day named, when several decisions of important cases argued will be rendered.

THEODORE H. LOOMIS, formerly a clerk and book-keeper in the employ of CARTER & HAWLEY, No. 60 Beaver-street, was arrested yesterday by Capt. JOURDAN, on a charge of stealing $5,000 worth of compound interest notes. He was held to bail for examination by Justice DOWLING. LOOMIS had been in prison on a civil suit nearly sixteen months, and was only discharged yesterday from the Debtor's Prison.

Rev. Dr. FOSTER lectured last evening to a small audience at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association, upon "The Favored Position of the Young Men in American in the latter half of the Nineteenth Century."

A verdict of $34,081 93 was rendered yesterday in the Supreme Court Circuit, held by MASON, J., [illegible] entitled LEWIS EINSTEIN et al. vs. SAMUEL ENGLER. After hearing all the testimony on the part of the plaintiff as to the gold and stock transactions, &c., &c., there appearing to be no good defence, the Court directed a verdict for the above amount.

Coroner SCHIRMER held three inquests yesterday over the remains of as many infants, which were found in a pile of rocks, in an ash barrel and on the sidewalk. The last case was clearly one of infanticide, the imprint of the murderer's fingers being visible on the neck of the child. Verdict of infanticide was rendered.

The Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance of Eastern New-York, held its quarterly session yesterday afternoon and evening. Mr. JOHN THOMPSON was elected Grand Worthy Patriarch, and Mr. C. H. AMERMAN, Grand Treasurer. Interesting resolutions and reports were heard and adopted.

A decree of divorce has just been granted by the New-York Common Pleas, Judge BRADY presiding, in the action entitled THEODOSIA FLORENCE vs. OSCAR FLORENCE. The custody of the children is awarded to the wife and mother, who is the plaintiff in the action.

In the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, JAMES MITCHELL, alias Murphy, pleaded guilty of burglary in the third degree, and was sentenced to the State Prison for four years. Three other persons pleaded guilty of various degrees of crime, and were remanded for sentence.

The Common Council met at a late hour last evening and repealed all laws and ordinances relating to the conferring of licenses by the Mayor and Common Council, the object being to nullify the law lately passed by the Legislature, giving the licensing power to the Police Commissioners.

The trial of the Gardiner will case, in which Mrs. Ex-President TYLER is defendant, commenced in the Second District of the Supreme Court, sitting at Richmond, Staten Island, yesterday morning. The most eminent counsel is engaged, and the trial promises to be of unusual interest.

Chief of Police McMANUS, of Jersey City, has issued an order which directs that all liquor, candy and other stores of whatever kind must be closed on and after the first Sabbath of May, all violators to be arrested.

The Exhibition of the Patriot Orphans Home took place last evening at Plymouth Church, Brooklyn. Addresses were delivered by Rev. STEPHEN H. TYNG, D. D., and Lieut.-Gov. STEWART L. WOODFORD.

MAR. QUAIL, an extensive mercantile swindler and sharper, was yesterday held for examination by Justice HOGAN on two charges of false pretence of the most glaring kind.

We are again indebted to Purser MATHER, of the steamship *Columbia*, for prompt delivery of our correspondence.

United States Commissioner STILWELL yesterday committed BENJ. F. OKIE, the defaulting Post-office clerk, for trial.

Eighty-two thousand tons of Scranton coal were sold at auction yesterday, at a slight advance on previous prices.

The trials of policemen before the Board of Commissioners were held yesterday, as usual, President ACTON presiding.

Ex-Alderman LEWIS R. RYERS died yesterday at his residence in West Nineteenth-street.

A rather livelier business was reported yesterday in Produce and Merchandise. Flour, Wheat and Barley were steady; Corn, Rye, Oats, Lard and Sugars, firmer; Pork, Corn and Cotton, heavy. The freight engagements were less extensive, with 587 vessels of all classes in port.

Threatening Aspect of Affairs in Europe—Imminence of the Great Conflict.

There is at last something more definite than Stock Exchange rumors to guide the public judgment as to the probability, or, more directly, the imminence of an open conflict between France and Prussia.

The Berlin official journal, which speaks for the Prussian Government with the same authority that the *Moniteur* speaks for the Emperor of the French, declares, according to a Cable telegram received yesterday, the proposals of compromise submitted by the neutral Powers inadmissible, and on behalf of BISMARCK and his Royal Master the same journal avows that: "This Government did not find it necessary to appeal to the Powers for the protection of its rights, *and Prussia will not leave Luxemburg.*" There is no indefiniteness here.

The complete renunciation of his sovereign rights over the Duchy by the King of the Netherlands, so far simplifies the question at issue, that the three neutral consenting Powers to the treaty of 1839, by which Luxemburg became an appanage of Holland, are entirely absolved from the obligation of interference on either side, or on behalf of their *protégé*, the Grand Duke. The Minister of the latter in the Dutch Chamber has announced in terms which have nothing equivocal in them that Luxemburg is a Province of the Crown on which the King sets no value whatever; that he would as soon have sold out his ducal rights in the interest of Prussia as in the interest of France; that the sister German Province of Limburg he does set store by, but since that is guaranteed to him by the pledge and faith of the Territorial Conference of Frankfort, and by the official assurance of M. BISMARCK, the Government of the Hague is altogether content to remain neutral.

It is no inconsiderable relief to those who are to be interested spectators in the great game about to commence, to find so much of the surrounding dynastic rubbish and diplomatic mysticism thus brushed away. The complete indifference of the King of the Netherlands as to whether the property guaranteed to him and his successors in April, 1839, shall be alienated or not, at once relieves Austria, Russia and England from all obligation in the premises, and unless side issues should arise during the conflict, involving larger and more important territorial acquisitions, there does not appear to be any reason why these Powers should not remain perfectly neutral throughout the struggle. The King of Holland, in opening negotiations with France for the cession of Luxemburg, was dealing with his own patrimony; equally so when, at a suggestion from Berlin, he withdrew from those negotiations, and consulted prudence, if not dignity, in assuming the position of a neutral.

The value, however, which a sovereign of a non-military State like Holland attaches to Luxemburg can be no gauge by which to determine the eagerness of the great competitors for the prize. To the practical people of the Netherlands the Duchy simply represents so many acres of indifferent pasturage, marsh and woodlands, occupied by a population alien in religion. To Germany the great Fortress of the Province, one of the four strongest under the old Germanic Confederation, Luxemburg presents one of the strongest guarantees for the permanence of the existing national boundaries. The occupancy of the fort by Prussian troops, as well as by those of the Grand Duke, was one of the first considerations with BISMARCK in the settlement of the new North German Confederacy. And since the overtures for a purchase by France came under review, large additions have been made to the Prussian section of the garrison. With a keen eye to the importance of preventing any revision of the Map of Europe which should subtract even an acre from the dominion of Prussia, the great Minister gave prompt attention to the Western frontier the moment his hands were liberated in the East. Luxemburg, regarded from a military stand-point, is the key to the strongest posts on the Rhine. By four separate diverging roads it connects with Metz and Nancy; with Namur and Brussels; with Spa and Liege; with Treves and Mayence. The possessor of the Fortress of Luxemburg would virtually command the highway into Belgium; and if to this it is added that the fortress itself is one of vast natural strength, and has been improved artificially, so that it is alike well prepared for attack or defence, some idea may be formed of its military value.

The question, then, looking to the indifference of the Grand Duke as to the fate of his own patrimony; looking to the release which that indifference gives to three of the great Powers from all obligations of interference; and to the value of Luxemburg in a military sense to both the rival Powers—the question, we say, is whether either of the expected combatants are prepared for immediate warfare? The settlement, whatever it may be, is one which will hardly brook delay. Prussia replies to the humble appeal of the Grand Duke, (who proposes to sell his estate,) and to the friendly intervention of the neutral Powers, by doubling the garrison of the fort, and by announcing officially, as the dispatch published elsewhere reports, that the German troops will not leave Luxemburg. This either means—as to the future—that the Prussian Minister believes his Imperial rival dare not and will not fight for the prize, or that Prussia is armed and ready for all odds that she may meet. It would be a vain task to enlarge on the speculative view of the question. Prussia has not only all the military strength, equipment, generalship and means which she had when she entered upon the brilliant campaigns of last year, but she has, in addition, at her call, levies upon every German Province from Hanover in the North to Bavaria and Wurtemberg in the South. Her land forces could probably, without difficulty, be raised to three-quarters of a million within a month, and her policy, controlled as it has been by the present Minister, is to strike quickly the moment she is ready.

On the other hand France, although, according to Marshal NIEL, she could not probably show an organized and disciplined force of more than 600,000, and these only partially armed with the breech-loader, has an enormous preponderance of strength in her navy. She could in two weeks, with ease, blockade every North German port, and in twice that length of time wipe the whole Prussian Navy out of existence. It would then remain to be seen whether Prussia, in a sudden and sweeping land campaign, could counterbalance the naval victories which her rival could barely fail to win from her at sea. To most careful outside observers, the strength of the two Powers does not differ so much as to make it safe to speculate on either side. Meanwhile it is not easy to see how the Emperor of the French, sustained as he is by the voice of France in upholding the national honor, and goaded on, as he is, by the Opposition in the Legislative body, can refuse to take up the gauntlet which Prussia has virtually thrown down. The belief that he *must* do this to save his credit as a statesman, to justify his claim as a maker and interpreter of history, and to save his crown, is universal in well-informed political circles throughout Europe. And it is to that belief, or rather that conviction, that we must trace the prevailing financial panic, the end of which we have not yet seen.

The Mercantile Marine Service.

It is a coincidence worth noticing that while the commercial public here have begun, with some show of earnestness, to look into the glaring defects of our mercantile marine, there is an agitation for a similar inquisition in England. Those members of the Chamber of Commerce who steadily persist in forcing into view the comparative perfection of the Trinity House system of training and examination, will hardly be prepared for the announcement. There is no doubt that the contrast between the results of that system and the feeble efforts of the New-York Shipmasters' Association to establish a regular naval apprenticeship, is very seriously to our disadvantage. But the deep dissatisfaction of the British public, and especially of educated and experienced officers in the mercantile marine service, with the existing system of graduation at the Trinity House, is likely to lead to an early official investigation. Captains of merchantmen complain loudly that graduates come forth with a diploma, in scores and hundreds, whose education, theoretical at best, is so imperfect, that after being shipped they are found to possess none of the practical qualities of seamanship, and many of them are discharged after a few days or weeks attempt at service.

But in the procurement of good officers the British service has suffered less than in the failure to maintain a supply of the better class of seamen for sailing vessels. The great ocean steamship companies pick off many of them. They are tempted with higher wages and better treatment to leave their own service for that of some other country or some British colony. Some of them find it to their advantage to go to Australia, where their wages may be readily doubled. And our own service secures a considerable proportion of its manning from a like cause. According to one carefully prepared statement, "the best British *able seamen* (as they are technically termed) are gradually abandoning the flag, and our (British) merchant service is acquiring a bad name in the world."

In addition to those inducements to desertion already indicated, there is a still more powerful one growing out of the treatment ordinarily meted out to the common sailor on board British merchant vessels. His food is, too generally, of an inferior and most unwholesome quality. Vegetables and such mild stimulants as might qualify the deleterious effects of salt meats, are refused on parsimonious grounds. Impure water is too often their only drink. Their lodging is a dirty, unventilated hole in the forecastle where sick and hale together have to exist or rot as may be the case—with scurvy alarmingly prevalent from dietary and other readily apparent causes.

Such a description does not, of course, apply universally; but it applies so generally as to account in part for the decline in British seamanship which commercial men confess. The New-York Chamber of Commerce calls for additional legislation to enable us to institute an efficient system of training for the service. Not only does this appear to be needed in England, but laws, as well, to establish an inspection of the mode of treatment practiced on board a large class of merchantmen, and sanctioned without scruple by charterers and owners. The evils there ought not to console us for our defects at home. It will take years of strenuous exertion and liberal enterprise to gain for our service a standing and credit at all commensurate with the vast commercial interests of the country.

The Mexican Savages Again at Work.

We have a shocking report this morning of another massacre of Imperialist officers by the Mexican Liberals. While Puebla was under siege, the Imperialists refused two demands for surrender; and after the capture of the place, on the 2d instant, PORFIRIO DIAZ refused to give any quarter to the officers who defended the city, and caused the entire body of them, from Lieutenant upward, to be executed. Accounts differ greatly as to the number thus disposed of, one report making it twenty-nine, and another over a hundred. We should refuse to credit all this if we had not got official confirmation from the Liberals themselves of their previous massacres at San Jacinto and other places. The official journal of the Juarez Government, published at San Luis Potosi, has lately given an elaborate defence of the shooting of prisoners, with reference especially to the San Jacinto affair, but showing that this was rather the carrying out of a policy than an exceptional thing. Some of the prisoners do not even receive a soldier's death by the bullet, but suffer the most disgraceful execution. A recent report of LEON GUZMAN to the Liberal Government mentions the capture of several prisoners at Cerro de San Gregorio, and coolly adds: "These are *hung up on the road* from Queretaro to Zelaya." Not only do the military officers carry out, but the civil officers proclaim the policy of execution. At a banquet recently given to President JUAREZ, at San Luis Potosi, by the Governor, the Foreign Minister cried out, among many other things of the same kind: "It is war, war—war to the knife and no conditions." In fact, judging only from what the Liberals themselves say, we are compelled to credit the most horrible reports of barbarities that have yet reached us. We think that but a small proportion of the American people will be inclined to agree with those Congressmen and journalists who argue that these things should be allowed to go on without protest or remonstrance from us.

Votes versus Victuals—Which will Win?

There are two classes of negroes at the South which just now attract attention. One class is composed of the "smart" men, who have glib tongues and quick wits; men who pray almost without ceasing and talk with fervid eloquence from the hotel steps and Radical platforms. This class is not particularly in need. Their personal expenses are readily met by the demagogues who use their presence and their utterances for their own purposes. The other class is composed of men with families—men who need food, shelter and raiment twenty-four hours seven days in every week. These and their little ones ask for bread and receive the ballot; they desire work and are invited to the hustings. The first-class will be abundantly represented at the North this Spring. Fat and sleek, clad in irreproachable alpaca sacks and shiney trousers, they will circulate about the anniversaries, sit on the platforms, make impassioned appeals, indorse the Knoxville *Whig*, and kindly receive any donations for the colored people of the South that the charitable people of the North may wish to make. The other class will brood over their sorrow, grow sullen with discontent, turn childishly from the boons of suffrage and equal rights, and long for the flesh-pots of the olden time.

The observation of our correspondents, the records of the Southern Press, the official statements of army people and the Freedmen's Bureau confirm the assertion of unprecedented destitution among the people of both colors at the South, and the growing dissatisfaction among a large proportion of the idle and famine-pressed Freedmen. Unfortunately for the Radical element, the issue has been clearly made between them and the best meaning of the Southern leaders, the Freedmen being given to understand that the present and the future are beyond the control of their late masters, the *new* element being the responsible power. Quick as children to note the facts of the hour, the negroes will not be slow to see that the speculators who occupied plantations during the absence of the owners, and after several seasons of unprofitable work, abandoned not only the plantations but omitted to pay the men, are not the ones to whom they are to look for sympathy or aid of any kind.

The law protects the freedmen in their newly acquired rights, but to whom shall they look for employment? In this view of the matter the ultimate direction of the negro vote becomes *practically* a question of moment.

It is claimed by the Radicals, and loudly affirmed by the contented orators of African descent, that the votes will be cast with the Radicals rather than with the Conservatives; and in the class conservative they place everybody who does not adopt the extreme theory. The last census, after deducting ten per cent. for casualties in war and disfranchisements under the Sherman bill, shows the population and inferential vote, white and black, to be approximately as follows:

	White Pop.	White Vote.	Black Pop.	Black Vote.
Virginia	794,848	134,110	509,563	101,912
North Carolina	631,100	100,498	361,022	72,304
South Carolina	291,388	49,161	412,320	82,464
Georgia	591,588	99,833	465,698	93,199
Florida	77,768	13,120	62,677	12,535
Alabama	526,431	88,836	437,770	87,554
Mississippi	358,901	65,846	437,404	87,481
Arkansas	324,191	54,698	112,239	22,252
Louisiana	387,629	63,851	350,373	70,074
Texas	421,274	71,070	182,921	36,584

In this table the Radical prophets find cause of great gratulation, for in South Carolina the negro vote is twice as large as the white vote; in Mississippi and Louisiana there is a large negro majority, and in the other States there is abundant evidence of the strength of the colored element. If indeed this element would unreservedly cast its strength with the Radicals, they might well rejoice; but will it?

The Southern politicians were never sluggards in political matters. Scheming and managing are their normal political habits. The Southern Press is unanimous for kind treatment, fair argument, free discussion and immediate coöperation with the negro. Born and reared among them, the Southerners best understand their adaptable natures; they see their troubles, their anxieties, and their lack of friends and food, and to the uttermost extent we believe they will share with them, and in the end by gaining their affections gain their suffrage.

Reports and public meetings, anniversaries and tracts, bombast and flattery are all very well in their place, but a needy man will longer remember him who relieves his hunger than the one who complacently talks of the eternal verities and the "rock of everlasting freedom."

Our Bonds in Europe.

With or without reason, gold tends upward, and the war rumors from Europe are the immediate cause. For the moment, of course, the effect upon the prices of our gold-bearing bonds is favorable. The higher the market value of gold the higher the currency value of securities which yield returns in gold. It does not follow, however, that the rise of one will produce a continued rise of the other. The probability is the other way. Not only will the further advance in gold quotations be equivalent to a decline in the intrinsic worth of bonds, but even the market rates of the latter may be expected to fall. We see only the beginning now. By-and-by, if gold keeps on its course, we shall witness the return from Europe of large amounts of bonds; and being no longer able to settle our balances with promises to pay as the substitute for specie, we shall in all likelihood be compelled to draw heavily upon the Treasury reserve. If this stage be reached, the upward movement of gold and the downward movement of bonds and other securities held abroad will proceed with something like corresponding pace.

This view is hypothetical, of course. Arguing by analogy, with reference to the Prusso-Austrian war of last year, we might, perhaps, predict confidently that the double disturbance of which we speak will not occur. There may be no stronger reason for its occurrence now than then. But it were unwise to conclude that because gold declined and bonds rose last year, therefore the same phenomena must be reproduced during a Franco-Prussian conflict. These matters are not governed by logic, or even by mercantile laws. They are in the best of circumstances arbitrary, and are subject to influences and contingencies which it is sometimes impossible to anticipate.

Whether our finances suffer seriously or not, the noticeable fact is, that by refusing thus far to authorize the negotiation of a loan in Europe, and the issue of bonds with exclusive reference to the European market, we have exposed ourselves to the difficulty which many among us begin to dread. Our bonds have gone abroad in large amounts, but instead of being sent in a manner that would have removed the chance of their sudden return, they are in a shape which exposes us at any time to their reappearance in Wall-street. As a European loan, negotiated there, held there, and payable there, they would have been out of the way, so far as their bearing upon the price of gold is concerned. In their present form they are an instrument of speculation which may at any moment be used to our prejudice. The consciousness that they may be so used produces much of the nervousness which exists in financial circles. And the mere possibility enables gold gamblers to renew the unsettlement of values and introduce a fresh uncertainty and difficulty into all business relations.

MINOR TOPICS.

With the Mississippi levees reconstructed, and the richest lands of Louisiana and Mississippi once more in cultivation, the increased receipts of the cotton tax would amount to nine or ten millions yearly. The failure of Congress to meet the question twelve months ago is punished by the present widespread inundations, which will entail a loss of receipts from taxes estimated at from eight to ten millions. The difference between what might have been and what will be, therefore, exceeds twenty millions—a figure which the country can ill afford to lose. Apart, then, from the humanity of a well-considered measure for rebuilding the levees, its financial wisdom is susceptible of demonstration. The guarantee of a few millions now, to enable the work to proceed, would be repaid tenfold in a few years.

Nothing is now heard about impeachment. The newspapers are silent on the subject, and even the Washington correspondents, hard pressed though they be for items, rarely venture to mention it. The failure of the Committee to produce a single fact in support of their vague allegations, proved on what a slender basis BUTLER and company built their calculations. The more recent action of the President in regard to the attempts to delay the operation of the Reconstruction Law, seems to have given the advocates of impeachment their quietus. Their plea was that the President could not be intrusted with the administration of the law; whereas the declarations of the Attorney-General in the Supreme Court, and the steps he has already taken, prove clearly that the President is intent upon the enforcement of the law. That fact disposes of the impeachment business.

It would certainly appear as if the Government officers, who have so long been familiar with the available evidence in the Lincoln assassination case, ought to be ready to proceed with the trial of the latest alleged accomplice in that fearful crime. SURRATT has been in the United States custody for six months, during all of which time the District-Attorney knew of his approaching arraignment. He has been in Washington only since February, yet two weeks ago his counsel announced that they were ready to proceed with the trial. The "law's delays" have been asked and continually obtained on behalf of the Government, while the one who would naturally be expected to ask the indulgence of the Court has promptly appeared and now urges action, not delay. The peculiar circumstances of the military trials two years ago did not leave the Government in a position where it can afford to be accused of oppressive delays in consequence of being served by dilatory officials. District-Attorney CARRINGTON will do well to let all needful diligence *appear*.

It will be remembered that Mr. WEBB, of this City, the builder of the *Dunderberg*, asked permission of Congress, at its late session, to sell that powerful iron-clad to a foreign Power—he having received offers from abroad for her purchase, and our own Government being unwilling to pay the cost of her construction. It was given out at that time that Russian as well as Prussian naval officers had been over in this country examining the *Dunderberg*, and it was understood that the Prussian agents were authorized to offer for her more than twice the original contract price. Congress did not grant the request of Mr. WEBB, and the *Dunderberg* is consequently still with us. The Prussian Government, in trying to get her, evidently had the contingencies of the coming Summer in view. At this moment she would be of incalculable importance to Prussia, which, in case of war, will suffer severely in certain quarters from the commanding and irresistible superiority of the French navy. With the *Dunderberg* in her possession, added to the two or three Monitors she already has, Prussia might make something more than a show of fight in the Baltic.

The arrival in France of Marshal BAZAINE and his expeditionary corps from Mexico is a very opportune thing for the Emperor NAPOLEON, in view of the threatened war with Prussia. It adds to the immediate effective force of the Emperor thirty thousand of the most hardened and experienced troops in the French service. Their discipline has hardly suffered at all, even in such service as they have had in Mexico, and they will enter all the more eagerly upon a great civilized war, because of the mean and barbarous struggle in which they have been engaged during the last four years. BAZAINE, too, is a very capable soldier, though he had not much chance of displaying the fact in the Mexican campaign. We do not doubt that the officers and soldiers of the Mexican corps will signalize themselves in the approaching war on the Rhine—if such a war is to take place.

We should like to get from the French authorities a precise statement of how much money, in the shape of customs duties, they have collected at Vera Cruz and the other Mexican ports since Marshal BAZAINE and his troops abandoned that country. It will be remembered that before withdrawing the French army from Mexico, the Emperor NAPOLEON was very particular about entering into an arrangement that the receipts from customs at certain ports should be under French control, and should accrue to the French Treasury. The object of this was, of course, to quiet the French holders of Mexican bonds, and to keep down the excitement that was arising from what seemed very like bad faith on the part of the French Government. Will the *Courrier des Etats Unis* furnish us an authentic report of how much has been realized from this interesting source of financial hope?

As during the European war of last Summer, so now again, in prospect of another war, we hear of certain American officers, Southern and Northern, proposing to offer their services to one or other of the European belligerents. We must suppose these officers to be very ignorant of the rules, usages and conditions of military service in the great military nations of Europe. For the lower grades of the service, every European nation has always a superabundant supply of officers and aspirants, and even if at any time any one of them had not, it would be preposterous to suppose that Americans, without the training or military education required of officers in continental armies, could secure subordinate official position. As to the higher posts, such as Generals and Marshals, to which all Americans would naturally aspire, it would be as well for them to strike at once for the crowns of Europe as for these. We have heard of a few exceptional cases of Americans as subaltern officers in European military or naval service, but they are preëminently exceptional, and none of them furnishes a precedent for other Americans. Those of our countrymen who desire to see service abroad can, however, easily do so by joining the ranks. They can thus throw their weight in behalf either of France or Prussia. It was thus that SURRATT served the Pope.

Military critics in this country expressed their astonishment last Summer that in the conduct of the Prusso-Austrian campaign, neither Austrians nor Prussians made any use of those experiences of the American war, which might certainly, on some occasions, have served either of them an excellent turn. The Austrians, for example, on the field of Sadowa, and especially on the retreat to Vienna after the close of that battle, might beyond question have embarrassed the Prussian operations and pursuit by throwing up such earthworks as, in the American war, were thrown up on all occasions, on large scale and small scale, by single soldiers, by companies or regiments, or by an entire army. It is the opinion of those who have studied that retreat most closely that a knowledge of the history of our war would have taught BENEDEK some lessons which might at least have made his defeat less disastrous. We shall watch the Franco-Austrian campaigns with interest to see if either side takes the trouble to follow, with something like system, the examples we gave the world. We have already taught them much about rifles, rifled guns, and heavy artillery; about Monitors, iron clothing and turrets. But there are many other things besides these which any European belligerent might learn to its advantage.

The drift of public feeling in Paris, in regard to the Luxemburg question, is indicated by the increasing sale of *La Liberté*. On the 8th inst. M. DE GIRARDIN, the chief editor of that paper, published an article severely reflecting on the Government for its course in regard to the Duchy. The sale of *La Liberté* on the street was at once prohibited, and the following day the sale went down from 29,600 copies to 27,100; but the next day the number of copies sold was over 30,000. The Parisians admire pluck, and the audacity of GIRARDIN contributes greatly to his popularity. On the day after the street-sale of *La Liberté* had been prohibited he published an article headed "What It Costs to Tell the Truth," referring to the costs of his own trial. In the course of his remarks M. DE GIRARDIN said that "If you tell a Sovereign how he might be great, he will treat you as LOUIS XIV. treated VAUBAN, or LOUIS XVI. TURGOT; he will say you are perverse and charlatan. But tell him he has never committed a single fault, and he will overwhelm you with favors and repose in you his entire confidence." For these words the Government has commenced fresh actions against *La Liberté*.

The New-Jersey Railroad Monopolies.

In reply to our paragraph calling attention to the story that the New-Jersey Railroad monopoly would not ask for a renewal of its charter, which is to expire Jan. 1, 1869, the Newark *Advertiser* says that the statement was originally made upon excellent authority, immediately after the consolidation of the lines between New-York and Philadelphia, and that since then it has heard nothing regarding it either in the way of confirmation or contradiction. The time selected for the promulgation of the report only increases our conviction of its utmost untrustworthiness, for it shows that it was originally used as an argument to quiet apprehension and to make the consolidation of the joint companies more easy of accomplishment. It certainly answered its purpose admirably, and now, probably, those who authorized the statement would be willing to have it forgotten, although so far as their future action is concerned, they will care very little whether it is remembered or not, for the New-Jersey Monopoly, as its history shows, belongs to that class of corporations which have neither soul nor conscience. The *Advertiser* proceeds to argue that the joint companies will not move to secure a renewal of these privileges, for "the reason that good jurists suppose the present monopoly charter to be in violation of the compact between the States; and so far as any judicial decisions have been reached, they have all been against the charter." Why did not this argument stand in the way of the consummation of the original compact—or why, after the bargain was made, did it not prevent this Shylock among monopolies from exacting the full pound of flesh? The fact is, that nothing but the sternest necessity will induce the joint companies to relinquish their exclusive rights without a struggle. If the State Legislature shall undertake to renew their charter, Congress will undoubtedly dispose of the matter in a very summary way; but the people of New-Jersey have so long rested under the odium of tolerating this monopoly, that they owe it to themselves to put an end to it, and if they have an opportunity to pass upon the question, we hope they will for their own credit give the concern its finishing blow.

Death of a Supreme Judge.

SAN FRANCISCO, Monday, April 24.

Judge CHARLES N. PROSNAN, of the Supreme Court of Nevada, died at San Jose yesterday.

WASHINGTON.

AFFAIRS AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, April 24.

RELIEF FROM THE TENURE OF OFFICE BILL.

The dullness consequent upon the adjournment of Congress and the cessation of the pressure upon the various Departments, is nowhere more apparent than at the White House. To-day, for instance, the crowd awaiting audience was absolutely reduced to a dozen or thereabouts, and the President and his Secretaries were for once greatly relieved. To a great degree this abatement of official pressure is due to the much abused Tenure of Office Law, which, though producing some jarring in certain quarters as it goes into operation, promises to be productive of some excellent results, not the least of which will be the fact that the offices are no longer the footballs of cliques and politicians.

Among the visitors to the President to-day were Senators DIXON, RAMSEY and ROSS, and FRANCIS P. BLAIR, Sr.

THE JAPANESE COMMISSIONERS.

The State Department has sent a special agent to New-York, Mr. CHILTON, to meet the Japanese Commissioners and accompany them to this city. On their arrival here they will become the guests of the Department. They will be presented to the President by the Secretary of State, and will receive that consideration to which their high rank and the object of their mission entitle them.

INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS.

The Internal Revenue receipts are now averaging about $500,000 per day, and for the month of April will reach about $15,000,000. The aggregate receipts for the present fiscal year to date are $226,000,000. The estimated receipts for May are $15,000,000, and for June $25,000,000. Aggregate for the year $270,000,000, against $312,000,000 for the year 1866. It should be remembered, however, that the estimate by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for the current year was at the first on $285,000,000, and that subsequently, when the law was amended at the last session of the Thirty-ninth Congress, the estimate was revised and reduced to $275,000,000. This will be nearly if not quite reached, and will be a most flattering result, when it is remembered that within the current fiscal year two revisions of the Tax Law have been made and carried into effect, with the express intention of reducing the revenue $90,000,000, $50,000,000 being the estimated reduction by the Act of July, 1866, and $40,000,000 by the Act of March, 1867. The income tax for the year 1866, collectable in May and June, will, in consequence of these reductions, not much exceed $20,000,000, against $49,000,000 collected last year for the business of 1865, and $61,000,000 collected in 1865 for the business of 1864.

SPECIAL AGENTS.

The President and Attorney-General had a further consultation to-day upon the point of appointing special agents to take charge of vacant offices where there are no deputies who can assume their duties, and as was intimated in these dispatches yesterday, it was decided that such a course would be a legal and proper procedure.

DISQUALIFICATIONS UNDER THE MILITARY BILL.

Attorney-General STANBERY has commenced the preparation of his opinion regarding the force of the disfranchising clause of the Reconstruction Act, and it is believed that he will hold that the provision disqualifying State officers does not include county, parish and district officers.

CONFEDERATE PRIVATEERS.

Advices from Toronto state that a decision has been made in a case before the Courts there, which involves many points of international law arising out of the war. The privateer *Florida* captured the United States mail steamer *Electric Spark*, and, among other articles secured, over $10,000 worth of postage stamps, which were sold to private parties in Liverpool, and shipped to Canada with the idea of getting them into this country for sale. Here our Government obtained knowledge of the transaction and obtained an injunction to prevent the sale. The owners of the stamps petitioned to the Court of Chancery in Toronto to dissolve the injunction and dismiss the case. Solicitor WARE, of the Post-office Department, was sent to Canada for the purpose of taking charge of the case, and succeeded in obtaining a decision in our favor, the Court refusing the prayer of the petitioners. An order was made that the United States should present testimony in the case, and an agreement was made to take depositions in New-York on the 6th prox., and in Washington and London simultaneously very soon thereafter. Our Government is preparing to bring up the whole subject of privateering in connection with this case, and, together with the Confederate captures, it is probable that the whole affair will be eventually carried to the House of Lords. The Toronto lawyers engaged in it despair of a final decision.

BANKRUPT LAW.

The rules for practice under the Bankrupt Law were sent to the Government printer to-day, and will be ready for general distribution about the 10th prox.

PERSONAL.

First Assistant Postmaster-General SKINNER started on a tour of inspection of Southern Post-offices and post-roads to-day. He will be absent for several weeks. Postmaster-General RANDALL is in New-York.

To the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, April 24.

COUNCIL WITH THE CHEYENNE INDIANS.

From letters received at the Office of Indian Affairs, from agents at Wynkoop and Leavenworth, dated Fort Larned, 15th inst., information is given that a council was held by Gen. HANCOCK, near the fort, with some of the chiefs of the Cheyenne tribe, at which it is understood they expressed themselves in a friendly manner. Gen. HANCOCK marched to Fort Dodge on the 13th inst., and up the Pawnee Fork, in the direction of a camp or village of about 300 lodges of Cheyennes and Sioux. The approach of the command caused great anxiety among the squaws and children; and when the military had advanced and halted within a mile of the Indians, it was found that the women and children had left the lodges—the warriors, one hundred or more, armed and apparently ready for a fight, remaining. Gen. HANCOCK stated to the chiefs that no harm was intended, and sent two of them after those who had fled. They returned, however, with the information that they had scattered and could not be found. Meanwhile the warriors began to leave, the village was surrounded by the cavalry, and the lodges were found to have been left, with their contents remaining in them. There also remained an old Sioux and a girl, about eight years of age, who was supposed by some of the party to be an Indian, and by others to be a white, or partly so. It was evident that she was neither a Sioux nor a Cheyenne, and had been badly outraged. Gen. CUSTER was sent in pursuit of the fleeing Indians. The fear is expressed that a general war will follow.

RELIEF FOR THE SOUTH.

The Southern Relief Commission—headquarters in New-York City—has received $10,000 in gold from San Francisco. The Commission has authorized Gen. SHERIDAN to draw on the Treasurer for $5,000, to relieve the suffering and overflowed portion of Louisiana. Gen. SHERIDAN gratefully accepts the donation.

PUBLIC LANDS.

The Commissioner-General of the Land Office has received returns of the survey of sixteen townships and fractional townships, embracing 303,780 acres in Greenwood and Seward Counties, Kansas, and forming part of the lands ceded in trust to the United States by the Osage Indians in the treaty of September 29, 1865. These lands are surveyed and will be sold by the United States for the benefit of the Indians, under the direction of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, at the price not less than $1 25 per acre; and according to regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior. The surveyed portions are in the valley of Fall River, a tributary of the Verdegris River from the west. The land is high, rolling, with prairie, well adapted to stock raising and grazing purposes. The principal streams entering the tract are Fall and Elk Rivers, Otter, Salt and Nancy Creeks. Lime and sandstone, suitable for building, are found in almost every part of the tract, thus supplying, in a degree, the deficiency of timber. Coal exists in several localities. On Salt Creek it is found in a number of places in the bed of the Creek and along the banks; also, on Elk River and Otter Creek. One vein on the latter stream promises to yield large quantities. A salt spring, about the centre of the tract, yields from 50 to 100 gallons of water per hour, and, it is believed, will yield sufficient salt to make the manufacture successful and profitable. In the vallies of the small streams in some places the soil is deep, rich and exceedingly productive—capable of producing all kinds of grains and fruits. Several fine orchards are found in various parts of the tract in a prosperous condition. In many places the timbered land and many parts of the land suitable for agriculture have already been settled upon. Some of the settlements with very good improvements were submitted to the Secretary of the Interior for his approval.

A list of tracts equal to thirty sections of land, which the State of Wisconsin is authorised to sell by the third section of the act of Congress, approved March 3, 1866, granting lands to aid in the construction of a military wagon road running from a point on the State line at or near Lacvieux Desert to Fort Howard, Green Bay, the Governor of Wisconsin having certified to the Department that the third section of ten miles of that road have been completed for some time past.

COMMUTATION FOR ARTIFICIAL LIMBS.

Numerous applications have been received at the office of the Surgeon-General from discharged soldiers for commutation for artificial limbs, the applicants being under the impression that the recent law of Congress for furnishing these limbs to soldiers who are in need of them will allow the value thereof to be given to the applicant in money, if such is his preference. This is not so, however, and no case has occurred where such a construction has been placed upon the statute, as it would be entirely contrary to its meaning.

ODD FELLOWS—THANKSGIVING.

The Odd Fellows of the District of Columbia have completed their arrangements for celebrating Friday next as a day of thanksgiving in common with their brethren throughout the United States.

The following order was issued to-day in connection with this subject:

Executive Mansion,
Washington, D. C., April 24, 1867.

Members of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows employed in the several Executive Departments and in the various branches of the public service in this city connected therewith, will be permitted, as far as may be consistent with the public interests, to absent themselves from duty on Friday, the 26th inst., for the purpose of participating in the celebration of the order fixed for that day.

By order of the President.

ROBERT JOHNSON, Private Secretary.

NAVY BULLETIN.

Rear Admiral Henry K. Hoff has been detached from ordnance duty at the Philadelphia Navy-yard and placed on waiting orders.

Commander Rolando has been detached from the command of the United States steamship *Florida* and placed on waiting orders.

The following officers have also been detached from the *Florida* and placed on waiting orders:

Lieut.-Commander Alfred Hopkins, Acting Volunteer-Lieut. W. W. Crowninshield, Acting Masters Rowland P. Brown, Wm. Hanson, Acting Ensign J. G. Koehler, Mates W. H. Denike, E. T. Dexter, Passed Assistant-Surgeon Samuel F. Shaw, Acting First Assistant-Engineer Chas. Cranston, Acting Second Assistant Engineers R. B. Swift, H. H. Arthur, T. Warburton, Acting Third Assistant Engineers Philip White, Lawrence G. Hart and Boatswain Wm. G. Tompkins.

Paymaster Charles E. Cheney, detached from the *Florida* and ordered to settle accounts.

Acting Ensign R. C. J. Pendleton, detached from the *Onward* and granted leave of absence.

Commodore Thomas Turner has been ordered to ordnance duty at Philadelphia Navy-yard.

Acting Carpenter Thomas McGlove of the *Lackawanna*, has resigned.

Acting Carpenter John J. Owen has been detached from the *Macedonian* and granted sick leave of absence.

ARMY BULLETIN.

Brevet Lieut.-Col. J. D. Stubbs, Assistant-Quartermaster, has been assigned to duty as Post Quartermaster at Charleston, S. C.

Notification has been received of the following promotions:

Capt. H. J. Farnsworth and Brevet Major F. A. Seeley, Assistant Quartermaster, to be Lieutenant-Colonels, United States Volunteers, by brevet, and Brevet Major C. W. Folsom, Assistant Quartermaster, to be Colonel United States Volunteers by brevet.

Brevet Major A. R. Benedict, Fourth Infantry, is ordered to report to the commanding officer of the District of New-Mexico, with permission to delay *en route* for the benefit of his health.

Brevet Col. W. McE. Dye, Fourth Infantry, has permission to delay ten days *en route* to joining his regiment in the Department of the Platte.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

It was ordered that No. 413, Connellsville and Southern Pennsylvania Railroad Company et al. *vs.* The Mayor, &c., of Baltimore, be argued on the first Monday in May, immediately after the argument of the demurrer in the case of the Commonwealth of Virginia *vs.* West Virginia, set down for that day.

The Court then proceeded to the hearing of No. 159, The Milwaukee and Minnesota Railroad Company *vs.* Soutter et al., and No. 203, the cases being argued together.

No. 190—Garesche *vs.* The State of Missouri—was dismissed with costs, the rule excluding Mr. Garesche from the Bar of that State having been rescinded and he admitted to practice.

Nos. 159 and 203 will consume the day to-morrow.

MACHINE-SEWED SHOES.

Major-Gen. Halleck, in a general order, dated San Francisco, March 22, says:

Being instructed by the Quartermaster-General for indorsement upon a copy of his letter to the Secretary of War, to fix a price at which machine-sewed shoes, issued, or to be issued, shall be charged to the soldiers in the Division of the Pacific, I have examined all the reports on file at the headquarters of the division, having reference to the quality of these shoes and their durability as compared with shoes of approved make, and decide that they be charged to the soldiers at the rate of $1 75 per pair, being $1 less than their original cost.

The Southern Famine—The Relief Commission.

The Southern Famine Relief Commission of this City, James M. Brown, Treasurer, have received an additional remittance of $10,000 in gold from San Francisco. The gift comes opportunely, as would five times as much from sources nearer the Atlantic coast. The Commission have just authorized Major-Gen. Sheridan to draw upon the Treasurer for $5,000 toward relieving the suffering occasioned by the overflow of the Mississippi, and from all parts of the South letters are received which show how utterly inadequate the supplies sent forward are to relieve the necessities of the people.

Rev. Julius I. Fleming writes from Sumter, S. C., April 18:

"There are numbers of freedmen, with their families, engaged in cultivating farms on their own account, or under contract with employers who have not agreed, nor in fact are able, to furnish them with food. These have thus far received no assistance whatever. Their scanty supplies are exhausted, and unless speedily relieved, they will have to sacrifice the work of the past few months, and, at present, very promising prospect of a good crop. Many of them are scarcely able now to perform a half-day's labor, and their plow animals are in the same condition. Assist them now, and with the coming harvest they will ask no further aid. Many of them come many wearisome miles to me, to know if there is no hope, and devour stale corn bread, given to them, with an eagerness which shows their famished condition. I beg for them a supply of corn. It cannot come too soon."

Mr. J. E. Bower writes from Spartanburgh District, S. C., and after stating that the District contained 28,000 souls in 1860, says:

"From the information I have obtained I am satisfied that it will not be too large an estimate to put down the really destitute, who will have to subsist for a time to some extent, upon the charities of others, somewheres between a fourth and a third of the entire population of the District. We have received no relief for this large class of suffering people from any source, the corn so generously sent by your noble association not yet having reached us. Nor do we know when that is exhausted where to look for more, should you not be able to make us another shipment. Permit me in behalf of the starving thousands of the District to thank you, and through you your christian hearted association, for your liberal donation already sent, and to assure you that I will do all in my power to distribute it in accordance with their wishes."

Mr. Isaac Branch and his associates write from Abbeville District, S. C.:

"With grateful hearts we acknowledge the receipt of 840 bushels of corn. We are advised that 800 bushels have been shipped from Charleston, but the above is all that has reached us. Some ladies have walked 25 miles for their two bushels each—the most we have been able to furnish any one—and have walked back again with hearts overflowing with gratitude to God for this timely supply. We had no conception of the destitution until we were placed on this Committee. We are certain that it will require 5,000 bushels to supply the positively destitute. If you can possibly furnish us with a further shipment you will gladden many an anxious heart."

Mr. G. A. Nunnally writes from Walton County, Ga.:

"In behalf of the suffering ones of this county (Walton) I now address you. The Inferior Court appointed me agent to supply as far as possible the needy and famishing. To do this a small appropriation, raised by taxation, was placed in my hands. Early in January I proceeded to my task, and found, to my surprise and sorrow, that more than 600 persons, white and colored, in this county were actually suffering for bread. I immediately purchased corn, and issuing the scanty subsistence of one-half bushel per month to the head, have thus supplied, poorly, for four months, that is to the 1st of May. The last bushel in the commissary has been measured out, and daily applicants, pleading for bread to sustain life, are turned away empty. They must starve if help is not speedily extended to them."

These letters have been just received by the Commission, and they are a sample of such as come to them every day from a suffering people.

PACIFIC COAST.

Injury to the Cosmopolitan Hotel, San Francisco, by Fire—Arrival of the Constitution.

San Francisco, Wednesday, April 24.

A fire occurred last night in the Cosmopolitan Hotel, which destroyed the fourth and fifth stories, and slightly injured the third. The cost of the building and furniture was $650,000, and the loss $150,000; insured for $60,000. The hotel was crowded with guests, and the loss of personal property is large.

The steamship *Constitution*, from Panama, arrived this morning.

Grain Prospect—Relief for the South.

San Francisco, Monday, April 22.

The agricultural prospects are excellent, and the grain crops in the great Valley of Sacramento, San Joaquin and Tullare are in fine condition. A much greater breadth of land has been sown with wheat than last year.

The Treasurer of the Southern Relief Fund on Saturday remitted $10,000 in gold.

Legal Tenders, 73½.

The Correspondence Between Gen. Pope and Gov. Jenkins.

Augusta, Ga., Wednesday, April 24.

The following is the substance of a correspondence which has recently taken place between Major-Gen. Pope and Gov. Jenkins, of this State:

Gen. Pope asks Gov. Jenkins if he had seen General Order No. 1, issued April 10, in reference to organizing States under the Military Bill, before he (Gov. Jenkins) issued his address to the people of Georgia advising non-action until the question of constitutionality was decided by the Supreme Court?

Gov. Jenkins replies he had supposed he was exercising such freedom in the expression of opinion relative to public matters as seemed to be still accorded to citizens of the Republic, and he did not imagine it was abridged by the accident of the speaker or writer holding office. In future he will do and say what he believes is required by his duty and oath of office. This he hopes will not involve either conflict or controversy between them in the execution of their respective trusts, and he thinks it need not. Everything of this character he desires to avoid.

The General, in reply, says Gov. Jenkins' explanation is satisfactory, so far as the past is concerned, but for his own part, being sent to execute the laws of Congress, he will carry out the provisions of the Military Bill, which recognizes the existing State Governments as merely provisional. The object of allowing these to continue was the administration of the State laws during the process of reconstruction. Had Congress contemplated opposition from the civil authorities, it would have legislated the present State Governments out of existence. Gen. Pope requires that the civil machinery of the State be not perverted so as to frustrate the execution of the laws of Congress. Civil officers are required not to use their influence to prevent the people from submitting to and carrying out the laws of Congress. After discussing matters fully, he says he will be compelled to remove all officers who, while in office, use their influence to prevent the execution of the laws, but he hopes harmonious relations may continue between the military and civil authorities.

The General Order No. 1 reads as follows:

"It is to be clearly understood that civil officers thus retained in office shall conform themselves strictly to the performance of their official duties, and while holding office shall not use any influence whatever to deter or dissuade people from taking an active part in reconstructing the State Government under the act of Congress to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, and the act supplementary thereto."

The Earthquake at Kansas City.

Kansas City, Wednesday, April 24.

A heavy shock of earthquake, of half a minute duration, was felt here at 2:40 o'clock this afternoon, causing the people to rush out of their houses. Portions of plaster were shaken off one or two houses, but no serious damage was done.

The river is very high and it is still rising slowly. Persons living on the bottom lands on the north side of the river are compelled to flee to the bluffs. Operations on the railroad bridge at this point have ceased on account of the flood.

St. Louis, Wednesday, April 24.

Two distinct shocks of an earthquake were felt here about 3 o'clock this afternoon, vibrating from north to south, and lasting about five seconds. Articles of furniture, crockery, &c., were shaken quite vigorously, but no harm was done. The same earthquake was felt throughout Kansas and different parts of Missouri, shaking houses, crockery, walls, breaking windows, and creating great alarm among the people.

Junction City, Wednesday, April 24.

A severe shock of earthquake was felt here at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon.

Large Fire at Petroleum Centre.

Petroleum Centre, Penn., Wednesday, April 23.

Almost the entire business portion of this town was destroyed by fire last night.

The fire originated in the Union Hotel, and is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

Strenuous efforts were made by the citizens to prevent its spreading toward Boyd's farm, which is thickly covered with oil tanks.

The fire is now subdued, after laying waste a large tract of land.

Many persons have been arrested on suspicion of setting the hotel on fire.

Cleveland, Wednesday, April 24.

The fire at Petroleum Centre last night destroyed the Union Hotel, the theatre, Kompursky's dry goods store and Schwartz's liquor store.

The loss is estimated at $75,000.

The supposed incendiaries have been arrested.

Officers Detailed for Registration Duties

Fortress Monroe, Sunday, April 21.

The following are the names of the officers attached to the garrison of the Fort, who have been detailed to perform registration duties: Brevet Maj. H. R. Putnam, Captain Twenty-first Infantry, Lancaster County; Brevet Col. E. Gunther, Captain Fifth United States Artillery, Floyd County; Capt. James W. Piper, Captain Fifth United States Artillery, Prince George County; Brevet Capt. Ed. Huntington, First Lieutenant Twenty-ninth Infantry, Fluvania County; Brevet Capt. Madison Earle, First Lieutenant Twenty-first Infantry, Giles County; Brevet Lieut.-Col. H. B. Reed, First Lieutenant Fifth Artillery, Rockingham County; Brevet Capt. J. A. Fessenden, First Lieutenant Fifth Artillery, Highland County; Lieut. S. A. Day, First Lieutenant Fifth Artillery, Cumberland County. Several other civil appointments have been made from this locality, principally ex-army officers.

Trial for Cruelty to a Child.

Norwich, Conn., Wednesday, April 24.

The trial of C. C. Williams, the Spiritualist, who, in January last, starved his child, a girl of 13 years, nearly to death, commenced before the Superior Court here on Tuesday. The evidence shows that he kept her in a cold room on water gruel for three weeks, and for three days gave her no food. He gagged her for speaking to him, and with his alleged paramour, cowhided her some twenty-five times. The girl escaped by jumping from a third-story window into a snow bank. The girl testified in Court to-day. The defence admits the facts, but pleads insanity. The evidence closed to-day, and the case will go to the jury to-morrow.

Senator Wilson at Norfolk.

Norfolk, Va., Wednesday, April 24.

Senator Wilson addressed a crowded audience, composed mostly of negroes, at Bell's Church, to-night. He said his Southern tour was not in the interest of any organization. He urged his hearers to support the platform of the Richmond Convention, and had no doubt Virginia would be carried by a Republican majority.

Gov. Peirpoint and several others peakers followed. Great enthusiasm prevailed.

Fort Wayne Railroad—A Denial.

Pittsburgh, Wednesday, April 24.

It is stated that there is no ground for the report that it has been decided to increase the stock of the Fort Wayne Railroad to $3,500,000 to be offered to the stockholders at 80 per cent. A meeting on the subject is yet to be called and the question submitted to the stockholders, which may determine its propriety.

Fight with Indians—Six Cheyennes Killed.

Junction City, Wednesday, April 24.

The *Evening Union* of this city says: On the 19th inst. a squad of the Seventh Cavalry under Major Cooper, killed six Cheyenne Indians at Cimarone Landing, thirty miles west of Fort Dodge. This is the first blood spilt in the Indian War of 1867. One of Major Cooper's men was killed and one was wounded.

Thirty-six horses belonging to the United States Express Company, were run off by the Indians from Chalk Bluff Station on Smoky Hill a few days ago.

Conviction of an Incendiary.

Harrisburgh, Penn., Wednesday, April 24.

George Weaver, charged with incendiarism, was brought before the Court this morning and found guilty. It is alleged he has been the principal in a great number of arson cases, running over several years. As he was being taken from the prison to the Court he attempted to escape, but was recaptured.

Virginia and Tennessee Railroad—Opposition to Consolidation.

Lynchburgh, Va., Wednesday, April 24.

The Virginia and Tennessee Railroad Directors have been in session yesterday and to-day. It is clearly ascertained that a sufficient number of private stockholders will unite to resist the consolidation act as a violation of the chartered and vested rights. They are sustained by able counsel.

Police Officer Killed in Memphis.

Memphis, Tenn., Wednesday, April 24.

A fight occurred in a saloon on Washington-street last night among some rowdies, during which a policeman, named John Claridge, was shot and killed, and another policeman was badly beaten. John Cosgrove, a fireman, has been arrested on suspicion of being the murderer.

From New-Orleans.

New-Orleans, Wednesday, April 24.

The Aid to the Chief of Police has been discharged by order of Gen. Sheridan for alleged discouraging of negroes registering.

The levee fund is exhausted, and work must be discontinued unless the planters are successful in raising funds among the bankers and capitalists of New-Orleans. There is no abatement of the waters.

Indian Fight in Arizona.

St. Louis, Wednesday, April 24.

The Prescott (Arizona) *Miner* of Jan. 12 says: Fourteen members of Capt. Hodges' company of rangers surprised a camp of Indians about 100 miles from Prescott, Dec. 31, and killed twenty-three of them. One of the rangers was killed and three were wounded.

The Iron Mountain Railroad Case.

St. Louis, Mo., Wednesday, April 24.

Judge Reber, of the Circuit Court, has declined to hear the application for injunction in the Iron Mountain Railroad case, unless it is supported by affidavits. A further hearing will be had on Friday, May 2.

Earthquake in Missouri.

St. Joseph, Mo., Wednesday, April 24.

A severe shock of earthquake was felt here at 3 o'clock to-day. Buildings shook and swayed with rapid motion, and caused much alarm among the people. No damage is yet reported.

Corner-stone of a Jewish Temple Laid.

Louisville, Wednesday, April 24.

The corner-stone of a Jewish temple, at the junction of Sixth-street and Broadway, was laid to-day. The ceremonies were interesting, and was witnessed by a very large assemblage.

Arrival of the Cuba at Halifax.

Halifax, N. S., Wednesday, April 24.

The Cunard steamship *Cuba* arrived here at 3 P. M. yesterday, and sailed at 8 P. M. for Boston. She has 40 passengers for Halifax, and 50 for Boston.

Snow-Storm in Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, Wednesday, April 24.

Dispatches received from Altoona, Pottsville, Bedford, and other points in Pennsylvania, report quite a heavy fall of snow to-day.

United States Steamer Mackinaw.

Philadelphia, Wednesday, April 24.

The United States steamer *Mackinaw* arrived from Fortress Monroe to-day, for repairs.

AMUSEMENTS.

Wallack's Theatre.

Mr. Boucicault's last drama, "Flying Scud; or, The Four Legged Fortune," was produced at Wallack's Theatre last evening. The hour at which the piece reached its end denies us the opportunity to do more than record its favorable reception. We shall reserve for another occasion a consideration of its merits. In the first two acts the interest, which begins, centres and ends in the racehorse "*Flying Scud*," increases steadily. The last two acts are poorer and more melodramatic. A ballet of jockeys in the second act introduces a Black Crook element, and commanded an encore, but viewed from an artistic view it is an intrusion. It interrupts the realism of the play. The dialogue, though not effulgently witty or keenly epigrammatic, is neat and easy. The scene of the Derby race is very lively and bustling, with its tumblers, conjurers, gipsies, thimble-riggers, &c., and recalls the fair scene in "Griffith Gaunt." The drama will be repeated this evening.

Minor Musical and Dramatic Notes.

Senora Angela Peralta, the new Mexican prima donna, is to make her debut this evening at the Academy of Music. She will appear as *Amina* in "La Sonnambula." This event will deprive Brooklyn of its customary night of opera, but in lieu of it Mr. Maretzek announces a farewell performance of the "Carnival of Venice," to take place in that city on Saturday evening. The festival of the Trinity Choirs is also announced to take place in St. John's Chapel this evening. Handel's oratorio of the "Messiah" is to be performed under the immediate auspices of the Rector, Clergy and Corporation of Trinity. At Steinway Hall, Mr. C. W. Colby's concert comes off to-night also.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Paul are giving, at Irving Hall, some farewell repetitions of the pleasant musical entertainment in which they first introduced themselves to this community. A dozen songs in costume constitute an evening's performance, which may be enjoyed without any serious effort. Mr. and Mrs. Paul perform their picturesque monologues with their wonted skill and spirit, and Mrs. Paul has introduced a richly droll addition to her previous clever scenes, in an imitation of the sweet tenor voice and unbearable manners of Sig. Brignoli. A little comedy in itself, also, is Mrs. Paul's extraordinary representation of two very different people at the same moment.

M. Hartz, whose exceedingly clever and remarkable slight-of-hand performances excited the admiration of New-York audiences for over two hundred evenings, has transferred his magic from Broadway to other scenes. It is his intention to make a tour of the country, and this evening will perform some of his marvelous tricks at Washington Hall, Rahway. On Friday he will visit Elizabeth, N. J., and on Saturday will give an entertainment in Harlem.

A novel and at once interesting minstrel entertainment is given nightly, for the present at Argus Hall—a small place on Broadway, above Niblo's. The performers are colored men and boys of every hue and age, who call themselves the Georgia Serenaders, after their native State. Their place of amusement does not differ from that made familiar in years past by the "counterfeit Carthagenians," who owe their short crisp hair to the cordwainer, and their dusky hues to the chemist; but the songs they sing are genuine Southern chants, and the extravagant scenes of humor they enact are but repetitions of the realities of life in the negro cabins of Dixie's Land. They are peculiarly earnest in their fun, too, and seem to enjoy their performances quite as thoroughly as their audiences do. The boy, "Al. Smith," dances a remarkably delicate and nervous jig, and "Johnson" plays the bones, while "Porter" rings the tambour as those eccentric instruments never were performed upon before. These are the stars of a very clever troupe of fifteen. If they were to fit up a convenient hall for their performances, new and dusky favorites of Apollo and Momus would undoubtedly obtain, as they deserve, an extended popularity.

A Remarkable Case of Robbery by Boys and Their Subsequent Flight.

On the 12th of December, 1866, Jos. Packard, a lad aged 17 years, and a messenger for Messrs. John Monroe & Co., brokers, having an office at No. 8 Wall-street, was sent to the Bank of Commerce with $10,000 in gold checks, which he was directed to deposit in the name of the firm. In due time Packard returned to the office with the bank-book, in which an entry of deposit had apparently been made by the Cashier. The next day the messenger failed to appear, and the firm supposed he was ill. As he did not return on the 14th, one of the partners called at his residence in Brooklyn to inquire the cause. Packard's mother stated that the boy had not been at home for two or three days, and she did not know anything of his whereabouts. Becoming alarmed, the firm made the necessary inquiries at the bank, when they discovered that the gold checks had not been deposited there, nor could they find any trace of them. The Detectives at Police Headquarters were notified of the robbery, and Detectives Vaughn and Niven were placed upon the case. Both these Officers worked assiduously, and ascertained that Packard had a confederate in the robbery, named Isaac Clark, aged 19 years, and after a long wild goose chase, the Detectives found that both the boys had gone to Canada.

Detective Niven had a number of circulars printed, and sent the same to the numerous Police Bureaus in the United States and Canadas, accompanied by photographs of the fugitive. One of these fell into the hands of Chief Lamothe, of the Montreal Police, and he ascertained that the boys were then in that city at a hotel. He at once proceeded to effect their arrest, but made his inquiries so openly that some one in the hotel saw the dangers surrounding the fugitives, and so informed them. Both Packard and Clark engaged a sleigh and drove to the village of Assumption, about 65 miles distant from Montreal, where they took a train for Portland, Me., leaving their trunks for the Police, who were considerably chagrined at their failure.

After remaining in Portland for a few days to refit, the young rascals took passage for Liverpool, England, on board the steamship *Hibernia*, leaving Portland on the 13th of January last, arriving at Liverpool on the 25th. While in that city they lived a very fast-and-loose life, and while intoxicated strayed into the hall occupied by Christy's Minstrels, when some dexterous English thief robbed the Transatlantic importations of $6,000 worth of the checks, with some other money. Packard and Clark had fortunately for themselves left $1,000 in their trunks at their hotel, and with that sum started for London, where they remained over a week seeing the lions of the great metropolis, when they started for France, intending to go to Paris, but on their arrival at Havre they discovered that their money had dwindled down to $500.

Finding themselves in a desperate strait, after all their adventures, the boys concluded to take for America on board the steamship *Stella* then lying in port preparing to sail for New-York. In due time the steamer reached this port on the 5th of March, and anchored in the stream off Jersey City, at which city the boys landed and then took the first train for Baltimore, at which city they remained until their money was all spent. Packard then concluded to go on a farm at Patapsco Bay as laborer, and he was accompanied by Clark. After working on the farm for over a month the lads became disgusted with the hard labor and poor fare, and finally telegraphed to Mr. Chandler, the representative of the firm robbed, asking him to send on for them, as they were ready to suffer for the crime they had committed. A clerk was accordingly sent on to Baltimore, Packard and Clark were arrested by the Police, and both the prisoners were brought into this City in charge of Detective Porter, and safely handed over to the Metropolitan Police. Inspector Walling ordered their detention, and they were locked up at the Central Office, where they gave the particulars above narrated. Both are apparently resigned to their fate, expecting to be sent to Sing Sing for five years each. Packard has also confessed that he came near obtaining $27,000, which a brother clerk had been ordered to deposit, but failed in doing so by mere accident. It appears that they had planned the robbery for some time, and acted deliberately in committing the crime.

Fire This Morning.

At 1:40 o'clock this morning a fire was discovered on the third floor of No. 13 Dutch-street, occupied by Mr. Barrowman, locksmith. The premises being directly opposite the watch-house of the Insurance Patrol, they were soon on the floor, and succeeded in extinguishing the flames with two of the newly introduced patent fire extinguishers, thereby saving considerable property. Damage trifling.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

The Patriot Orphan Home.—The exercises at Plymouth Church, last evening, have answered the admirable purpose of bringing to public notice one of the most deserving but unobtrusive charities in our midst. The Patriot Orphan Home was organized five years since, with the object of taking care of and educating the orphans of soldiers who fell in the late war; and how well it has performed its work so far as its means allowed, the happy, intelligent faces, and well-clothed forms of the one hundred and twenty-six children in its charge bear ample evidence. The home is located at Flushing, L. I., having six acres of ground attached, where the boys are taught practical agriculture. There are three schools attached to the Home, besides a Sabbath-school, and all the children are being given a thorough English education. The present officers of the institution are Mrs. C. L. Monell, No. 112 West Forty-third-street, President; Mrs. G. S. Robbins, No. 15 West Seventeenth-street, Mrs. H. Zabriskie, No. 131 West Twenty-first-street, and Mrs. J. H. Burtis, No. 123 West Fourteenth-street, Secretaries; Mrs. W. J. Haddock, No. 70 Hammond-street, Treasurer; and Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, D. D., President of the Board of Counselors; and donations in aid of the charity can be sent to either of these officers.

The exercises last evening were of a very interesting character. The addresses of Dr. Tyng and Lieut.-Gov. Woodward were but brief appeals to the audience in behalf of the Home, which were very effective, for the baskets came back from the circuit of the densely packed church heavily laden with greenbacks. The musical gem of the evening was the solo by Mrs. J. A. Fowle, of Brooklyn, "The Dying Soldier Boy."

The Festival of the Trinity Choirs.—The lovers of sacred music may anticipate unusual gratification on the occasion of the Festival of the Trinity Choirs, which will be celebrated at Trinity Church and at St. John's Chapel, Varick-street, this evening. The undertaking is of an entirely novel character in this country, being intended as an effort to imitate here those great musical festivals which are given with so much splendor and artistic effect in the cathedral churches of Great Britain and Ireland. In the morning, it being the Feast of St. Mark the Evangelist, there will be a full choral service in Trinity Church by the united choirs of Trinity Parish, when a sermon will be preached by Rev. Morgan Dix, D. D., Rector of the Parish, and in the evening at St. John's Chapel, Handel's Oratorio of the Messiah will be performed under the direction of the organists of the Parish, with an orchestra and chorus of nearly three hundred performers. As tending to foster and encourage the school of the oratorio, as apart from the mere private or professional speculation, it is to be hoped that this introductory festival may be a success, and its recurrence an established feature among our musical recreations.

Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Ball.—The Young Men's Association gave its tenth annual ball, in aid of the Orphan Asylum, at the Academy of Music, last evening. As at each of its predecessors, on this occasion the attendance was numerous and fashionable. The ball-room was crowded at 10 o'clock, and there was no thinning out before 3 o'clock this morning. Dancing was carried on with spirit through the night, and the fair visiters seemed never likely to tire of the galop and waltz, rung out with inspiriting effect by Grafulla's unexceptionable band. Among those present were a large number of local celebrities and many members of the City corporate boards. The Committee of arrangements were untiring in their efforts at promoting the enjoyment of those present, and in this task, it may be said, the members were unusually successful. Altogether, the affair was worthy of being ranked among the most brilliant reunions of the season, and all who were present are certain to remember it as the occasion of much unalloyed pleasure.

Arrivals in the City.—Senator Fessenden, Maine, and C. O. Rogers, of the Boston *Journal*, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. Com. Brink, U. S. N., Hon. Mr. McCragin, Washington; Hon. W. H. Barnum, Connecticut; Maj.-Gen. Thomas H. Kane, Pennsylvania; Hon. W. F. Leach, Philadelphia; Hon. H. H. Houston, Philadelphia, and W. A. Phillips, Kansas, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel. Hon. W. Windom, Minnesota, and Hon. Julius Morious, Buffalo, are at the Hoffman House. Hon. Robert H. Pruyn, Albany; Hon. J. H. Ramsey, Albany; Gen. H. L. Cake, Pennsylvania; Hon. E. M. Madeson, Albany: Hon. A. W. Kendall, Washington; Hon. H. A. Risley; Washington, and S. B. Grice, Philadelphia, are at the Astor House.

Lecture Last Evening.—Rev. Randolph S. Foster, D. D., delivered a lecture last evening before the Young Men's Christian Association of this City, at the rooms corner of Fifth-avenue and Twenty-second-street. The weather was so unfavorable as to prevent a large attendance, there being probably not more than fifty persons in the room—three or four of whom were of the gentler sex. The lecturer's topic was: "The Favored Position of the Young Men of America in the Latter Half of the Nineteenth Century." The Doctor very forcibly sustained by argument the premise intimated in the subject as announced, and concluded with an earnest appeal to his young gentlemen hearers to "improve well the privilege of living in this glorious nineteenth century." The discourse was well received.

The Trinity Choir Festival.—We are desired to state that the few remaining tickets for this festival will be sold at $5 and $25, instead of $1 and $15, as advertised elsewhere. The correction did not reach the Times office early enough to go under the proper heading, and hence is noticed in this column.

Death of Ex-Alderman Ryers.—Mr. Lewis R. Ryers, Ex-Alderman of the Ninth District, died yesterday morning at his residence, No. 233 West Nineteenth-street, of congestion of the lungs, after an illness of six weeks' duration. Mr. Ryers sat in the Board of Aldermen during the years 1863 and 1864. He was for some years previously employed in the Street Commissioner's Department. Mr. Ryers, who was an influential member of the Democratic Party, was possessed of fair abilities, and his opinions, when delivered in the Board of Aldermen, were always listened to with attention by his colleagues. He leaves a widow and quite a large family. His funeral will take place at 1 o'clock P. M. on Friday, and will be attended by the members of the Common Council.

The Japanese Commissioners.—The Japanese Commissioners, now stopping at the Metropolitan Hotel, will to-day, escorted by Mr. R. S. Chilton, of the State Department, and Mr. J. C. Derby, United States Agent, and Col. George S. Fisher, formerly United States Consul at Yeddo, visit the Navy-yard, Central Park and some of the important public institutions. This was the programme for yesterday, but it was interfered with by the character of the weather.

Installation of Rev. Lyman Abbott.—The ceremony of the installation of Rev. Lyman Abbott as Pastor of the New-England (Congregational) Church, will take place this evening in the church edifice, West Forty-first-street, near Sixth-avenue. The clergymen who will assist are Rev. Drs. Storrs and Buddington; Revs. Henry Ward Beecher, George B. Bacon, and Edward Abbott, of Cambridgeport, Mass.

Steamship Great Eastern.—We are assured by the passenger agents in this City that a large number of state-rooms have already been secured for the second voyage out of this mammoth vessel, and that she will positively sail on the 28th of May next. Parties visiting the Great Exhibition in Paris are likely to reach it in good season by leaving New-York in the *Great Eastern*.

Sight-seeing from New-York to Jerusalem.—Rev. J. Hyatt Smith, of the Lee-avenue (Williamsburgh) Baptist Church, will lecture on the subject of "Sight-seeing from New-York to Jerusalem," at the Cooper Institute this evening. Mr. Smith is an able lecturer, and is possessed of a fund of humor and incident which never fails him. The large hall will doubtless be crowded with eager listeners.

The Sale of Corporation Real Estate.—Up to the close of business hours yesterday property to the amount of $606,209, purchased at the late Corporation sale, had been settled for. It is expected that by the end of the week the whole amount—about $850,000—will have been paid in.

Government Pardon.—Michael Hart, who was convicted in the United States Circuit Court on the charge of embezzling letters in the Post-office of this City, and sentenced to the State Prison for ten years, has been pardoned by the President, and released.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

The Dutchtown Elopement Case.—It is said that the man Aaron Meyer, late of No. 90 Ewen-street, E. D., who eloped with the girl Decla Muller on the 20th inst., has a wife and family in Germany. Before his departure Meyer borrowed large sums of money from his acquaintances, and among the number of his victims are Mr. Moses May of No. 147 Leonard-street, who loses $500; Isaac Meyer loses $2,000; Mr. Lippold, jeweler, $100, and Mr. Rumpf of South Sixth-street, $200. The girl who accompanied Meyer in his guilty flight, is said to be only 13 years of age. It is believed that they are on their way to California.

Judge versus Lawyer.—Mr. John M. Flynn, a young lawyer, was yesterday fined $25 by Justice Dailey for contempt of Court, and upon his refusal to pay the fine he was sent to the County Jail for fifteen days. Last evening he was released on a writ of *habeas corpus*, issued by Judge Gilbert, on the ground that the term of imprisonment was excessive.

Discharge of Liquor Dealers.—The crowd of liquor dealers arrested by the Police of the Forty-fifth Precinct on election day for keeping their places of business open were yesterday discharged by Justice Dailey.

Thirty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success, by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, griping in the bowels and wind colic. By giving health to the child, it rests the mother.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

having the *fac simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

The Gorham Manufacturing Company Silversmiths, of Providence, R. I., inform the trade that they are producing fine Electro-plated Goods, comprising full Dinner and Tea Services and Table Ware of every description of a very superior quality, and of new and elegant designs. The base is Nickel Silver, upon which is a deposit of pure silver of such thickness that they possess all the advantages of solid silver in utility, and from beauty of design and superior finish are undistinguishable from it.

The Gorham Manufacturing Company refer with confidence to the high reputation they have established in the production of Solid Silver Ware, in which they have been for many years engaged, and they now assure the public that they will fully sustain that reputation by the production of Electro-plated Wares of such quality and extreme durability as will insure entire satisfaction to the purchaser. All articles made by them are stamped thus:

GORHAM MFG CO

And all such are fully guaranteed. They feel it necessary particularly to call the attention of purchasers to the above trade-mark, as their designs have been already extensively imitated. These goods can only be procured from responsible dealers throughout the country.

Being the introducers of the celebrated PLATED WARE of the GORHAM MANUFACTURING COMPANY, above advertised, we now offer an entirely new and extensive stock, from which very desirable selections can be made.

STARR & MARCUS, No. 22 John-st.

Gorham Plated Ware.

A full assortment at as low prices as any other house.

HOWARD & CO., No. 619 Broadway, N. Y.

Peter Cooper's Gelatine

makes delicious
JELLIES, BLANC MANGE, CHARLOTTE RUSSE, &c.
with great ease.

Directions for use with the packages. For sale by grocers and druggists. Depot, No. 17 Burling slip, N. Y.

Window Shades,

IN ENTIRELY NEW STYLES,
At WALRAVEN'S, No. 686 Broadway.

Walraven's Lace Curtains,

No. 686 Broadway, New-York.
PRICES EXTREMELY LOW.
Many patterns entirely new.

Linens at Walraven's,

No. 686 Broadway.
TABLE DAMASK AND TOWELING,
SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS and PILLOW CASINGS,
TABLE AND PIANO COVERS,
at prices extremely low.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Brocatelle, Terry, Reps, &c.,

For CURTAINS AND FURNITURE,
NEW QUALITIES.
UPHOLSTERERS SUPPLIED at
KELTY'S, No. 447 Broadway.

Curtains, a Specialty at

KELTY'S, No. 447 Broadway.

Lace Curtains.

New Spring Styles now ready.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 447 Broadway.

Dress Shirts—Best fitting and best finish in City,
VAN DERLIP & TAYLOR,
No. 939 Broadway,
corner 22d-st.,
also No. 96 Bowery.

Gentlemen having Country-seats and Gardens will find the Poudrette of the Lodi Manufacturing Company the best manure and the handiest for lawns, grapevines, vegetables and early corn. Send for pamphlet, &c. Office No. 66 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

Pyle's Saleratus and Cream Tartar—Pure articles, always full weight, and reliable in every way. Sold by grocers generally.

Removal.—Mme. Jumel's Mammarial Balm and Patent Breast Elevators will remove May 1 to No. 907 Broadway; second entrance on 20th-st., if preferred.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Florence

REVERSIBLE FEED LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINES.
Best family sewing-machine in the world.
FLORENCE S. M. CO.,
No. 505 Broadway.

Willcox & Gibbs Sewing Machine.

"Its seam is less liable to rip than the Lock-Stitch," [*Judge's Report*, at the "*Grand Trial*."] 508 Broadway.

The Howe Machine Co.'s Lock-stitch Sewing-Machines.—ELIAS HOWE, Jr., (original inventor of Sewing Machine,) President, 699 Broadway, N. Y.

Weed Sewing-Machines—NEW MODEL.—A novel improvement. Salesroom, No. 613 Broadway.

Wheeler & Wilson's Lock-Stitch Sewing-Machine and Button-hole Machine, 625 B'way.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Sewing-machines, No. 495 Broadway, New-York.

A Sachet Perfumed with Phalon's "NIGHT-BLOOMING CEREUS" is the sweetest bosom friend" a lady can have.

Why is PHALON'S "NIGHT-BLOOMING CEREUS" like the first spring sunshine on a frog-pond? Because it brings out the green-backs.

To Families.

COLGATE & COMPANY recommend to the public their

Laundry Soap,

believing it to afford greater actual value and economy in consequence of its absolute purity and the superiority of stock employed in its fabrication than any other household soap in use. It may be obtained of all first-class grocers or of the manufacturers, Nos. 53 and 55 John-st., New-York.

Hull's Bay Rum Soap.

Healing, Fragrant, Durable. Sold everywhere.

Light and Beautiful is the "Idaho HAT" for children, misses and ladies, and is attracting universal admiration at

GENIN'S, No. 513 Broadway.

Lace Curtains and Nottingham, from auction, at less than gold cost, at wholesale or retail.

G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 447 Broadway.

MARRIED.

Coite—Vernam.—In this City, on Wednesday, April 24, in the Church of the Holy Trinity, by Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, Jr., William J. Coite to Kate S., daughter of the late Cramer Vernam, Esq.

Cotter—O'Rielly.—On Wednesday, April 24, in St. Ann's Church, New-York, by Rev. Dr. Gallaudet, A. K. Cotter, of Rochester, to Mabel, daughter of Henry O'Rielly, of New-York.

Jones—Lockwood.—At the residence of the bride's parents, on Monday, April 22, Bradford H. Jones, of Jersey City, to Nenie, eldest daughter of John A. Lockwood, Esq., of this City.

☞ Peekskill, Poughkeepsie and Huntington, L. I., papers please copy.

Kingsland—Aspinwall.—On Wednesday, April 24, at the Church of the Ascension, by Rev John Aspinwall, Ambrose C. Kingsland, Jr., to Katherine, daughter of Wm. H. Aspinwall.

Prince—Morris.—On Tuesday, April 23, in St. Paul's Church, Baltimore, by Rev. Dr. Mahan, John Dyneley Prince, of New-York, to Anne Maria, eldest daughter of Thomas H. Morris, Esq., of Baltimore.

Sullivan—Place.—On Tuesday, April 23, at St. Paul's M. E. Church, by Rev. John McClintock, D. D., Arthur T. Sullivan to Isabel, daughter of Jas. K. Place, Esq., all of this City.

Wright—Pell.—On Tuesday, April 23, at Grace Church, by Rev. Dr. Cooke, Frank Wright, of Auburn, N. Y., to Fanny R. Pell, daughter of the late Ferris Pell, Esq.

DIED.

Adair.—On Tuesday, April 23, Louise Montague, only child of John and E. Selina Montague Adair, aged 9 months and 28 days.

The funeral will be attended from the residence of her parents, No. 261 West 19th-st., on Thursday, at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

Dudly.—On Wednesday, April 24, John G. Dudly, in the 48th year of his age.

Funeral service at No. 86 1st-st. on Friday, April 26, at 4 P. M. Remains will be taken to Fishkill for interment. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

Livingston.—On Wednesday, April 24, Carroll Livingston, of New-Brighton, Staten Island.

The relatives and friends of the family, and the members of the Board of Brokers, are respectfully requested to attend the funeral at Grace Church, New-York, on Saturday next, at 10 o'clock A. M., without further invitation.

Limburger.—Julia, the beloved wife of Abraham Limburger, aged 28 years, 9 months and 25 days.

The friends of the family, and the members of the Temple Emanu-El, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Thursday morning, April 25, at 10 o'clock, from the house of her brother, S. Larsch, No. 47 East 31st-st., between 4th and Madison avs.

Mesler.—On Monday, April 22, after a brief illness, William Mesler, in the 74th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend his funeral from his late residence, No. 147 East 39th-st., on Thursday next, 25th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. His remains will be removed to New-Jersey for interment.

☞ New-Brunswick papers please copy.

Minton.—At New-Brighton, Staten Island, on Tuesday, April 23, James Wilson, fifth son of Charles A. and Emily G. Minton, in the 6th year of his age.

The friends of the family are requested to attend his funeral at Christ Church, New-Brighton, on Thursday afternoon, at 5 o'clock.

Nexsen.—Drowned from on board the bark *Moneta*, on her passage from Chili, on Tuesday, March 19, Walter Nexsen, in his 15th year, only son of Mary A. and the late Oscar Nexsen, of Brooklyn.

Ryers.—On Tuesday evening, April 23, Lewis R. Ryers, aged 37 years, son of T. R. Ryers, and son-in-law of the late Wm. E. Collis.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Friday, 26th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, No. 233 West 19th-st. Also the members of Hiram Lodge No. 449, F. and A. M.

The members of Hiram Lodge No. 449, F. and A. M., are hereby summoned to meet at their Lodge-room, corner of 8th-av. and 18th-st., on Friday, the 26th inst., at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Brother Lewis R. Ryers. By order of WILLIAM DALE, Master.

William E. Bishop, Secretary.

Richards.—On Monday, April 22, Margaret Tifft, wife of James R. Richards.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 169 East 50th-st., on Thursday, the 25th inst., at 1 o'clock.

Strong.—On Tuesday, April 23, Georgiana L. Heckscher, infant daughter of Georgiana L. and James H. Strong.

The funeral will take place at St. Mark's Church at 10½ o'clock on Thursday morning, the 25th inst.

Williams.—At Boston, Monday, April 22, of disease of the heart, Mrs. Martha M. Williams, widow of the late Hon. Thomas S. Williams, of Hartford, Conn., and daughter of the late Elisha Coit, Esq., of New-York, aged 72 years.

OFFICIAL.—[No. 129.]

Coroner's Office, New-York, April 22, 1867.

The body of an unknown female was found at Pier No. 26 North River, foot of Barclay-street, stout built, black hair, blue eyes, full face, but owing to its decomposed condition it is impossible to form any accurate idea of its former appearance; dressed as follows: black straw bonnet, black cloth spencer, knit flannel vest, brown woolen drawers, leather gaiter shoes, brown knit stockings, had on black woolen dress, checked pinafore, and an old hoop skirt; found on the person the following article: pair black kid gloves. The first finger of the right hand was sore, and had a rag wound round it. The whole body was very much decomposed, and had evidently been in the water for some time. Body sent to the Morgue for identification.

For further particulars, apply at the Coroner's Office, No. 4 Centre-street.

WILLIAM SCHIRMER, Coroner.

A CARD.—MOURNING GOODS OF EVERY DESIRABLE kind, constantly on hand, at JACKSON'S mourning-store, No. 551 Broadway, opposite Tiffany & Co.'s. Prices very reasonable.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SLEEVE BUTTONS AND STUDS—NEW Styles.—Two, Three, Four, Five, Six, Eight, Ten to Seventy-five Dollars a Set, for sale by

G. C. ALLEN,
No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

EAR-RINGS AND PINS, NEW STYLES, Amethyst, Carbuncle, Garnet, Etruscan, Enameled, Onyx, Cameo, Coral, Malachite, Pearl, Jet, and all other styles, for sale by GEO. C. ALLEN,
No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY OF ALL descriptions, and
STERLING SILVER WARE,
for sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway.

FINE GOLD WATCH CHAINS, NEW styles, of all descriptions, for sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF COD LIVER OIL AND LIME.—Persons who have been taking Cod Liver Oil will be pleased to learn that DR. WILBOR has succeeded, from directions of several professional gentlemen, in combining the pure oil and lime in such a manner that it is pleasant to the taste, and its effects in lung complaints are truly wonderful. Very many persons whose cases were pronounced hopeless, and who had taken the clear oil for a long time without marked effect, have been entirely cured by using this preparation. Be sure and get the genuine. Manufactured only by ALEX. B. WILBOR, Chemist, No. 166 Court-st., Boston; in New-York by DEMAS BARNES & CO.; F. C. WELLS & CO., and by W. H. SCHIEFFELIN & CO.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR the United Kingdom and the Continent, via Southampton and Bremen, per steamer DEUTSCHLAND, will close at this office on THURSDAY, the 25th day of April, at 10:30 A. M., and at the up-town offices as follows: Stations A and B, 8:05 A. M.; Stations C and D, 7:45 A. M.; Stations E and F, 7:30 A. M.; Station G, 7:25 A. M. JAMES KELLY, P. M.

A CLEAR, SMOOTH SKIN AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION follow the use of HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

It removes black spots, pimples and all eruptions of the skin.

VERGNES' ELECTRO-CHEMICAL BATHS, NO. 119 4TH-AV.—Personally superintended by the inventor. Celebrated for the cure of Rheumatism, Metallic and Chronic Diseases, and all maladies peculiar to ladies. N. B. Will remove May 1 to Nos. 4 and 6 East 11th-st., one door from 4th-av.

KEEP COOL.—BARTLETT'S PATENT POLAR Refrigerators, wholesale and retail by GEORGE F. MERKLEE, No. 77 Bleecker-st., west of Broadway. Sole Manufacturers for New-York. Refrigerators repaired.

YOUNG LADIES BEWARE!

Of the injurious effects of Face Powders and Washes. All such remedies close up the pores of the skin, and in a short time destroy the complexion. If you would have a fresh, healthy and youthful appearance, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

NOT A FEW OF THE WORST DISORDERS that afflict mankind arise from corruption of the blood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is a remedy of the utmost value.

THOSE WHO DESIRE BRILLIANCY of complexion must purify and enrich the blood, which HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA invariably does. Ask for HELMBOLD'S. Take no other.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA cleanses and renovates the blood, instils the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors that make disease.

IN THE SPRING MONTHS THE SYSTEM naturally undergoes a change, and HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA is an assistant of the greatest value.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.

Chartered by Congress, and having five Government Directors appointed by the President of the United States, offer their

FIRST MORTGAGE THIRTY-YEAR BONDS,
BEARING SIX PER CENT. INTEREST,
PAYABLE SEMI-ANNUALLY IN GOLD.
For sale through the
CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK,
NO. 7 NASSAU-ST.,
MESSRS. CLARK, DODGE & CO.,
BANKERS, NO. 51 WALL-ST.,
and
JOHN J. CISCO & SON,
BANKERS, NO. 33 WALL-ST.
In the City of New-York,
at NINETY PER CENT. of their par value, with Accrued Interest.

These Bonds are secured by a FIRST MORTGAGE on the RAILROAD AND EQUIPMENT OF SIXTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS PER MILE, much less than one-half the cost of the Road. THREE HUNDRED AND FIVE MILES have been completed in the most substantial manner, and fully equipped with rolling stock, locomotives, machine and car shops, engine houses and station buildings, built mostly of brick, and has been

APPROVED AND ACCEPTED BY THE GOVERNMENT

after an examination and report by the Government Commissioners, and is now in successful operation.

The Company has on hand iron, ties and all other materials sufficient to complete the road to the Rocky Mountains—a distance from Omaha of 517 miles—by the 1st of September, the time pledged for its completion by the contractor. TWELVE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED (12,500) ACRES OF LAND PER MILE are granted to the Company by the Government in addition to the subsidy of SIXTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS OF GOVERNMENT BONDS FOR EACH MILE OF ROAD AS COMPLETED. The Chicago and Northwestern Railroad, now completed, connects with this road at Omaha, and is doing a large business in passengers and freight.

The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific, the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, and the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad Companies expect to extend connecting links of road to Omaha during the next year, so that four Trunk Railroads from the East will soon greatly contribute to the business of this Road, and the Central Pacific being constructed with great energy from California to meet this Great National Railroad across the Continent in 1870, insure for it all the business, both passenger and freight, it can possibly accommodate. The interest on these Bonds being payable in gold, and the issue so small per mile, there can be no question as to their safety, and the Company has no hesitation in recommending them to the public. Arrangements are being made with the National Banks generally throughout the country for the accommodation of investors in these Bonds.

Hon. E. D. MORGAN and Hon. OAKES AMES, Trustees.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer.

INSTALLATION.

Rev. Lyman Abbott will be installed as Pastor of the New-England Church, 41st-st., between Broadway and 6th-av., on THURSDAY, the 25th inst. Services at 7½ o'clock.

Sermon by Rev. R. S. Storrs, Jr., D. D.
Installing Prayer by Rev. W. J. Budington, D. D.
Right-hand of Fellowship by Rev. Edward Abbott.
Charge to the Pastor by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.
Charge to the People by Rev. Geo. B. Bacon.

LADIES' FAIR.—THE LADIES OF THE Church of the Holy Apostles will hold a Fair and Festival in the new Mission House adjoining the church, corner 28th-st. and 9th-av., on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY of this week, opening at 11 o'clock, A. M. Admission 25 cents.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

NEW HISTORICAL WORKS
SUPPLIED BY
SCRIBNER, WELFORD & CO.,
No. 654 Broadway, New-York.

1. THE HISTORY OF NORMANDY AND ENGLAND. By Sir Francis Palgrave, K. H., the Deputy Keeper of Her Majesty's Public Records. 4 vols. 8vo, cloth, $42.
2. THE HOLY ROMAN EMPIRE. By James Bryce, B. C. L., Fellow of Oriel College, Oxford. New edition, revised, crown 8vo, cloth, $4 50.

"Mr. Bryce's masterly and modest volume, a volume whose judicial and impressive tone, and clear and far insight into the complications of the subject, vindicate the writer's claim to that great title of historian so often assumed in our day, so rarely deserved. The subject of Mr. Bryce's volume is especially in season just now, when the temporal possessions of the Bishop of Rome are so seriously enjeopardized; and the bewildered Pope, wavering between maledictions and benedictions, seems to know neither the time when, nor the persons whom, he ought to curse or bless."—*Christian Remembrancer.*

3. THE ALPS OF HANNIBAL. By William John Law, formerly Student of Christ's Church, Oxford. 2 vols. 8vo, with map and plan, cloth, $10 50.
4. NEW ROLLIN. An Ancient History, from the Earliest Times to the Fall of the Western Empire, forming the First Period of the History of the World. By Philip Smith, B. A., one of the principal contributors to Dr. Smith's Classical Dictionaries. Complete in 3 vols., 8vo, with maps and plans, cloth lettered, $21.

For the first time in English literature the reader has before him, in the moderate compass of three volumes, a complete Ancient History, from the Creation of the World to the Fall of the Western Empire of Rome, treated as a continuous narrative and with unity of purpose. Besides its place in the whole scheme of the History of the World, this division may be regarded as forming a complete and independent work, which may occupy the place once filled by the Ancient History of Rollin.

"He has availed himself liberally of the new lights thrown by recent discovery and philology upon the annals of the East, and in all that relates to the Oriental Empires and African Kingdoms or Republics (if, indeed, that term can be applied to the timocratic, or perhaps ploutocratic, Carthage) his work is far in advance of any ancient history in our language."—*Saturday Review.*

"The style of the volume is sustained with the equal tone of a single, able, unimpassioned and dignified historian throughout."—*Athenæum.*

5. COUNT MONTALEMBERT'S HISTORY OF THE MONKS OF THE WEST. Vols. I. and II., $10 50. Vol. III., just issued, contains Christian Origin of the British Isles; St. Columba, the Apostle of Caledonia; St. Augustine of Canterbury and the Roman Missionaries in England; the Celtic Monks and the Anglo-Saxons, or the Conversion of Northumbria. 8vo, $5 25.

The Abridged Edition of

6. MISS AGNES STRICKLAND'S LIVES OF THE QUEENS OF ENGLAND. Expressly adapted for Schools and Families by the Authoress. In one volume, price $2 50.
7. HALF HOURS OF ENGLISH HISTORY. Compiled and edited by Chas. Knight. Third edition. 8vo, with a full index, 640 pp., $3.
8. THE GREAT GOVERNING FAMILIES OF ENGLAND. By J. Langton Sanford and Meredith Townsend. 2 vols., 8vo, $14.
9. MAXWELL'S IRISH REBELLION IN 1798; with an Account of Emmett's Insurrection in 1803. Illustrated with twenty-seven steel engravings by George Cruikshank. 8vo, cloth, $4.

Now ready, New Work by Mr. J. A. Froude.

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NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq.,
Brooklyn, Kings County, N. Y.

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LEAP FROG.

A full page cartoon, by Thomas Nast, appears in the RIVERSIDE MAGAZINE FOR MAY.
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The volume commences January, 1867. Subscriptions may commence with any month. Agents wanted.
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JAMIESON, BUMOR & CO

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NEW-YORK, April 24, 1867.

	Buy.	Sell.		Buy.	Sell.
Registered '81....	109¾	109⅞	June, 7-30........	105⅞	105¾
Coupon, 1881....	109¾	109⅞	July, 7-30........	105⅞	105¾
5-20 Register'd '62..	104½	105½	June, C.I.N't's, '64	118½	119
5-20 Coupon, '62..	109	110	July, C.I.N't's, '64	118½	119
5-20 Coupon, '64..	106¾	106¾	Aug., C.I.N't's, '64	118	118½
5-20 Coupon, '65..	107	107½	Oct., C.I.N't's, '64	117	117½
5-20 " new, '65..	107¾	107⅞	Dec., C.I.N't's, '64	116	116½
10-40 Registered....	98¼	98½	May, C.I.N't's, '65	113	113½
10-40 Coupon....	98¼	98½	Aug., C.I.N't's, '65	112	112½
Gold....	141¾	141⅞	Sep., C.I.N't's, '65	111¼	111½
August, 7-30....	105¾	106	Oct., C.I.N't's, '65	111¼	111½

We are exchanging NEW 5-20 BONDS for the FIRST SERIES of 7.30 TREASURY NOTES, allowing BANKS and BANKERS ⅛ OF ONE PER CENT. COMMISSION on all conversions, the difference of interest adjusted according to Government rule.

The SECOND and THIRD SERIES bought at market rates.

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INTEREST allowed on balances.

ADVANCES made on approved securities.

Particular attention given to orders for the purchase or sale of the Adams, American, United States, Wells, Fargo & Co., and Merchants' Union Express Stocks.

All orders faithfully executed.

JOSIAH HEDDEN, ISAIAH C. BABCOCK,
LOCKE W. WINCHESTER, ROBERT M. HEDDEN.

RODMAN, FISK & CO.,
BANKERS
AND
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
NO. 7 WALL-ST., CORNER OF NEW.

Buy and sell at market rates:
SIX PER CENT. BONDS OF 1881; TEN-FORTIES;
FIVE-TWENTY BONDS, ALL ISSUES;
SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES, ALL SERIES;
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES, AND GOLD AND SILVER COIN.

Registered Interest collected and Coupons cashed without charge.

7.30 Notes, all series, taken in exchange for the new Consolidated 5-20 Bonds, on terms advantageous to holders of 7.30s.

Merchants and Importers supplied with Coin for customs duties at lowest market rates.

Orders for purchase and sale of all miscellaneous securities promptly executed. Mail and telegraph orders will receive our personal attention. Deposits received and interest allowed on balances. Collections made on all points, with quick returns.

RODMAN, FISK & CO.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
STOCK AUCTIONEER,
DEALER AND BROKER
IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, STOCKS AND BONDS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
NO. 43 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK.
ESTABLISHED SIXTEEN YEARS.

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.
Issue LETTERS OF CREDIT for travelers available in ALL PARTS OF EUROPE.
Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st., New-York.

BALTZER & TAAKS.
BANKERS,
No. 52 Exchange-place, New-York,
Issue Letters of Credit for the use of Travelers, payable in

Amsterdam, Antwerp, Basle, Baden-Baden, Berlin, Bremen, Brussels, Carlsruhe, Cassel, Cologne, Darmstadt, Dresden,
Dusseldorf, Florenz, Frankfort, A. M., Genoa, Hamburg, Hanover, Heidelberg, Leipsic, London, Lyon, Mailand, Mannheim,
Munich, Naples, Paris, Prague, Rome, Rotterdam, Trieste, Turin, Venice, Vienna, Wiesbaden, Zurich.

BELLEFONTAINE LINE.
Cleveland, Painesville and Ashtabula,
Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton,
Watertown City, Wisconsin,
Fulton County, Illinois,
Henderson County, Illinois,
Stocks and Bonds wanted by
GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 46 Pine-st.,
Dealer in Telegraph, Express and Miscellaneous Securities.

WISCONSIN SECURITIES.
BERLIN, RACINE,
KENOSHA, MADISON,
WATERTOWN, WHITEWATER,
&c., &c.
Town Bonds (defaulted in interest.)
Farm Mortgage Bonds.
Purchased by
GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 46 Pine-st.,
Dealer in Telegraph, Express and Miscellaneous Securities.

MERCHANTS UNION EXPRESS STOCK
FOR SALE
IN LOTS TO SUIT.
17 AND 25 PER CENT. PAID IN
ALSO,
New-York, Newfoundland and London Telegraph Companies' stock.
Apply to
GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 46 Pine-st.

GREENLEAF, NORRIS & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
NO. 66 EXCHANGE-PLACE,
NEW-YORK.
A. W. GREENLEAF, BENSON VAN VLIET,
JOHN B. NORRIS, M. F. HAZEN.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS,
AND
NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
Issue circular letters of credit to travelers in all parts of Europe, &c., &c. Also commercial credits.

HANNIBAL AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD COMPANY.

Sealed proposals addressed to William H. Swift, at Messrs. Ward, Campbell & Co.'s, No. 56 Wall-st., New-York, or to R. S. Watson, Treasurer, Boston, will be received until noon, FRIDAY, April 26, 1867, for the sale of FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS of the Land Bonds of said Company to the undersigned, Trustees, in accordance with the provisions of the indenture of mortgage, dated April 1, 1863.

The bids will be opened at the office of the Company, in Boston, on SATURDAY, April 27, at 12 o'clock, noon, and the accepted bids will then be declared.

WILLIAM H. SWIFT,
SIDNEY BARTLETT, } Trustees.
NATHANIEL THAYER,
NEW-YORK, April 16, 1867.

PROPOSALS FOR $808,000 AMERICAN DOCK AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY BONDS guaranteed by the CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY OF NEW-JERSEY.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Central Railroad Company of New-Jersey, until FRIDAY, April 26, at noon, for the whole or any part of Eight Hundred and Eight Thousand Dollars of Bonds of the American Dock and Improvement Company, making the whole issue two millions.

The bonds are for $1,000 each, due July 1, 1886, interest 7 per cent., payable Jan. 1 and July 1, in the City of New-York. They have coupons attached, and can be held either as registered bonds or bearer bonds, as the holder may from time to time elect.

These bonds are issued for land purchases and improvements in Communipaw Bay, under the authority of the State of New-Jersey, on the extensive water front of the Company, and in connection with the improvements of the Central Railroad Company of New-Jersey.

The punctual payment of the principal and interest of the bonds is guaranteed by the Central Railroad Company of New-Jersey.

Proposals should be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for Bonds," and directed to SAMUEL KNOX, Treasurer, No. 103 Liberty-st., New-York.

Any further information desired can be obtained on application at the same place, where a copy of the bonds can be seen.

Payments to be made 50 per cent. on the allotment of the bonds, 25 per cent. on the 15th of May, and 25 per cent. on the 15th of June, or the whole can be paid at once. The interest will be adjusted on the first coupon.

The Committee reserve the right to reject any of the bids not satisfactory to the Company.

JOHN TAYLOR JOHNSTON,
JOHN C. GREEN,
MOSES TAYLOR,
ADAM NORRIE,
Finance Committee.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO, WABASH AND WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, No. 19 BROAD-ST., NEW-YORK, April 23, 1867.

THE INTEREST DUE MAY 1, ON THE following-named bonds of this Company, will be paid at the Metropolitan National Bank, to wit:
Toledo and Wabash Second Mortgage, Great Western Second Mortgage, Toledo and Wabash Equipment, and Quincy and Toledo First Mortgage.
A. BOODY, President.

UNITED STATES TREASURY, April 8, 1867.

SCHEDULES OF (30,) THIRTY OR more coupons, due May 1, 1867, will now be received for examination at the Interest Department of the United States Treasury.
H. H. VAN DYCK,
Assistant Treasurer, U. S.

OFFICE OF THE COON CREEK OIL, LUMBER AND MINING CO., No. 23 South-st., New-York.

AN ELECTION FOR TRUSTEES OF this Company will be held at this office on TUESDAY, April 30, 1867, between the hours of 4 and 5 P. M.
O. H. P. ARCHER, President.

FOR SALE—CITY RAILROAD STOCKS AND bonds in all the first-class companies; also, other securities paying large dividends, at low rates for investments, by
ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
Stock Broker and Auctioneer,
No. 43 Pine-st., New-York.

FINANCIAL

BANKING HOUSE
OF
JAY COOKE & CO.
NO. 20 WALL-ST.,
CORNER OF NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK.

We buy and sell at the most liberal current prices, and keep on hand a full supply of
GOVERNMENT BONDS OF ALL ISSUES,
SEVEN-THIRTIES
AND
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
And execute orders for purchase and sale of
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

We have added to our office large rooms for the accommodation of the public demand for investment in and exchanges of Government Securities, and the convenience of our Stock and Gold customers.

SEVEN-THIRTIES CONVERTED INTO FIVE-TWENTIES AT GOVERNMENT RATES.
JAY COOKE & CO.

Fisk & Hatch
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
No. 5 Nassau-street,
BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES:
U. S. SIX PER CENT. BONDS of 1881,
U. S. FIVE-TWENTY BONDS,
U. S. SEVEN-THIRTY TREASURY NOTES,
U. S. TEN-FORTY BONDS,
U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES,
U. S. COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
U. S. THIRTY-YEAR BONDS, Pacific R. R. issues,
Central Pacific Railroad State Aid Bonds,
and other desirable Securities.
Also, receive deposits and make collections on favorable terms.

CHAUNCEY VIBBARD. J. S. LOCKWOOD.
VIBBARD & LOCKWOOD,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 78 Broadway and No. 7 New-st., New-York.
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD
Bought and sold on commission.
We buy and sell at market rates,
UNITED STATES BONDS,
SEVEN-THIRTIES,
COMPOUND-INTEREST NOTES.

DEPOSITS received in currency and gold, subject to check at sight, and INTEREST allowed (as per agreement.)

Out-of-town orders will receive our immediate attention.

COLLECTIONS made on all parts of the UNITED STATES and CANADAS.

ADAMS, KIMBALL & MOORE,
BANKERS,
NO. 14 WALL-ST.,
BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
Of all issues, and execute orders for purchase and sale of
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

JAMES W. TUCKER & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
Nos. 3 and 5 Rue Scribe,
Paris, France.
Buy and sell United States securities, negotiate loans on same, buy and sell drafts on America, issue and cash letters of credit as well as transact a general commission business.
Correspondents:
MESSRS. L. P. MORTON & CO.,
No. 35 Wall-st., New-York.
MESSRS. TOWNSEND, WHELEN & CO.,
Walnut-st., Philadelphia.
FRANK W. ANDREWS,
No. 61 State-st., Boston.

THE GOVERNMENT STOCK EXCHANGE,
NO. 16 NEW-ST.,
WILL BE OPEN FOR BUSINESS FROM MONDAY NEXT, 29TH APRIL,
FROM 9:45 A. M. TILL 4 P. M.
The regular calls will be made at 9:45, 11:45 and 2:45.
W. C. TANNER, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, April 24.

BUDGE, SCHIFF & CO.,
NO. 55 EXCHANGE PLACE.
Brokers in U. S. Government Securities, Gold Stocks and Foreign Exchange; are prepared to buy U. S. Gold Coupons for May for Gold and Currency at liberal rates.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SELMA, ALA.

NOTICE.—The collections found in this bank have been placed by the United States authorities in the hands of M. J. A. KEITH & CO., Bankers, at Selma, for account of interested parties.
GIVEN, JONES & CO., No. 33 Broad-st.
APRIL 19, 1867.

TO HOLDERS OF INDIANA STATE STOCK.

NOTICE is hereby given to holders of Indiana 2½ and 5 per cent. certificates of State Stock that the State Debt Sinking Fund Commissioners of the State of Indiana will, on the first of July next, pay, *pro rata*, first to holders of 2½ per cent. certificates of stock, the amount of money then on hand belonging to said Fund, and after all of said 2½ per cent. certificates are fully redeemed, then, if any balance remains to the holders of 5 per cent. certificates after they are surrendered to the agent of State at his office in the City of New-York.

Holders of said stocks who desire to accept the per centum of principal which the fund set apart for this purpose will then pay, are required to notify the Agent of State, at his office, in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th of June next, at which place, on the 1st of July following, the payment will be made.

NATHAN KIMBALL, Treasurer of State.
T. D. McCARTY, Auditor of State.
W. Q. GRESHAM, Agent of State.
Ex-Officio State Debt Sinking Fund Commissioners.
INDIANAPOLIS, April 12, 1867.

OFFICE OF THE MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY, NO. 146 BROADWAY, (OPPOSITE TRINITY CHURCH,) NEW-YORK, April 9, 1867.

CASH CAPITAL	$200,000
SURPLUS (NET) APRIL 1, 1867	105,932

AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF THIS Company, held THIS DAY, the following gentlemen were elected Directors:
C. V. B. OSTRANDER, No. 36 West 27th-st.
J. S. BARKER, Sing Sing.
G. W. BURNHAM, No. 128 5th-av.
LEVI APGAR, President North River Bank.
D. R. MARTIN, President Ocean Bank.
W. W. CONCKLIN, President Irving Savings' Inst.
BENJ. S. TAYLOR, President Hoboken City Bank.
EBEN'R BEADLESTON, Beadleston & Price.
ELY HOPPOCK, No. 39 Nassau-st.
C. D. VAN WAGENEN, Jewel, Harrison & Co.
JEREMIAH ROBBINS, Yonkers.
CHAS. BURKHALTER, C. Burkhalter & Co.
MOSES A. HOPPOCK, Hoppock, Glenn & Co.
CROWEL ADAMS, No. 109 West 42d-st.
JOSEPH M. BROWN, No. 155 Broadway.
WM. HUSTACE, E. Treadwell's Sons.
HENRY A. KERR, No. 746 Broadway.
WM. MARTIN, P. & W. Martin.
J. F. PUPKE, Pupke, Thurber & Co.
WARD & WORK, W. A. Work & Son.
WM. C. DOUGHERTY, No. 3 Front-st.

At a subsequent meeting of the Directors, on the same day, Mr. C. V. B. OSTRANDER was unanimously reelected President, and J. S. BARKER, Vice-President.
J. L. DOUGLASS, Secretary.

OFFICE ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY, No. 187 WEST-ST., NEW-YORK, April 1, 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN OF THE intention of this Company to extend its First Mortgage Bonds, due July 1, 1867, for thirty years, at seven per cent. per annum. These Bonds are a First Mortgage of $3,000,000 on the entire property of the Company, and the power to extend them is given by a statute of the State of New-York, which provides that the Company may extend any or all its Mortgage Bonds, in the order of their respective priorities.

Proposals will be received up to the 15th of May next, at the General Office of the Company in the City of New-York, for extending any portion of the issue, and parties, whether present holders or others, bidding the highest premium therefor will be entitled to extend said Bonds, *pro rata*, on the amount of their bid, as the Bonds are presented by the holders.

On and after the 1st of July, the Company will be prepared to extend, on the above terms, all such Bonds as the holders thereof may present for that purpose, at the office of the Company in the City of New-York, and new sheets of Coupons for thirty years, with an indorsement thereon of a mutual agreement of such extension, will be issued and attached, with interest payable semi-annually as heretofore.

Persons whose bids may be accepted will have the option of extending Bonds in London, or Frankfort, Germany, on due notice to the Company, in manner to be hereafter determined, of the numbers of the Bonds to be extended in each place.

ROBERT H. BERDELL, President.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL CO., NEW-YORK, April 8, 1867.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR MANAGERS of this Company will be held at its office, No. 7 Nassau-st., on TUESDAY, 14th of May next. The poll will be open from 12 o'clock noon until 2 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will be closed from the 5th to the 14th day of May next, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board.
ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Washington Mill and Silver Mining Company, Echo District, Humboldt County, State of Nevada, for the election of Five Trustees for the ensuing year, (pursuant to the by-laws,) will be held at the office of the Company, No. 30 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, on the SECOND WEDNESDAY in May, the 8th prox. Polls will be open from 1 to 2 P. M.
FRANK LEWIS, Secretary *pro tem.*

OFFICE OF MORRIS AND ESSEX RAILROAD CO., NEWARK, April 22, 1867.

THE INTEREST COUPONS OF THE First Mortgage Bonds of the Morris and Essex Railroad Company, due May 1, 1867, will be paid at the Merchants' National Bank, New-York.
ISAAC VAN WAGENEN, Treasurer.

CONSOLIDATED PETROLEUM OIL COMPANY.—The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company, for the election of officers and the transaction of other business, will be held at their office, No. 41 Broad-st., on TUESDAY, the 14th day of May prox., at 3 P. M.
O. W. WHITE, Acting Secretary.

BANK OF AMERICA.—THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Bank of America are hereby notified that the annual election of Directors will be held at the Banking-house, on MONDAY, the 6th day of May ensuing; to commence at 12 o'clock, and close at 2 P. M.

The transfer-books will be closed on April 26, and remain closed until the 6th day of May.

NOTICE.—THE COUPONS DUE ON BONDS of the East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad on the 1st May proximo, will be paid at the banking office of C. POWELL, GREEN & Co., No. 38 Broad-st., New-York.

FINANCIAL

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 50 Wall-st., New-York,
Issue Circular Letters of Credit, for traveler's use, available in all parts of Europe, through the
Messrs. DE ROTHSCHILD,
of Paris, London, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Vienna, and their correspondents.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO RAILROAD COMPANY, CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 1, 1867.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF SIX per cent.—free from the United States Government tax—upon the capital stock of this Company has been declared payable to the Stockholders, or to their legal representatives, April 26, 1867, and until May 16, 1867, at the office of WELLS, FARGO & CO., in the City of New-York, and after the latter date at the Company's office, in Cleveland. The transfer-books will be closed at 2 o'clock P. M. of Saturday, April 13, 1867, and reopened on the morning of Friday, April 26.
WM. F. STAUNTON, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO, WABASH AND WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, NO. 19 BROAD-ST., NEW-YORK, April 15, 1867.

SINKING FUND BONDS OF THIS COMPANY this day drawn for payment at this office, May 1, to wit: Nos. 1, 56, 73, 76, 123, 312, 352, 353, 400, 402, 407, 427, 460, 526, 554, 578, 654, 757, 944, 959, in all $20,000.
EDWIN C. LITCHFIELD,
SOLON HUMPHREYS, } Trustees.
ISAAC H. KNOX.

MECHANICS AND TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, April 16, 1867.

A DIVIDEND OF (5) PER CENT. ON the capital stock of this bank has been declared, payable on and after the first day of May next, free of Government tax.

The transfer-books will be closed from the 20th inst to May 1. By order.
GEO. W. YOULE, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO, WABASH AND WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, NO. 19 BROAD-ST., NEW-YORK, April 23, 1867.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF three and one-half per cent., due May 1, 1867, on the preferred capital stock of this Company will be paid at this office.
A. BOODY, President.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, April 23, 1867.

DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) PER Cent. on the Capital Stock of this bank has this day been declared, payable on the 1st day of May next, free from all taxation. The transfer books will be closed until the 2d prox. By order.
JAMES M. LEWIS, Cashier.

MERCANTILE NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, April 23, 1867.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) PER CENT. on the capital stock of this bank will be paid on the 1st day of May next, free of United States tax.
E. J. BLAKE, Cashier.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN PETROLEUM COMPANY, office No. 122 Bowery, corner of Grand-st.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) PER CENT. has been declared, payable on and after May 1. The transfer books will remain closed until that date.
W. A. HALL, Treasurer.

SAVINGS BANKS.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, 8TH-AV., corner 14th-st.—Six per cent. interest free of tax. Deposits made on or before May 1 will draw interest from that date.
THOMAS CHRISTY, President.
R. H. BULL, Secretary.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING IN WILLIAMSBURGH.—NO. 78 South 9th-st., corner 4th-st., near the fountain; rooms en suite or single, furnished or unfurnished, for single gentlemen or families without children; four years' lease; first-class table; reference required. Wanted at above premises a first-class female cook, American preferred.

NO. 48 WEST 24TH-ST.—(FIFTH-AV. Hotel block,) physician's office, also parlor floor; rooms on third and fourth floors, with or without board; convenient to eight lines cars and stages; terms moderate.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, WITHOUT board, at No. 49 (new No. 42) East 21st-st.; also rooms on parlor floor, to a party willing to pay for handsomely furnished apartments.

BOARD ON MURRAY HILL.—ONE LARGE and small room well furnished, suitable for three single gentlemen; unexceptionable reference given and required. Address W., Box No. 2,112 Post office.

SEVERAL ROOMS AND SUITES OF rooms can be had with board, by applying at No. 29 West 28th-st.; house first class. References exchanged.

A PLEASANT ROOM, WITH BOARD, in a private family, for a gentleman and wife, can be had at No. 27 East 31st-st., near Madison-av.

NO. 137 WEST THIRTEENTH-ST.— Very desirable rooms to let with board. Best reference required.

NO. 21 CLINTON-PLACE.—DESIRABLE rooms with first-class board; no moving.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD.—DELIGHTFUL BOARD at "Undercliff," Cold Spring, in the Highlands, with a private family; views of the Hudson unsurpassed; 10 minutes from depot and steamboat landing; spacious rooms, extensive grounds well shaded, and fine drives; near steam ferry to West Point. Apply on premises, or to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

COUNTRY BOARD AT ASTORIA.—TWO gentlemen, or a gentleman and wife, can be accommodated with good board in a private family (no other boarders) at Astoria, thirty minutes from Peck-slip, and fifteen from boat. Address T. W., Box No. 142 *Times* Office.

COUNTRY BOARD.—A GENTLEMAN AND wife or single gentlemen can find board at Oldham, in a delightful neighborhood, (no mosquitoes,) 1½ miles from Paterson depot; first-class parties only need apply. For particulars address Box No. 3,786 Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR TWO adults and four children, in a farmhouse within one or two hours from New-York. Address, stating terms and all particulars, M. S. S., Box No. 107 *Times* Office.

COUNTRY BOARD FOR EIGHT OR ten persons can be had at a farmhouse in the Housatonic Valley for the entire season. For particulars, address Box No. 2,965 Post-office, New-York City.

FAMILIES AND OTHERS DESIRING good country board at a farmhouse, (near railway station,) with plenty of fresh milk, butter, eggs, vegetables and fruit, at a moderate price, will do well to take Harlem cars for Pleasantville. Inquire of UNDERHILL WASHBURN, on the premises.

FAMILIES CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with board for the season at the Mountain Home Seminary, at Garrisons, near West Point; City reference.
A. G. NEWMAN, No. 1,172 Broadway.

SUMMER RESORTS.

STETSON HOUSE, LONG BRANCH, N. J. —This magnificent Summer hotel will open its second season on the 15th of May. Families who secure rooms for the months of June, July and August (a season of three months) will be taken at reduced rates. Application for rooms made at the hotel at Long Branch by person or letter. On every Tuesday and Thursday one of the proprietors can be seen at the Astor House, New-York, between 9 and 12 o'clock.
C. A. STETSON, JR., & CO.

WINDEMERE HOUSE, GREENWOOD LAKE, MONROE, ORANGE COUNTY, N. Y.—With a view to the accommodation of parties giving up housekeeping, the above house will reopen May 1. Address M. P. BROWNING & CO.

MACHINERY.

FOR SALE—TWO THIRTY HORSE LOCOMOTIVE boilers, in use in *Times* Office, will be sold low. They are in good condition, and are removed to obtain more power. Inquire of GEO. JONES, *Times* Counting-room.

STEAM.

THE HARRISON BOILER, having had a practical test for more than two years past among nearly every class of enterprise or work employing steam, and to an extent of power varying from 10 to 300 horses, is presented as embracing the following advantages:

It is absolutely free from destructive explosion.

It has no superior in saving fuel.

It is a rapid steam generator, and if required is made its own super-heater without extra apparatus.

It is easily transportable, and may be passed in sections through an ordinary doorway.

It may be enlarged to any required size without disturbing parts already erected.

It is safe from all incrustation, or any of the evils arising therefrom.

It is compact, neat and cleanly, and easily managed.

Nearly 300 of these boilers are in practical use.

The extensive introduction of this boiler in Philadelphia, where the works are situated, has induced its proprietor, JOSEPH HARRISON, Esq., to establish a branch office in this City, where circulars may be procured, a model be seen, and all information respecting it be obtained at Rooms Nos. 9 and 10, No. 119 Broadway, corner Cedar-st.
J. B. HYDE, Agent.

AMES' CELEBRATED PORTABLE AND STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES,
all sizes and superior to all others. Also,
PAYES' PATENT TRIP-HAMMER.
Write for circular. H. M. AMES, Oswego, N. Y.

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS AND CIRCULAR SAW-MILLS.
The best and most complete in use.
Circulars sent on application.
WOOD & MANN STEAM-ENGINE CO.,
Utica, N. Y.,
and No. 96 Maiden-lane, New-York.

FOR SALE—A FIFTEEN HORSE-POWER ENGINE, with a twenty horse tubular boiler; everything complete. Can be seen in operation at No. 502 Washington-st.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE MANTELS, MONUMENTS,
Tiling, &c., at the warerooms of A. D. M. HOLBY, Nos. 372 and 374 Greenwich-st., including the largest assortment of fine statuary marble, Renaissant, Romanesque and other styles of drawing-room and Brocatella, Belgium, and Pyrenees inlaid dining-room mantels in this City, offered at reduced prices, the subscriber retiring from the business.

MARBLE MANTELS.—350 MANTELS ON hand of every style and quality, which will be sold for the next 60 days at a liberal deduction, at A. KLABER'S Mantel Warerooms, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York. Cut this out.

DOG LOST—ON 22D, A BLACK AND TAN SLUT, very fat; tail and ears long; white on breast; answers to "Flora." $3 reward. Return to (new number) 43 West 37th-st.

AUCTION SALES.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
Will sell by auction, on THURSDAY, April 25, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 26 West 22d-st.,
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, THE PROPERTY OF A FAMILY LEAVING FOR EUROPE, consisting of velvet and Brussels carpets, inlaid rosewood parlor suits covered in rich crimson silk, brocatel curtains to match, lace do., fancy chairs, inlaid centre-tables; a very fine rosewood piano-forte, made by Chickering, cost $950; real bronze clocks and candelabras from Tiffany & Co., oil paintings, &c. Dining-room—Oak extension table, marble-top buffet, suit covered in reps, lambrequins to match, lace curtains, superb dinner, dessert and tea service, French China, painted fruit-stands, &c.; glass made to order, real Sheffield plated ware, silver edged, tea set made by Tiffany & Co.; very fine bronze vases.

BEDROOMS AND LIBRARY.—Black walnut bookcases, couch reclining chairs, furniture covered in reps, curtains, library table, lady's rosewood secretary, dressing bureaus, etagere lined with satinwood, carved rosewood bedsteads, Turkish easy chairs, Turkey and satin-delaine window-curtains, mattresses, cabinets, toilet tables, cottage suites, &c. Particulars in catalogues. This house was recently furnished by Belter and others, and is almost entirely new. Sale without any reserve.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction on FRIDAY, April 26, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 119 East 36th-st.,
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of Brussels carpet, covered rosewood suite in green figured brocatel, gilt frame French plate mirrors, carved rosewood mirror, door and back etageres, rosewood marble-top centre tables, figured damask window curtains and cornices, gilt clocks and mantel ornaments; gilt frame oil-paintings and bronzes, &c.; marble-top console table, mahogany chairs in crimson velvet, corner etageres, gilt and decorated vases, black walnut lounges in green reps, mahogany bedsteads, marble-top bureaus, marble-top washstands, marble-top comodes, black walnut do., mattresses, pillows, bolsters, paillasses, spring beds, &c.; ingrain carpets, oak extension dining-table, oak chairs in green figured reps, carved oak marble-top buffet, oak lounge in green reps, china, crockery, glassware, &c.; kitchen furniture, &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction, on THURSDAY, April 25, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 60 West 20th-st.:
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
consisting of medallion, Brussels and ingrain carpets, mahogany suite in hair-cloth, lace window curtains and cornices, rosewood marble-top centre-tables, marble figure under glass shade, elegant bronze and gilt chandeliers, gilt frame pier mirror and gilt marble-top base, marble clock, mahogany secretary bookcase, Turkish easy chairs, black walnut and gilt frame engravings, mahogany bedsteads, marble-top bureaus, washstands, cane-seat chairs, rockers in hair-cloth, wardrobes, mahogany suites in hair-cloth, black walnut bedsteads, mattresses, pillows, bolsters, paillasses, spring beds, &c., oak extension-table, oak cane-seat chairs, sofa in figured delaine, China, crockery, glassware, &c., kitchen furniture, &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction, on TUESDAY, April 30, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 16 West 23d-st., near 5th-av.:
SUPERB HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, imported for the present owner or made to order by A. Kimble, Vrede, Huchings & Bembe.

Real bronzes, and clocks, by Sauvage & Pradier, and other celebrated artists.

Exquisite statuary, by well-known and famous artists, porcelain Dresden dinner services, cut glass, &c., &c., the property of a gentleman leaving the City, all of which was imported from Paris, or purchased regardless of cost. To be sold without reserve.

Catalogues ready on Thursday morning at the auctioneers' office, No. 23 Liberty-st. Admission on day before the sale by card only, to be obtained from the auctioneers.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction on SATURDAY, April 27, at 10 o'clock, at the residence, No. 56 West 21st-st., the property of a gentleman gone to Europe. Elegant household furniture, fine bronzes, plated and glassware, mirrors, fine oil paintings, by celebrated artists; articles of art and vertu, &c., Chickering grand concert piano, made to order, cost $1,200; large library of illustrated and standard books.

ALSO,
The choice private stock of wines and liquors, consisting of Ne Plus Ultra and Triarte Sherry, Sanderman's OOOO Port Imp., Y. C. Metelia old brandy, Wise's Bush Mills whisky, Bourbon whisky, &c.

N. B. The wines and liquors will be sold at 11 o'clock precisely, in the front basement.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction on FRIDAY, April 26, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence, No. 35 London-terrace, (West 23d-st., between 8th and 9th avs.):
GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, rosewood suite in figured brocatel, rosewood marble-top centre-tables, rosewood mirror, door and back etagere, bronze and gilt six-light chandeliers, crimson brocatel window-curtains, carved black walnut library-table, carved black walnut arm chairs, gilt and decorated vases, rosewood, mahogany and black walnut bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, comodes, mattresses, pillows, bolsters, &c.; black walnut dining-table, black walnut chairs in green silk reps, rosewood 7¼-octave piano made by Haines, lounge in silk reps, crimson window-curtains and cornices, china crockery, glassware, &c.; kitchen furniture, &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction, on THURSDAY, April 25, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 29 Washington-square, corner Macdougal-st.,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of Brussels carpets, gilt frame French plate pier mirror and cornices, rosewood suite in figured damask, rosewood marble-top centre tables, mantle vases, sofa in haircloth, corner etagere, ingrain and three-ply carpets, black walnut and mahogany bedsteads, bureaus and washstands, oak marble-top cottage suite, mattresses, pillows, bolsters, &c.; black walnut extension table, oak chairs, china crockery, glassware, &c.; kitchen furniture, &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction, on FRIDAY, April 26, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence, No. 20 Boorman-place, 33d-st., between 8th and 9th avs.:
GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of velvet carpets, rosewood suite in hair-cloth, rosewood marble-top centre-table, gilt and decorative mantel vases, enameled marble-top cottage furniture, ingrain carpets, window shades, stair carpets and stair rods, mattresses, pillows, bolsters, paillasses, &c.; carved oak suite in green reps, gilt frame mirror, oak extension dining-table, oak cane-seat chairs, mantel ornaments, &c.; china, crockery, glassware, &c., kitchen furniture, &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction on FRIDAY, April 26, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence, Clinton-av., near Fulton-av., Brooklyn.
GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, mahogany suite in haircloth, rosewood piano, mahogany marble-top centre-table, oil paintings, black-walnut bookcase, mahogany chairs, &c., black-walnut bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, mattresses, pillows, bolsters, feather beds, &c., enameled cottage suites, &c., oak extension dining-table, oak marble-top sideboard, oak lounges and chairs, China, crockery, glassware, &c., kitchen furniture, &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction on THURSDAY, April 25, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence, No. 122 Lexington-av.:
GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of velvet and Brussels carpets, gilt-frame French plate mirror, lace window curtains, gilt cornices, carved rosewood mirror, back etageres and ornaments, muslin window shades, Brussels stair carpets, ingrain carpets, rosewood and black-walnut bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, cane-seat chairs, mattresses, pillows, bolsters, paillasses, spring beds, &c.; black-walnut extension-table, black-walnut marble-top buffet, cane-seat arm-chairs, rosewood marble-top side-tables, kitchen furniture, &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction on THURSDAY, April 25, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 32 7th-st.:
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of velvet carpets, rosewood suite in crimson brocatel, gilt frame pier mirror, rosewood marble-top table, rosewood and black-walnut bedsteads, marble-top bureaus, washstands, ingrain carpets, mattresses, pillows, bolsters, &c., rosewood extension table, black-walnut marble-top buffet, black-walnut glass door bookcase, cane-seat chairs, gilt candelabras and vases, china, crockery, glassware, &c., kitchen furniture, &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
On SATURDAY, April 27, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 42 Lexington-av., between 24th and 25th sts.,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
On WEDNESDAY, May 1, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 143 9th-st., between 4th-av. and Broadway,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction on SATURDAY, April 27, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 86 West 11th-st.,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction on MONDAY, April 29, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence, No. 353 West 34th-st.,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction on MONDAY, April 29, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 144 East 16th-st.,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction on MONDAY, April 29, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence, No. 1,318 Fulton-av., or No. 3 Bedford-place, near Clawson-av., Brooklyn:
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction on SATURDAY, April 27, at their salesroom, No. 23 Liberty-st.:
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction on MONDAY, April 29, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 42 West 38th-st., the property of a family in Europe:
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
On TUESDAY, April 30, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 57 East 29th-st.,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
On TUESDAY, April 30, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 184 West 24th-st.,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
On MONDAY, April 29, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 9 East 16th-st.:
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
On TUESDAY, April 30, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence, No. 240 West 22d-st.,
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Full particulars hereafter.

AUCTION SALES.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
Will sell by auction, on SATURDAY, April 27, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 24 East 18th-st.,
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
all made to order, the property of a family leaving for the country.
Full particulars hereafter.

SALE OF DAMAGED CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE.

CLOTHING DEPOT, SCHUYLKILL ARSENAL, OFFICE OF EXECUTIVE AND INSPECTING OFFICER, PHILADELPHIA, Penn., April 24, 1867.

Will be sold at public auction, on account of the United States, at the Schuylkill Arsenal, Gray's Ferry-road, Philadelphia, Penn., on SATURDAY, May 4, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following named articles of Damaged Clothing and Equipage, viz.:

Axes, Pick,	Axes, Felling,	Boots,
Blankets,	Infantry Coats,	Great Coats,
Forage Caps,	Drawers,	Trowsers,
Canteens,	Camp Kettles,	Cap Covers,
Knapsacks,	Stockings,	Spades,
Scales, (Brass),	Bedsacks,	Shirts, &c.

The property must be removed within five (5) days from the day of sale.

Catalogues will be furnished upon application at this office, or at the office of Army Clothing and Equipage, No. 1,139 Girard-st.

Terms—CASH, in Government funds.

By order of Brevet Major-Gen. GEO. H. CROSSMAN, Assistant Quartermaster-General United States Army.
HENRY W. JANES,
Capt. and A. Q. M., Brevet Major U. S. Army, Executive and Inspecting Officer.

BENJ. F. THEALL, Auctioneer—Late Salesman with E. H. Ludlow & Co.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
MIRRORS, CARPETS, &c., &c.
By THEALL & BROS. TO-MORROW, (Friday,) April 26, at 10½ o'clock, at the Waverley House, No. 697 Broadway, corner 4th-st., a general assortment of household furniture, the whole of which was made to order by Newhouse, consisting in part of carved rosewood, walnut and mahogany parlor, bedroom and drawing-room furniture; dressing bureaus, washstands, dressing tables, chairs, lounges, easy chairs, sofas, fine curled hair mattresses, feather beds, bolsters and pillows, comfortables, counterpanes, &c.; lace and damask curtains, fine French plate pier and oval mirrors, velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets and oil-cloths.

Also, two very fine rosewood piano-fortes, double round corners, Stoddard & Gray and Christopher, makers.

Catalogues at the Auctioneers' office, No. 62 Liberty-st.

PUBLIC SALE.

The Custom-house lot at Perth Amboy, N. J., having a frontage of one hundred (100) feet on High-st., and a depth of one hundred (100) feet on Centre-st., will be sold on the premises at public auction to the highest bidder, subject to the approval of the bid by the Secretary of the Treasury, at 12 o'clock M., May 11, 1867.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-fourth cash, the balance in equal payments of 30, 60 and 90 days. A deposit of $500 will be required at time of sale. Certificate of sale will be given and the deed executed when the last payment is made.

Any failure on the part of the purchaser to make the payments as required, will involve the forfeiture to the Government of the deposit and all previous payments.
J. LAWRENCE BOGGS,
Collector of Customs.
PERTH AMBOY, April 10, 1867.

PUBLIC SALE.

The three warehouses belonging to the Government, on the Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, N. Y., will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, on the premises, subject to the acceptance of the bid by the Secretary of the Treasury, at 12 o'clock M., May 22, 1867.

Terms of Sale—One-fourth cash, balance in 30, 60 and 90 days. A deposit of Five Thousand Dollars will be required at time of sale. A certificate of sale will be given and the deed executed upon the last payment being made.

Any failure on the part of the purchaser to make the payments as required, will involve the forfeiture to the Government of the deposit and all previous payments.
HENRY A. SMYTHE, Collector of Customs.

HENRY MOLTEN, Auctioneer.
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MIRRORS, PIANO-FORTE, CHINA AND GLASS, STATUETTES, VELVET, BRUSSELS AND TAPESTRY CARPETS, &c.

HENRY MOLTEN & CO. will sell by auction, on THURSDAY, April 25th, 1867, at the private residence No. 35 Bank-st., a large and desirable assortment of elegant household furniture, mostly made to order by Messrs. J. H. Belter & Co., comprising in part handsome rosewood parlor suites, covered in satin damask and brocatelle, French plate pier and mantel mirrors, velvet, brussels, and tapestry carpets. Steinway's rosewood 7¼ octave square grand piano forte; library, complete sets of chamber suites, bedsteads, dressing bureaus, marble-top tables and washstands, rosewood and black walnut wardrobes, elegant China dinner and tea sets, with a fine assortment of dining and kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

Sale to be peremptory. Catalogues ready and premises open for inspection at 8 o'clock on morning of sale. Sale to commence at 10½ o'clock.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.
MINER & SOMERVILLE WILL SELL at auction on THURSDAY, April 25, at the private residence No. 44 West 27th-st., near 6th av., genteel household furniture, made to order by the best City makers and in good condition, consisting of in part, as follows: English velvet, Brussels and tapestry carpets, French plate pier mirrors, brocatel and lace curtains, carved rosewood suites in crimson and maroon brocatel, rosewood centre and side tables, bronze clocks and statuettes, elegant carved oak buffet, extension-table and dining chairs, fine engravings, carved rosewood and black walnut bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, wardrobes and chairs, window-shades, black-walnut pier tables, black-walnut frame French plate mirror, hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, black-walnut cornices and cambrequins, velvet stair and hall carpets, black walnut hatstand, oil-cloths, crockery, glassware, cutlery, and a general assortment of kitchen ware.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.
MINER & SOMERVILLE WILL SELL at auction THURSDAY, April 25, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 23 Amity-st., a very large and general assortment of household furniture, consisting of Brussels, tapestry and ingrain carpets; parlor suites in haircloth and brocatel; lace and muslin curtains, centre and side tables, black walnut and mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, wardrobe, washstands, lounge, bookcases, chairs, hair mattresses, feather beds, bolsters and pillows, stair carpets, oilcloth, rods, hall stand, crockery, glassware, cutlery, kitchen utensils, &c., &c.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
CONTINUATION SALE OF THE BALANCE OF THE 200 LOTS OF THE BOGGS ESTATE.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, April 26, 1867, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the balance of the 200 lots of the Boggs Estate, being the entire portion lying west of the 11th-av., comprising the entire fronts on both sides of 72d and 73d sts., together with the valuable water grants in front of said premises. Maps at the office of the Auctioneers.

SALE OF POWDER.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE, NAVY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON CITY, April 22, 1867.

There will be sold at public auction to the highest bidders in the office of the Inspector of Ordnance at the Navy-yard, Boston, Mass., at noon on THURSDAY the 9th day of May, 1867, fifteen hundred (1,500) barrels of powder, composed of rifle, cannon, musket and ordinary common powder, and eighteen hundred (1,800) pounds compressed powder.

These powders will be sold by sample and in lots to suit purchasers.

Terms: one-half cash in Government funds, and the remainder within ten days afterward, during which time the powders must be removed from the magazine, otherwise they will revert to the Government.
H. A. WISE, Chief of Bureau.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
VALUABLE DWELLING ON 42D-ST. AT AUCTION.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on FRIDAY, April 26, 1867, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) N. Y.:

WEST 42D-ST.—The lease of the lot, with the four-story brown-stone high-stoop house, No. 59 West 42d-st., north side, between 5th and 6th avs. House 21 by about 55 feet, in good order; lot 21x100.5. Lease has 18 years to run from May 1, 1867; ground rent $300 and taxes per annum, with two renewals of 21 years each at valuation. $7,000 can remain on bond and mortgage or be paid off. Maps, &c., at the Auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
PEREMPTORY SALE OF DESIRABLE BUILDING SITES AT TARRYTOWN, ON THE HUDSON.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 25, 1867, at 12 o'clock, noon, on the premises.

TARRYTOWN—Large stone mansion 44x60 feet, three stories high, with grounds 100x200 feet, with barns, carriage-house, &c.; fruits of the choicest varieties; situated on Broadway, ½ mile from depot. Also fifty building sites on Broadway, Prospect, McClellan and Sheridan avs., in the midst of the elegant country seats of Messrs. Hoe, Livermore, Barker, Child, Newcombe, Cleveland, Merritt, Dodge, Dean, Downy, Rockets and others. The above is very desirable for clerks and business men wishing a small country seat.

Maps, &c., at the auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.
MINER & SOMERVILLE WILL SELL at auction on FRIDAY, April 26, at 2 o'clock P. M., at Richardson's Restaurant, No. 100 William-st., near John-st.:

Entire fixtures—steam boiler, 200 feet steam pipe, large cooking steamers, Rolfhan's No. 5 cooking range in good order, with wooden back and copper boiler, icebox, dumb waiter, three extension tables, nine solid mahogany seats, large brick baker's oven, lined counters and steam carving tables, chairs, tables and stools, four large hunting scenes by Herring, fine paintings, engravings, &c., &c.

R. F. BRUNDAGE, AUCTIONEER, under direction of John P. Jenkins, Referee, in partition, will sell on SATURDAY, April 27, 1867, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the premises at Milton, Town of Rye, Westchester County, the real estate of John Covert, deceased, containing about fourteen acres of land, fronting on Milton Harbor, with water privileges, and within one and a half miles of Rye Depot, New-York and New-Haven Railroad, and half a mile from the steamboat landing. On the premises are two dwellings, a barn, and several fine building sites, commanding splendid views of Long Island Sound.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
PEREMPTORY SALE OF LOTS ON MADISON-AV, NEAR CENTRAL PARK.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 25, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

MADISON-AV.—Four lots on the easterly side of Madison-av., commencing on the southeast corner of 62d-st.

MADISON-AV.—Four lots on the westerly side of Madison-av., commencing on the southwest corner of 62d-st.

62D-ST.—Nine lots situate on the south side of 62d-st., commencing 100 feet east of 5th-av.

A. M. CRISTALAR, Auctioneer.
AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANO-FORTES, &c., &c.—By A. M. CRISTALAR, THIS DAY, April 25, at 10½ o'clock, the entire furniture contained in house No. 219 West 50th-st., between the 8th and 9th avs., consisting of two rosewood piano-fortes, rosewood suite in damask, Brussels, velvet and ingrain carpeting, marble-top tables, lace curtains, rosewood and mahogany chamber furniture, French plate pier mirrors, engravings, French clocks, dining-room furniture, kitchen utensils and a large number of household articles. Catalogue at sale.

JOSEPH McGUIRE, Auctioneer—Office No. 116 Nassau-st.
WILL SELL ON FRIDAY, APRIL 26, AT 10 o'clock A. M., all the elegant furniture contained in the brown-stone dwelling No. 67 East 125th-st., between 4th and 5th avs., Harlem, comprising rosewood piano, rosewood and black walnut parlor suites in reps, marble-top centre and other tables; oil paintings and engravings; fine velvet, Brussels, three-ply and ingrain carpets; black walnut and mahogany bedsteads, sofas, bureaus, chairs, &c.; matresses, feather beds, pillows, and also a choice collection of dining-room and kitchen furniture.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
VALUABLE LOTS ON 115TH-ST. AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 25, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

115TH-ST.—Three lots north side 115th-st., 75 feet west of 9th-av. Each 25x100 feet 11 inches.

M. DOUGHTY, Auctioneer.
WILL SELL BY AUCTION THIS DAY at 10½ o'clock, at No. 56 2d-av., the entire elegant furniture contained in the four-story residence; also, all the carpets, bedding, &c. Catalogues at house.

AUCTION SALES.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.
FRIDAY, APRIL 26,
At 10 o'clock A. M., at the Central Salesrooms, Willoughby, corner Pearl-st., Brooklyn:
LARGE SALE OF GOOD FURNITURE—Parlor suites in variety, rosewood, walnut, oak and mahogany, with chamber and dining-room sets, mirrors, hair mattresses, China, fancy ware, three Singer sewing-machines, for heavy work, rosewood and mahogany pianos.

Also at 12 M.—Pair of ponies, phaeton and harness, and one two-horse furniture truck.

SAME DAY.
At 9 o'clock A. M., at No. 99 President-st., between Hicks and Columbia sts., Brooklyn:
Mahogany parlor suites, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, mahogany and chamber, painted chamber and walnut dining-room furniture, china, &c., &c.

SAME DAY.
At 11½ o'clock A. M., at No. 118 Union-st., between Hicks and Columbia sts., Brooklyn:
Rosewood parlor suite, seven pieces; mahogany do., walnut pillar extension table, chairs, bedsteads, bureaus, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, &c., &c.

SAME DAY.
At 12 o'clock M., at No. 93 2d-place, near Court-st.:
Rosewood parlor suite, in brocatel; rosewood bureaus, bedsteads, Brussels carpets, chairs, sofas, tables, &c.

SAME DAY.
At 1½ o'clock P. M., at No. 18 St. Felix-st., between DeKalb and Fulton avs.:
Walnut parlor suite in green reps; painted chamber sets, toilet crockery, Brussels carpets, oil-cloths, extension table and kitchen furniture.

W. H. MILLER, Auctioneer.
BY JOHNSON, MILLER & HALL,
AUCTIONEERS AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
No. 25 Nassau-st., corner Cedar-st., New-York.
TUESDAY, April 30, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom No. 111 Broadway, New-York,
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE BUSINESS PROPERTY ON WORTH-ST., OPPOSITE H. B. CLAFLIN & CO.'S STORE.

No. 35 WORTH-ST.—Three-story brick building, 18.6x45 feet; store on first floor; tenements above; lot 18.6x70.6.

No. 37 WORTH-ST.—Four-story brick building 25x36; store on first floor; tenements above; also, three-story brick building on the rear, 25x19; lot 25x70.6.

The two plots are 43 feet 6 inches in width on Worth-st., and 70 feet 6 inches in depth, running through to an alley on the rear.

This sale will afford capitalists an opportunity to purchase at public auction one of the most valuable pieces of business property in the City of New-York; $30,000 may remain on mortgage for 10 years.

Maps and particulars at the office of the auctioneers.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.
BY MINER & SOMERVILLE.
EXTENSIVE SALE OF VALUABLE HORSES, VICTORIAS, HANSOMS, WAGONS, HARNESS, &c.; BLANKETS, WHIPS, ROBES, &c., &c., TOGETHER WITH THE FIXTURES, LEASE, GOOD WILL, &c., &c., OF THE ESTABLISHMENT Nos. 110 and 112 EAST 23D-ST., on
THURSDAY, APRIL 25,
at 11 o'clock.

The business is in a flourishing condition, as will be shown to any responsible party desiring to purchase. Every information with reference to the details will be cheerfully furnished on application at the office of the stables. The present proprietor sells on account of other business. Every article will be positively sold without reserve.

We beg leave to call especial attention to the above stock, which is one of the finest lots of horses ever offered at public auction.

DANIEL A. MATHEWS, Auctioneer.
GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
ROSEWOOD UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTE, OIL PAINTINGS, ARTISTIC BRONZES, CARPETS, &c.
DANIEL A. MATHEWS will sell THIS DAY, (Thursday,) April 25, at 10½ o'clock, at private residence No. 73 EAST 31ST-ST., between 4th and Lexington avs., handsome rosewood, walnut and mahogany parlor, dining-room and bedroom furniture; Brussels and ingrain carpets, elegant clock, bronzes, oil paintings, china, glass, kitchen furniture. At 12 o'clock a very fine rosewood upright piano-forte, by Gilbert of Boston. Catalogue now ready.

T. C. HOUGHTON, Auctioneer.
FANCY FOWLS.
BREWSTER & BERG will sell at No. 86 Cedar-st., THIS DAY, (Thursday,) at 11 o'clock, the largest and choicest selection of foreign and domestic fowls ever offered at auction, comprising the following breeds:
DORKINGS, SEBRIGHTS, BRAHMA POOTAS, LEGHORNS, SPANISH,
WHITE CIRCASSIAN AND BRONZE TURKEYS, ROUEN DUCKS, BREMEN GEESE.
Also, CANARIES.
Also, TWO PRAIRIE DOGS, from Montana.
Now on exhibition.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.
BY T. R. MINTURN.
THIS DAY, (Thursday,) April 25, at 11 o'clock, within the store:
50 frails Dates.
150 boxes Shelled Almonds.
175 bags African Peanuts.
15 cases Figs.
At 11½ o'clock, on Pier No. 9 East River:
4,105 boxes fresh Messina Oranges.
550 boxes fresh Messina Lemons.
Cargo of brig *Giovanni*, from Messina.

T. C. HOUGHTON, Auctioneer.
TREES, PLANTS, VINES, &c.
BREWSTER & BERG will sell THIS DAY, (Thursday,) at No. 86 Cedar-st., at 11 o'clock: 2,000 standard and dwarf pear trees, of the leading kinds; 500 dwarf apple trees, choice varieties; also, an extensive assortment of quince trees, tuberoses, gladiolus; 5,000 agricultural strawberry plants, in lots to suit purchasers. Now ready for examination.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, U. S. ARMY, NEW-YORK, April 24, 1867.

IN PURSUANCE OF ORDERS FROM THE War Department, I will sell at Public Auction, at the Battery Barracks, New-York City, on TUESDAY, the 30th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M., the following property, viz:

One building, "officers' quarters," 175 feet long, 30 feet wide, 12 feet high.

One building, "mess-room," 165 feet long, 21 feet wide, 12 feet high.

One building, "cook-house," 60 feet long, 26 feet wide, 12 feet high, with extension on rear, 30 feet long, 23 feet wide, 12 feet high.

Two buildings, "barracks," each 130 feet long, 20 feet wide, 10 feet high.

One building, "guard-house," 65 feet long, 20 feet wide, 12 feet high.

One building, "wash-house," 30 feet long, 20 feet wide, 10 feet high.

One shed, "stables," (south side,) 70 feet long, 15 feet wide, 8 feet high.

One shed, "stables," (east side,) 70 feet deep, 11 feet wide, 8 feet high.

One shed, "wagon-house," 30 feet long, 22 feet wide, 8 feet high.

Also, about 960 running feet of fence, 10 feet high.

There will also be sold a large quantity of Quartermaster's stores, consisting in part of 121 stoves, 17 ranges, 2 desks, tables, hose, 15 cauldrons, 20 hand-carts, pails, a variety of tools and implements, 50,000 empty grain-sacks, crowbars, spades, shovels, smith's bellows, &c., &c.

Also, clothing, camp and garrison equipage, viz.: Blankets, coats, forage caps, overcoats, boots, bootees, tents, flies, tent-poles, pins, camp kettles, mess-pans, flags, and various other military property and miscellaneous articles, to which the attention of dealers is especially invited.

Terms of sale cash, on rendition of accounts by the auctioneer.

A deposit of 10 per cent. on amount of bids will be required.

The buildings must be removed within ten days, and at the risk of the purchaser.

The Government reserves the right of declining all bids deemed disadvantageous.

By order of Bvt. Major-Gen. RUFUS INGALLS,
Assistant Quartermaster-General U. S. A.
R. C. MORGAN,
Bvt. Major and Assistant Quartermaster.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
PEREMPTORY SALE OF 254 VALUABLE lots at Fort Washington, on the Kingsbridge Road, 10th and 11th avs., 188th, 189th and 190th sts., lying between the proposed east and west lines of the Grand Boulevard.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 25, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

KINGSBRIDGE ROAD—16 lots on the east side of the Kingsbridge Road, comprising the entire front between 188th and 190th sts.

11TH-AV.—32 lots, comprising the entire fronts on the east and west sides of 11th-av., between 188th and 190th sts.

10TH-AV.—14 lots on the west side of 10th-av., between 188th and 190th sts.

188TH-ST.—48 lots on north side of 188th-st., comprising the entire fronts between 10th and 11th avs. and 11th-av. and Kingsbridge Road.

189TH-ST.—48 lots on south side of 189th-st., comprising the entire front between Kingsbridge Road and 10th-av.

189TH-ST.—48 lots on north side of 189th-st., comprising the entire front between Kingsbridge Road and 10th-av.

190TH-ST.—48 lots on south side of 190th-st., comprising the entire front between 10th-av. and the Kingsbridge Road. The above-described property lies between and in close proximity to the proposed line of the Grand Boulevard. The land is high, and has a commanding view.

Maps at the office of the auctioneers.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY-FOUR VALUABLE LOTS AT FORT WASHINGTON—LYING BETWEEN AND NEAR TO THE PROPOSED NEW BOULEVARD.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, THIS DAY, April 25, 1867, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

254 lots on the King's Bridge road, 10th and 11th avs., 188th, 189th and 190th sts. As property in this section of the island is rapidly enhancing in value, and as the location of this particular property is high and healthy, this sale will offer a desirable opportunity to those wishing to purchase either for investment or improvement.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer.
GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE —Carpets, mirrors, curtains and cornices, rosewood, black walnut and other parlor and bedroom furniture, china and glass ware, &c.

TO-MORROW, (FRIDAY,) April 26, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 120 East 21st-st., the entire genteel furniture of the house, embracing, in part, of two or three suites of parlor furniture, in satin damask and plush; marble-top center and card tables, extension do., French plate mirrors, oil paintings, dressing bureaus and carved black walnut bedsteads, Brussels, three-ply and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, china and glass ware, kitchen furniture, &c.

On SATURDAY, April 27, very large sale in 4th-av. Particulars to-morrow.

JAMES CAGNEY, Auctioneer, formerly with Mr. William Witters—Office No. 515 Washington-st.
GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.— THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, all the furniture contained in house No. 81 Greene-st., consisting of one rosewood 7-octave piano, cost $600; rosewood parlor suites, pier-glasses, with base-table; lace and damask curtains, Brussels and 3-ply carpets, rosewood and mahogany bedroom furniture, fine curled hair mattress, bolsters and pillows, mahogany tete-a-tete, easy and rocking chairs, oak chamber suites, dining-room and kitchen furniture, &c. Sale without any reserve or limit.

BENJAMIN F. THEALL, Auctioneer, late salesman with E. H. Ludlow & Co.
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
MIRRORS, CARPETS, &c., &c.
By THEALL & BROS., SATURDAY, April 27, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 54 West 38th-st., a general assortment of rosewood, walnut and mahogany parlor, dining-room and chamber furniture, and China and glass.
Catalogues at No. 62 Liberty-st.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer—Office No. 8 Murray-st.
GEORGE COOK WILL SELL ON FRIDAY, April 26, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 33 East 73d-st., black-walnut parlor suite, chestnut chamber suites, oil-cloths and matting, dining-room furniture, rosewood 7-octave Chickering piano, Lillie's iron safe, crockery, glassware, &c. Catalogues at sale.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer,
WILL SELL ON MONDAY, APRIL 29, at 10½ o'clock, all the genteel furniture at No. 55 West 28th-st.

AUCTION SALE OF ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD furniture will take place on FRIDAY, the 26th, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 377 West 32d-st., near 9th-av., consisting of everything necessary for genteel housekeeping. The piano will be sold at 12 o'clock. Everything in the house will be sold.

AUCTION SALES.

BENJ. F. THEALL, Auctioneer,
Late salesman with E. H. Ludlow & Co.
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
CARPETS, CHINA AND GLASS, &c.
By THEALL & BROS., THIS DAY, (THURSDAY,) April 25, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 36 East 29th-st., between Madison and 4th avs., all the very fine rosewood, walnut and mahogany parlor, bedroom and dining-room furniture. French china and glass, velvet and Brussels carpets, &c.
Catalogues at the Auctioneers' Office, No. 62 Liberty-st.

THEALL & BROS., Auctioneers.
CONTINUATION SALE.
BY THEALL & BROS.,
THIS DAY.
All the elegant bedroom and library furniture, at No. 25 Bond-st. Carpets, elegant mirrors, mattresses, sheets, bed and table linen, and elegant chandelier, the whole to be positively sold.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite Post-office.
SALE OF VERY FINE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, made to order by the best City maker, and but little used, rosewood piano, carpets, mirrors, &c., &c., the property of a gentleman going abroad.

MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 25, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence northeast corner 118th-st. and Avenue A, (Harlem,) known as the
HOBBY MANSION,
a large and very fine assortment of household furniture, consisting of in part as follows, viz.: English, velvet and Brussels carpets; carved rosewood reception suite, in crimson damask, do. in green and gold; reception chairs, French plate mirrors, rosewood seven octave piano, and heavy brocade and lace curtains, rosewood centre, side and pier tables, bronzes, Parian mantle ornaments, rosewood etagere, carved rosewood buffet, extension table and chairs, engravings, oil paintings, French china dinner and tea sets, costly glassware, &c. Black walnut library bookcase, covered black walnut table and chairs, black walnut lounge, gas fixtures, curtains, &c., &c. Black walnut and mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, wardrobes, washstands and chairs, Wheeler & Wilson sewing-machine, best curled hair mattress, feather bed, bolster and pillows, black walnut hall-stand, oil-cloths, velvet and Brussels stair carpet, silver-plated rods, door-mats, &c., &c. Also a general assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MIRRORS, ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE, CARPETS, &c.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell by auction THIS DAY, (Thursday, April 25, 1867,) at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 46 East 14th-st., between Broadway and University-place, all the elegant furniture, &c., of said house, in fine order, viz.: Elegant carved rosewood parlor suites, in crimson and green satin; very fine pier and mantel mirrors, rich satin and reps curtains, elegantly carved walnut library suite of 9 pieces—3 bookcases, sofa, 2 arm and 4 side chairs, in blue plush, steel studded; elegant ebony rosewood and mahogany French bedsteads, dressing bureaus, armoires, marble-top tables, lounges and easy chairs, bookcases, velvet and Brussels carpets, kitchen utensils, &c.
Catalogues now ready at No. 3 Pine-st.

EDWARD A. LAWRENCE, Auctioneer.
LAWRENCE & FOULKE, AUCTIONEERS, will sell at auction, on MONDAY, April 29, at the private residence No. 29 West 14th-st., commencing at 12 o'clock precisely, all the fine old-fashioned and substantially-made furniture in said house, consisting in part of mahogany parlor suites in hair cloth, pier glasses; Brussels, three-ply and ingrain carpets; glass and China ware. Also, mahogany chamber furniture, paillasses, hair mattresses, feather beds, &c. Also, kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.
Catalogues at the office of the auctioneers, No. 111 Broadway.

EDWARD A. LAWRENCE, Auctioneer.
LAWRENCE & FOULKE, AUCTIONEERS, will sell by auction on SATURDAY NEXT, the 29th of April, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 350 West 22d-st., elegant parlor furniture in rosewood and satin brocatel, pier and mantel mirrors, bronze chandeliers and gas-fixtures, handsome bedroom suites in mahogany and black walnut, hair and straw mattresses, feather beds, bolsters and pillows, Brussels, three-ply and ingrain carpets. Also, an extensive assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.
Catalogues at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 111 Broadway.

PROPOSALS.

FRESH BEEF AND VEGETABLES.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, BUREAU OF PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING, April 24, 1867.

Sealed Proposals indorsed "Proposals for Fresh Beef and Vegetables," will be received at this Bureau until 2 o'clock P. M. on the 4th day of May next, for the supply of 200,000 pounds fresh beef and 200,000 pounds of fresh vegetables, at the Brooklyn Navy-yard and Station, as required. The beef and vegetables must be of good quality, and the best the market affords, and each article must be offered for by the pound. The beef to be in equal proportions, fore and hind quarters.

Bonds, with approved security, will be required in one-half the estimated amount of the contract, and twenty per cent. in addition will be withheld from the amount of each payment to be made, as collateral security for the due performance of the contract, which will on no account be paid until it is fully complied with.

Every offer made must be accompanied by a written guarantee, signed by one or more responsible persons, that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into an obligation within five days, with good and sufficient sureties, to furnish the articles proposed.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by such guarantee, and by satisfactory evidence that the bidder is a regular dealer in the articles proposed, and has the license required by act of Congress.

The Department reserves the right to reject any proposal not considered advantageous to the Government.

It is to be understood that in case the stipulated quantity of either article shall be delivered, leaving a balance due on the other article, the contract may be considered as completed in full at the option of the Department.
H. BRIDGE, Chief of Bureau.

PAYMASTER'S OFFICE, U. S. NAVY, NO. 29 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, April 25, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this Office until 12 M., the 30th inst., for the following supplies, *which must be of the very best quality, to be delivered immediately*, free of expense at the New-York Navy-yard, and *subject to the usual inspection thereat*, to-wit:

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS.
One 1,000-lb. Morrison's patent steam-hammer.
Six dozen Dowelling bits.
BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR.
5,000 tight barrel hoop poles. 3 tons spelter.
2,000 gallons linseed oil, raw.
BUREAU OF STEAM ENGINEERING.
30 tons Sterling charcoal cold-blast pig iron, No. 1.
2 Woodward's steam-pumps.
BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT AND RECRUITING.
100 sides rigging leather.
BUREAU OF ORDNANCE.
1,000 lbs. ⅝ in. hoop iron. 1,000 lbs. white lead in oil. 300 gallons linseed oil, raw.
BUREAU OF NAVIGATION.
7,000 feet white pine; 65 pair butt hinges, 3 in.

Responsible security required for *the prompt and faithful delivery* of supplies awarded. Blank forms *with further particulars* for bidders to be had at this Office.
JOHN D. GIBSON, Paymaster U. S. Navy.

TO OWNERS OF DREDGING MACHINES.—Several harbors on Lakes Ontario and Champlain, and the River St. Lawrence, in charge of the undersigned, will require dredging during the ensuing year, appropriations applicable to that object having been made by the last Congress.

Communications from dredge owners, giving particulars as to their machines, and asking further information, will be duly acknowledged.
C. E. BLUNT, Lieutenant-Colonel of Engineers,
Brevet-Colonel United States Army.
UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE,
OSWEGO, N. Y., April 21, 1867.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm name of SMITH & JEWELL is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
F. E. SMITH,
H. S. JEWELL.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of F. E. SMITH & CO. for the purpose of carrying on the business of the Atlantic Flour Mills of Brooklyn.
F. E. SMITH,
H. E. SMITH.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of JEWELL BROTHERS, for the purpose of carrying on the business of the Brooklyn City Mills.
H. S. JEWELL,
BROOKLYN, April 16, 1867. E. M. JEWELL.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership under the firm of CHURCHILL & RHODES, for the transaction of the dry goods commission business, at No. 58 Leonard-st.
WILLIAM E. CHURCHILL,
THOMAS RHODES,
Late of the firm of Rhodes & Freeman.
NEW-YORK, April 8, 1867.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A QUARRY OF BLUE FLAG-STONE for sale, at Wentsboro', Sullivan County, with land in quantities to suit purchasers, one mile from the Delaware and Hudson Canal; an unequaled opportunity for conducting the flag-stone business; transportation cheap and direct to the best markets. Address H. G., Box No. 127 *Times* Office.

A TEA WAREHOUSE FOR SALE ON the best business avenue in the City, with stock, fixtures, and long lease; a good opportunity; must be sold immediately. Inquire at No. 134 Chatham-st.

FOR SALE—AN OLD-ESTABLISHED LIQUOR-store; two full lots and three-story house, and in a desirable locality. Apply to JAMES ALBERTS, No. 327 Spring-st.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, April 3, 1867.

ON THE PETITION OF WILLIAM E. WARD, Port Chester, N. Y., praying for the extension of a patent granted to him the 28th day of December, 1852, for an improved method of heading screw blanks, rivets, &c., for seven years from the expiration of said patent, which took place on the 28th day of December, 1866, this application having been authorized by act of Congress, it is ordered that said petition be heard at the Patent Office on Monday, the 24th day of June next, at 12 o'clock M.; and all persons are notified to appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition ought not to be granted.

Persons opposing the extension are required to file in the Patent Office their objections, specially set forth in writing, at least twenty days before the day of hearing; all testimony filed by either party, to be used at the said hearing, must be taken and transmitted in accordance with the rules of the office, which will be furnished on application.

Depositions and other papers, relied upon as testimony, must be filed in the office twenty days before the day of hearing; the arguments, if any, within ten days after filing the testimony.

Ordered, also, that this notice be published in the *Republican* and the *Intelligencer*, Washington, D. C., and in the *Times*, New-York, once a week for three successive weeks; the first of said publications to be at least sixty days previous to the day of hearing.
T. C. THEAKER,
Commissioner of Patents.

LEGAL NOTICES.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF JOHN W. MILLS, Surrogate of the County of Westchester, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against the estate of PETER POILLON, JR., late of the town of Yonkers, in said county, deceased, to present the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the undersigned, Executor of the last will and testament of the said deceased, at his office, No. 19 William-st., Room No. 18, New-York City, on or before the 15th day of June, A. D., 1867.

Dated this 5th day of December, A. D., 1866.
WM. B. BLACKWELL, Executor.
dec6-law6mTh

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.— "Keys' National Writing Fluid" and "American Union Ink." No sediment; flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by REEVES & CO., successors to J. G. Keys. Removed to No. 303 Washington-st., near Reade.

SHIPPING.

LONDON AND NEW-YORK STEAMSHIP LINE.

Passage to London or Brest, $110, $75 and $30 currency. Excursion tickets at reduced rates available for six months.

CELLA, Capt. GLEADELL, from New-York, April 27.
WM. PENN, Capt. BILLINGE, from New-York, May 11.
ATALANTA, Capt. PINKHAM, from New-York, May 25.
BELLONA, Capt. DIXON, from New-York, June 8.

The elegant British iron steamship CELLA will leave Pier No. 3 North River, for London, calling at Brest, on SATURDAY, April 27, at 12 M.

Until further notice all the steamers of this line will call at Brest to land passengers. Tickets sold through by rail to Paris at 25 per cent. less than regular rates.

Freight will be taken and through bills of lading given to Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, and Dunkirk.

For passage apply to ROBERT N. CLARK, No. 26 Broadway.

For freight apply at No. 54 South-st.

HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

$156 GOLD TO PARIS AND BACK.

REDUCTION OF RATES TO AND FROM LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW AND DERRY.

Excursion tickets, $170, currency.

The favorite passenger steamers of the Anchor Line sail every SATURDAY, for LIVERPOOL AND GLASGOW, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers.

UNITED KINGDOM, SMITH, SATURDAY, April 27.
IOWA, CRAIG, SATURDAY, May 4.
COLUMBIA, MACDONALD, SATURDAY, May 11.

From the Company's Pier, No. 20 North River.

Rates of passage, payable in currency:
Cabins, $110 and $90, according to location.
Steerage, $25. Prepaid certificates from Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, $35.

Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Havre, Antwerp, &c., at very low rates.

For further information apply at the Company's offices.

FRANCIS MACDONALD & CO., Agents, No. 6 Bowling-green, New-York.

CUNARD EMIGRANT LINE.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.

FROM NEW-YORK EVERY WEDNESDAY.

HECLA	May 1
MALTA	May 8

RATES OF PASSAGE:

Cabin	$100 Gold.
Steerage	$25 Currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown $35 currency.

For Steerage Passage, apply at No. 69 Broadway.

For Freight and Cabin Passage, at No. 4 Bowling-green. E. CUNARD.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steamships ARAGO and FULTON, in connection with the New-York Mail Steamship Company's steamers MISSISSIPPI and GUIDING STAR, to Havre, carrying the United States mails, from Pier No. 46 North River, at noon, on the following days, calling at Falmouth:

MISSISSIPPI	C. Sumner	Saturday, April 27
FULTON	C. H. Townsend	Saturday, May 11
GUIDING STAR	E. Van Sice	Saturday, May 25
ARAGO	H. A. Gadsden	Saturday, June 8
MISSISSIPPI	G. V. Sumner	Saturday, June 22
FULTON	C. H. Townsend	Saturday, July 6

and every fourteen days thereafter.

PRICES OF PASSAGE, PAYABLE IN GOLD,

FIRST-CLASS	$120
SECOND-CLASS	70

Through tickets to London $5 extra.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The Company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

GEO. B. HARTSON, for N. Y. S. S. Co.
JOS. J. COMSTOCK, for N. Y. and H. S. S. Co.
For further information apply to J. J. COMSTOCK, Agent, No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
J. A. WOTTON, Havre, General Agent in Europe.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:

PEREIRE	DUCHESNE	SATURDAY, May 4
VILLE DE PARIS	SURMONT	SATURDAY, May 18
EUROPE	LEMARIE	SATURDAY, June 1
ST. LAURENT	BOCANDE	SATURDAY, June 15

PRICE OF PASSAGE (including wine) payable in gold or equivalent in currency,
TO BREST OR HAVRE,
First cabin, $130; second cabin, $100.
TO PARIS,
including railway tickets, furnished on board,
First cabin, $165; second cabin, $103.

Baggage checked through to Paris.
Medical attendance free of charge.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to, or coming from the continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid unnecessary risks from transit by English railroads and crossing the channel, besides saving much time, trouble and expense.

GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent No. 58 Broadway.

RETURN TICKETS TO PARIS AND BACK, FIRST CLASS, $200 IN GOLD.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.—The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails:

EDINBURGH	WEDNESDAY	April 24
CITY OF BALTIMORE	SATURDAY	April 27
CITY OF CORK	WEDNESDAY	May 1
CITY OF WASHINGTON	SATURDAY	May 4
CITY OF PARIS	SATURDAY	May 11
CITY OF NEW-YORK	SATURDAY	May 18

and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE
By the mail steamers sailing every Saturday.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$110	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	115	Steerage to London	35
First Cabin to Paris	125	Steerage to Paris	45

Return tickets to Paris and back, $200 gold.

Passage by the Wednesday steamers, first cabin, $110; steerage, $30. Payable in United States Currency.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.

Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $40 currency. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

THE STEAMSHIP KANGAROO, OF THE Inman Line, will sail from Pier No. 45 North River, at noon, on WEDNESDAY, May 1, for Liverpool, calling at Queenstown.

Rates of Passage—First cabin, $110; steerage, $30—currency.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway.

RETURN TICKETS TO PARIS AND BACK, $180 GOLD.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

(Limited.)

Steamers weekly for Liverpool, calling at Queenstown.

The splendid first-class iron steamships of this line will sail as follows from Pier No. 47 North River:

LOUISIANA, HARRINGTON	SATURDAY, Apr. 27
THE QUEEN, GROGAN	SATURDAY, May 4
DENMARK, THOMSON	SATURDAY, May 11
PENNSYLVANIA, LEWIS	SATURDAY, May 18

Cabin passage, payable in gold, $90 and $75, according to location of state rooms, all having equal privileges in the saloon.

Return tickets to and from Liverpool $150, gold.

Steerage passage to Liverpool or Queenstown, $30 in currency.

Through passage to London, Paris, Havre, Bremen, Hamburg, Antwerp, &c., at low rates.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown $35 in currency.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, Nos. 57 and 27 Broadway, or No. 73 Broadway.

F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR;
AND
BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

SCOTIA leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 1.
CUBA leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 8.
PERSIA leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 15.
CHINA leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 22.
JAVA leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 29.
ASIA leaves Boston, Wednesday, June 5.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$150
Second Cabin Passage	100
FROM NEW-YORK TO PARIS.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$165
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$125
Second Cabin Passage	80

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 22d of every month:

SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, May 22.
MERRIMAC, Capt. GEO. B. SLOCUM, June 22.
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. L. F. TIMMERMAN, July 22.

These elegant steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagement of freight or passage, apply to GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City on

SATURDAY.........May 18 | SATURDAY......June 15
At noon.

Passage money to Nassau	$45
Passage money to Havana	50

Payable in gold or its equivalent.
For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

EVERY THURSDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River, the elegant sidewheel steamships

EAGLE	GREENE	THURSDAY, April 25
COLUMBIA	BARTON	THURSDAY, May 2
MORRO CASTLE	ADAMS	THURSDAY, May 9

GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

MOBILE, GALVESTON AND LAVACCA.

The steamship RALEIGH, leaving Pier 36 North River on THURSDAY, April 25, at 3 P. M., will give through bills of lading to the above points, to be reshipped at New-Orleans. For rates of freight through, apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 88 Liberty-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—BLACK STAR LINE.

The steamship HUNTSVILLE, Capt. ISAAC CROWELL, will leave on ——, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 o'clock.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to R. LOWDEN, Agent, Corner Cedar and West sts.

DAVID McCOARD, Agent in New-Orleans.

STAR LINE FOR NEW-ORLEANS.—THE NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S fine ocean steamers will leave Pier No. 46 North River, at 3 P. M., as follows:

MARIPOSA, on SATURDAY, April 27.
MISSOURI, on SATURDAY, May 4.

All bills of lading signed at the office upon the pier.
For freight or passage apply to GEO. B. HARTSON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.—ATLANTIC Coast Mail Steamship Company's new and first-class light-draft sidewheel steamship RALEIGH, Capt. C. P. MARSHMAN, will leave Pier No. 36 North River, for the above port on THURSDAY, April 25, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage having unsurpassed accommodations. Apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 88 Liberty-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—Citizens about to travel abroad may procure passports from A. C. WILLMARTH, United States Passport Agent, No. 41 Chambers-st.

SHIPPING.

STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND AUSTRALASIA.

VIA PANAMA.

The Panama, New-Zealand and Australian Royal Mail Company dispatch a steamer on the 24th of each month from Panama to Wellington, N. Z., and the Australian Colonies, connecting with the steamer of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company leaving New-York for Aspinwall (Colon) on the 11th of each month. First and second class passengers will be conveyed under through ticket at the following rates: From New-York to ports in New-Zealand, or to Sydney or Melbourne, $340 to $364 for first class, and $218 to $243 for second class, payable in United States gold coin.

Special steamers run to the newly-discovered gold region of Hokitika, New-Zealand.

Arrangements are now completed for issuing through bills of lading. Freight payable here.

For further information, application to be made to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, No. 59 Wall-st., or to CHARLES W. WEST, Agent, No. 23 William-st., New-York.

STEAMSHIP GREAT EASTERN,

$80. $100. $120. GOLD,

WILL LEAVE NEW-YORK FOR BREST, FRANCE, TUESDAY, May 28,

taking first-class passengers only.

WELLS, FARGO & CO., Passage Agents, No. 84 Broadway, New-York.
W. T. COLEMAN & CO., Freight Agents, No. 117 Front-st., New-York.

NEW-YORK & BREMEN STEAMSHIP CO.

THE FIRST-CLASS U. S. MAIL STEAMSHIP WESTERN METROPOLIS, WM. WEIR, Master, will leave Pier 46 N. R., on Saturday, May 4, at 12 M., FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN, taking passengers to Southampton, Havre and Bremen, at the following rates, payable in gold or its equivalent in currency—to Paris or London $5 additional:

First cabin, $110; second cabin, $65; steerage, $35.
From Bremen, Southampton and Havre to New-York, first cabin, $110; second cabin, $75; steerage, 42.

EXCURSION TICKETS OUT AND HOME.
First cabin, $200; second cabin, $130; steerage, $70.

New steamer	May 18
ATLANTIC, Capt. C. HOYER	June 1

For freight, expressage, bills of exchange or passage apply to ISAAC TAYLOR, President, 40 Broadway.

DIRECT MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE

BETWEEN ANTWERP AND NEW-YORK.

The undersigned will dispatch the first-class English iron steamers

OTTAWA, Capt. ARCHER,
MEDWAY, Capt. HARRIS,
FROM NEW-YORK AND ANTWERP.

4th May, 25th May, 15th June, 6th July, 27th July, 17th August, &c., taking passengers at the following rates:

From New-York, first cabin, according to location of state-rooms	$75—$90 00
Steerage	32 50
From Antwerp—First Cabin	90 00
Steerage	40 00

EXCURSION TICKETS AT
First Cabin.........$170 | Steerage.........$67 50
payable in gold or its equivalent.

Freight is taken at the lowest rates for Antwerp, Rotterdam and Amsterdam.

Apply to HILLER & CO., New-York. For freight and cabin passage, No. 57 Broadway; for steerage, No. 3 Chambers-st.

EXCURSION TO PARIS, ITALY, GREECE, CRIMEA, HOLY LAND, EGYPT, &c.—The magnificent side-wheel ocean steamship QUAKER CITY will leave with the above excursion (accompanied by Lieut.-Gen. Sherman) on SATURDAY, June 8, at 3 o'clock P. M. The ship will visit St. Michael's, Gibraltar, Marseilles, Genoa, Leghorn, Caprera, Civita Vecchia, Naples, Palermo, Athens, Corinth, Constantinople, Sebastopol, Smyrna, Holy Land, Egypt, Malta, Cagliari, Palma, Valencia, Madeira and Bermuda—and the party will have ample opportunity to visit Paris, Lyons, and all the points of interest in Italy, Switzerland and the Holy Land. Gen. Sherman writes: "Your programme is all that could be desired, and should be adhered to absolutely." Applications to join the party (now nearly complete, the number being limited to 110) must be made to the Committee through C. C. DUNCAN, 117 Wall-st.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

THROUGH LINE TO

CALIFORNIA AND CHINA,

CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL
VIA PANAMA RAILROAD.

Steamers leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock, noon, as follows:

MAY 1.—OCEAN QUEEN, Capt. ——, connecting with SACRAMENTO, Capt. CAVERLY.
MAY 11.—HENRY CHAUNCEY, Capt. GRAY, connecting with CONSTITUTION, Capt. LAPIDGE.
MAY 21.—ARIZONA, Capt. MAURY, connecting with GOLDEN CITY, Capt. WATKINS.

100 pounds baggage allowed free to each adult passenger. Medicines and attendance free.

All departures touch at Acapulco; those of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports, and those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.

Departure of 11th each month connects with the new steam line from Panama to Australia and New-Zealand.

Steamer of June 11, will connect with the Company's steamer COLORADO, to leave San Francisco July 3 for Hong Kong, via Yokohama, where close connection will be made with Company's steamer COSTA RICA for Nagasaki and Shanghai.

Freight through from New-York to China and Japan, $2 15 per cubic foot measurement, or 4 to 4½ cents per lb. weight, payable in coin.

For passage tickets and all further information apply at the office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River, New-York. F. R. BABY, Agent.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA.

REDUCED RATES OF PASSAGE AND FREIGHT.

The fast and elegant steamship SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Capt. JERRY W. SMITH, will be dispatched by the North American Steamship Company, on WEDNESDAY, May 1, at noon, from Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st., connecting on the Pacific with the favorite steamer AMERICA, Capt. E. WAKEMAN.

The accommodations on these steamers are unsurpassed by those of any steamers afloat, and the line is run

THROUGH TO SAN FRANCISCO EVERY TWENTY DAYS.

For passage or freight apply to WM. H. WEBB, President, No. 54 Exchange-place.
D. A. CARRINGTON, Agent, No. 177 West, corner of Warren-st., New-York.

Next regular sailing day, MONDAY, May 20.

FOR CALIFORNIA VIA PANAMA.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer OCEAN QUEEN will sail on WEDNESDAY, May 1, at 12 o'clock, noon.

Freight received as usual.

For rates, &c., inquire at freight office on Company's Pier, No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st.

WELLS, FARGO & CO., Sole Freight Agents P. M. S. S. Co.

CALIFORNIA, OREGON AND MEXICO STEAMSHIP COMPANY will dispatch the fine steamship ORIFLAMME, 1,204 tons, FRANCIS CONNOR, Master, from San Francisco, June 1, for NEW-ARCHANGEL, SITKA.

Passengers from New-York, by Pacific Mail Company's steamer of May 1, will connect with the ORIFLAMME.

CABIN PASSAGE REDUCED TO $15.

REGULAR LINE FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.,

THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST AND THE FLORIDA PORTS. The A 1 large and popular steamship SARAGOSSA, M. B. CROWELL, Commander, is now receiving cargo, and will be dispatched on SATURDAY, 27th inst. from Pier No. 14 East River, at 3 P. M., connecting at Charleston for all points in the South and Southwest, and with steamer DICTATOR for the Florida ports.

ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

FOR SAVANNAH—EVERY THURSDAY.

The Atlantic Coast Mail Steamship Company's sidewheel steamers

HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Capt. BAKER, sails THURSDAY, April 25.
GENERAL BARNES, Capt. MORTON, sails THURSDAY, May 2.

From Pier No. 36 North River, at 3 P. M. precisely. Through passage tickets and bills of lading to all points in connection with the Central Railroad of Georgia, and passage tickets with the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad to points in Florida. For freight or passage apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 88 Liberty-st.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

THE PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

The regular and popular steamship MONEKA, Capt. LEBBY, will leave on WEDNESDAY, May 1, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 36 North River, landing freight on SATURDAY MORNING at Charleston.

Through tickets and bills of lading issued to all points South, in connection with the South Carolina Railroad.

LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, 88 Liberty-st.

EMPIRE LINE FOR SAVANNAH.

Every SATURDAY, 3 P. M., from Pier 13 North River.

The favorite sidewheel steamships

SAN SALVADOR, NICKERSON, Saturday, April 27.
SAN JACINTO, ATKINS, Saturday, May 4.

Connecting at Savannah with Florida steamers, and by rail to all points South and West.

Elegant passenger accommodations.

GARRISON & ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green, N. Y.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.—MURRAY'S LINE.—Every TUESDAY at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 16 East River, foot of Wall-st., the favorite steamships

VIRGO, BULKLEY, Commander, sails April 30;
LEO, DEARBORN, Commander, sails May 9;

connecting at Savannah with and through rates given by Central Railroad and Atlantic and Gulf Railroad to all points South and West and Florida steamers. Elegant passenger accommodations.

MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

FOR RICHMOND, NORFOLK AND CITY POINT.

OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
FROM PIER 37 NORTH RIVER, FOOT BEACH-ST.

Steamship ALBEMARLE, Capt. BOWEN, leaves every WEDNESDAY at 12 o'clock noon.

Steamship HATTERAS, Capt. ALEXANDER, leaves every SATURDAY at 12 o'clock noon.

Giving through bills of lading to all points on the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad and its connections.

Bills of lading signed on the pier.

For freight or passage apply to the office on the pier, or to N. L. McCREADY, President, No. 187 Greenwich-st., corner of Dey-st.

THE OLD LINE FOR RICHMOND, NORFOLK AND CITY POINT.

From Pier No. 21, North River.

Steamship SARATOGA, Capt. KING, leaves every WEDNESDAY, at 3 P. M.

Steamship NIAGARA, Capt. S. BLAKEMAN, every SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.

G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE, No. 115 Broadway, Agents.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new and first-class steamship GEORGE CROMWELL, Capt. E. E. VAILL, will leave Pier No. 9 North River, on SATURDAY, April 27, at 3 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

The GENERAL GRANT will follow May 4.

EXCURSIONS.

HARLEM RIVER.—PLEASANT AND CHEAP EXCURSION TO HIGH BRIDGE AND KING'S BRIDGE.—The Harlem and Spuyten Duyvil Navigation Company's steamer TIGER LILY, Capt. S. BULLOCK, will resume her usual trips on Harlem River, on SATURDAY, April 27, 1867, leaving 3d-av. and 130th-st. for Central Bridge, High Bridge, Fordham and King's Bridge Landings, connecting to and from New-York with Third-avenue cars and New-York and Harlem steamers. Time tables at the office in Harlem.

D. D. INSLEE, Assistant Superintendent.
HARLEM, April 24, 1867.

DUDLEY'S GROVE, ALDERLY PARK and Myers' Grove. Barges WALTER SANDS, WM. MYERS, WM. JAY HASKETT and WM. H. MORTON. Also, steamboats of all kinds. To secure the choice of days, apply early to W. & H. MYERS & CO., on board of barges, foot of Market-st.

STEAMBOATS.

LOWER HUDSON STEAMBOAT COMPANY'S

DAILY LINE TO GRASSY POINT.

The steamboat SLEEPY HOLLOW will commence regular trips on SATURDAY, the 27th inst., leaving Pier No. 29, foot of Warren-st., at 4 P. M.

TIME-TABLE.

Warren-st., leaves	4:00	Grassy Point, leaves	6:20
Yonkers	4:50	Sing Sing	7:15
Irvington	5:20	Tarrytown	7:45
Tarrytown	5:30	Irvington	8:00
Sing Sing	6:00	Yonkers	8:20
Grassy Point, arrives	7:00	Warren-st., arrives	9:20

SHREWSBURY, LONG BRANCH AND RED BANK.

The favorite steamboat META will leave pier foot of Barclay-st. as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Saturday, April 13, 1½ P. M.	Friday, April 12, 10 A. M.
Tuesday, April 16, 2½ P. M.	Monday, April 15, 12½ P. M.
Thursday, April 18, 2½ P. M.	Wednesday, Apl. 17, 2½ P. M.
Saturday, April 20, 3 P. M.	Friday, April 19, 2 P. M.
Tuesday, April 23, 9 A. M.	Monday, April 22, 7 A. M.
Thursday, April 25, 10 A. M.	Wednesday, April 24, 7 A. M.
Saturday, April 27, 12 M.	Friday, April 26, 9 A. M.
Tuesday, April 30, 2½ P. M.	Monday, April 29, 12 M.

LONG ISLAND NAVIGATION COMPANY.

On and after March 15, 1867, the steamers of this Company will run as follows, leaving Pier No. 43 East River (foot of Rutgers-st.), New-York:

FOR SAG HARBOR, GREENPORT, ORIENT AND NEW-SUFFOLK.—Steamer ARTISAN, Capt. G. C. GIBBS, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 4 P. M.

FOR PORT JEFFERSON AND STONY BROOK.—Steamer SUNBEAM, Capt. E. A. HILDRETH, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, as per time table.

The new and beautiful sidewheel steamer RIVER QUEEN will be put on the route to Sag Harbor about May 1, 1867.

DAVID WILLIAMS, President, No. 5 Beekman-st.
J. S. TUTHILL, Agent, No. 5 James-slip.

APRIL—1867.

SHREWSBURY, LONG BRANCH, AND RED BANK.

Steamer SEA BIRD will leave Pier foot of Chambers-st. as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.		LEAVE RED BANK.	
Tuesday, 23d	9½ A. M.	Monday, 22d	7 A. M.
Thursday, 25th	11 A. M.	Wednesday, 24th	8 A. M.
Saturday, 27th	12½ P. M.	Friday, 26th	8½ A. M.
Tuesday, 30th	3 P. M.	Monday, 29th	11½ A. M.

REGULAR HARTFORD LINE.

First-class steamers CITY OF HARTFORD and GRANITE STATE, leave Peck-slip, East River, daily (except Sundays) at 4 P. M., for Hartford, Conn., connecting for Springfield, Cabotville, Holyoke, Northampton, and all Connecticut River towns for passengers and freight. Fare $1 50 to Hartford; second-class $1 25.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.—FOR WHITESTONE, Bayles Dock, Great Neck, Sands Point, Glen Cove, Glenwood and Roslyn. On and after WEDNESDAY, May 1, the elegant new steamboat SEAWANAKA, CHARLES PORT, Master, will leave Pier No. 24 E. R. (Peck-slip), daily, Sundays excepted, at 4 P. M., for the above-named places.

FOR ALBANY AND TROY AND ALL POINTS NORTH AND EAST.—The first-class steamers of the New-York and Troy Steamboat Company leave daily, (Saturdays excepted,) at 6 P. M., from their new and extensive wharf, Pier No. 44 North River, foot of Spring-st.

FOR NORWALK, CONNECTING WITH DANBURY Railroad.—The new and fast steamer NELLY WHITE leaves Pier No. 37 East River, foot of Market-st., every afternoon at half-past two o'clock P. M. Fare, 75 cents; excursion tickets, $1 25.

RAILROAD TIME.—THE STEAMBOAT D. R. MARTIN has resumed her trips and leaves Pier No. 24 East River, (Catharine-st.,) daily at 4 P. M. for Lloyd's Dock, Oyster Bay and Union Dock, Bayville.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, &c.—Fare 75 cents. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

RAILROADS.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.—On and after MONDAY Nov. 19, 1866, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:

8 A. M. Express train, via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars, and connecting at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and Montreal.

10 A. M. Express and Mail train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for North.

11 A. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and Montreal.

3:45 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Montreal, with sleeping-car attached.

4:15 P. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Rutland, Burlington and Montreal. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.

6:30 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, and through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars. Also sleeping-car every day excepting Saturdays attached from New-York through to Ogdensburgh without change, via Rome, W. and O. Railroad. Connection at Troy will be made at East Albany. This train will run on Sundays.

11 P. M. Train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-car attached, connecting at Albany with early trains for Buffalo and Suspension Bridge, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga and points North.

A Sunday train will be run via Hudson River Railroad from New-York to Poughkeepsie and intermediate stations, leaving New-York at 8:30 A. M. Returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 2:45 P. M., arriving in New-York at 6:15 P. M.

Also, a Sunday train via Harlem Railroad, leaving 42d-st. at 9 A. M., and arriving at Millerton at 3:50 P. M. Returning, leave Millerton at 5 P. M., arriving in New-York at 12:20 A. M.

WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., Pavonia Ferry:

8 A. M.—Day Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South.
8:45 A. M.—Way Train daily for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Express Mail, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.
4 P. M.—Way, for Port Jervis, Newburgh, Warwick.
5 P. M.—Night Express, Buffalo, Salamanca and Dunkirk.
5:30 P. M.—Way train for Suffern.
6:30 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South.
7:30 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for the West.

Also, Way Trains for Boiling Spring, Passaic and Paterson at 6:45 and 9:15 A. M., 12 M., 1:45, 3:45, 4:30, 6:15 and *11 P. M.—*Daily. On Wednesday nights a Theatre Train at 12 o'clock.

Express trains run in direct connection with all Southern and Western lines.

WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent. H. RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT, FROM JAN. 3, 1867. Leave James-slip, New-York:

9 A. M., mail train for Greenport and way stations.
11 A. M., for Syosset and way stations.
3 P. M., Yaphank Express train; and on Saturday nights for Riverhead.
4 P. M., for Syosset and way stations.
5 P. M., for Farmingdale and way stations.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 6:25 and 9:12 A. M. and 1:15, 4:22 and 6:02 P. M. Saturdays only at 11:15 P. M. The 9:12 and 4:22 run through to Monsey. THOMAS W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

INSTRUCTION.

SEWARD INSTITUTE FOR BOYS,

Florida, Orange Co., N. Y.

Institution endowed. Advantages superior. Terms, $100 for 21 weeks. T. G. SCHRIVER, A. M.
Session opens April 29.

JACKSON INSTITUTE, DANBURY, CONN.

A family school for boys under 14 years of age. Twenty-first session opens May 6.

Rev. F. J. JACKSON, A. M., Principal.

FRENCH CONVERSATION AND LITERATURE, by Professor PARRAIN, graduate of the Catholic University of Louvain and Normal School of Paris (Teachers' School.) Explanation of the new method MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, from 4 to 5 P. M., at No. 27 Bond-st.

MR. LESPINASSE'S FRENCH INSTITUTE, 170th-st., Fort Washington.—French is the language of the school; beautiful grounds; school open during Summer. Circulars at Messrs. Milhau's, No. 183 Broadway; Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Leroy's, No. 913 Broadway.

SEDGWICK INSTITUTE, GREAT BARRINGTON, Berkshire County, Mass.—A safe, healthy and delightful home for 20 boys; instruction thorough and practical. Summer term will commence April 15; Circulars upon application. S. PARSONS PRATT, A. M., Principal.

GERMANY.—BOARD AND TUITION MAY BE had for a few young ladies in Hanau, a pleasant city near Frankfort, O. M.; best references. For particulars address Dr. HINKEL, General Post-office Box No. 1,153, New-York.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS, ESSEX, CONN.—Spring term commences May 1. Terms $225 per year. Send for Catalogue. M. A. CUMMINGS, Principal.

NEWBURGH (N. Y.) INSTITUTE, SEMINARY HILL.—A Commercial and Collegiate Boarding School for 25 boys, reopens in new building April 24. Inspection solicited. H. W. SIGLAR, Principal.

PARKER ACADEMY—A FAMILY SCHOOL for boys, Woodbury, Litchfield Co., Conn. Rev. ALONZO NORTON LEWIS, A. M., Principal.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES—Bridgeport, Conn. For circulars address MISS EMILY NELSON.

HOME INSTITUTE.—A BOARDING SCHOOL for young ladies. The Spring term will commence April 15. Address the Principal, Miss M. METCALF, Tarrytown, N. Y.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S ENGLISH and French Boarding School for young ladies, College-av., New-Brunswick, N. J. A native French teacher resides in the family.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A boarding-school for boys. The next term will commence April 15. For circulars, apply to D. S. ROWE, M. A., Principal.

MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL—White Plains, N.Y. Principal O. R. WILLIS, A. M.

TEACHERS.

A LADY EDUCATED IN NEW-ENGLAND, with 16 years' experience, thoroughly competent to teach English branches, desires a position as governess in a private family or school. Apply at, or adddress, National Teachers' Institute, 532 Broadway.

A GERMAN LADY, EDUCATED IN PARIS, a competent teacher in all superior branches of education, desires an engagement to go to Europe or to the country. Address S. M. P., Box No. 122 *Times* Office.

AS GOVERNESS.—A YOUNG LADY DESIRES an engagement as above; can teach English in all its branches; music, singing, French and Italian rudiments; terms moderate; good references. Address O. Y., Box No. 103 *Times* Office.

ASTROLOGY.

MADAME ROSS, MEDICAL AND BUSINESS CLAIRVOYANT, shows the likeness and tells the name of the person you will marry. Lucky numbers. No. 100 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

NO. 165 BOWERY.—MADAME WIDGER, Clairvoyant, tells you all you want to know—losses, numbers, diseases, &c.

PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE REVEALED—Prof. A. E. MAURICE consulted on all affairs of life, at No. 198 Bleecker-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—U. States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 262 Broadway.

DRY GOODS.

SPRING & SUMMER MANTLLAS.

GRAND OPENING DAY AND "EXPOSITION PUBLIQUE,"
ON THURSDAY, APRIL 25,
at the new store of
WILLIAM BUCHANAN MACKENZIE,
No. 2 Clinton-place, 8th-street,

just out of Broadway, the ACKNOWLEDGED LEADER OF FASHION IN THIS DEPARTMENT, who has just arrived from Paris with THE VERY LATEST NOVELTIES, as designed by the most distinguished modistes expressly for the annual fete of "Longchamps," furnished in advance to W. B. McK., and not to be obtained at any other establishment in America.

The inspection of ladies most kindly invited.

WILLIAM BUCHANAN MACKENZIE,
No. 2 Clinton-place, 8th-st.,
One door from Broadway.

B. L. SOLOMON & SONS

WILL REMOVE INTO THEIR "NEW STORE" MAY 1.

Until that time they will offer their stock of
CURTAIN GOODS,
FURNITURE COVERINGS,
PAPER HANGINGS,
AND WINDOW SHADES
AT PRICES THAT WILL WELL REPAY AN INSPECTION.

No. 369 Broadway.

STRANG & ADRIANCE,

No. 355 BROADWAY, between Leonard and Franklin, will offer at RETAIL, on MONDAY, April 22,
BLACK AND COLORED SILKS,
SATINS, in all colors, for DRESS TRIMMINGS,
BLACK WORSTED and SILK GRENADINES,
of all widths and qualities, from auction, at great bargains.
Also,
GRENADINE ROBES, in new and beautiful designs, very cheap.
IRISH AND FRENCH POPLINS,
and a great variety of other DRESS GOODS for SUITS and TRAVELING DRESSES, all below market price.
500 PIECES WHITE MARSEILLES and PIQUES,
at very low prices.

PARIS.

AU PETIT ST. THOMAS.
RUE DE BAC, Nos. 27, 29, 31, 33, 35.
RUE DE L'UNIVERSITE, No. 25.
(Near the Exhibition Palace.)

This House, established upward of 50 years, is universally known and famed as one of the first establishments in Paris, in which thorough confidence may be placed.

In its immense premises, which all foreigners should visit, will be found the most complete assortments of

SILKS,
FIRST NOVELTIES,
SHAWLS,
WOOLENS,
LACE,
LINGERIE,
READY MADE
ARTICLES FOR LADIES,
FURS,
COTTON AND THREADSTUFFS,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
TRIMMINGS,
CARPETS,
RIBBONS,
ARTICLES OF FURNITURE.
ENGLISH ASSISTANTS. FIXED PRICE.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE

You can purchase cut lengths of millinery goods cheaper than down-town jobbers sell whole pieces. Call. Remember we have no fancy Broadway rent to charge upon our goods. Everything is purchased and sold for cash. Inspect our stock, it will repay you.

EDWD. RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand; Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen sts., fifth block east from the Bowery.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO LADIES.

The subscriber respectfully announces the removal of his CLOAK and MANTILLA business from its former location, No. 763 Broadway, to No. 2 Clinton-place, 8th-st., one door from Broadway. W. B. MACKENZIE.

EXPOSITION PUBLIQUE.

On THURSDAY, the 25th April, W. B. MACKENZIE will open a selection of the choicest novelties of his own importation and manufacture, in Sacques, Jackets, Circulars and Togas. Superior as regards richness and style to the productions of any former season.

WILLIAM BUCHANAN MACKENZIE,
No. 2 Clinton-place,
Eighth-st., one door from Broadway.

JOHN CAMPBELL,

NO. 898 BROADWAY,
Between 19th and 20th sts.,
has just introduced his elegant styles of
SPRING AND SUMMER
CLOAKS,
CLOAKINGS,
TRIMMINGS, &c.,
to which he invites the attention of his patrons and the public generally.

DRESS TRIMMINGS, NEW STYLES, Ribbons, Laces, Embroideries, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Ruffings, &c., &c., at reduced prices. Best quality $2 Kid Gloves reduced to $1 50, second, $1. At ELGER'S, Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

LINENS, TABLE-CLOTHS, NAPKINS, Towelings, Hdkfs., Muslins, Blankets, Quilts, &c., at retail, low. GRAHAM'S Linen Warehouse, Clinton Hall, Astor-place, bet. Broadway and Cooper Institute.

PARIS.—AU PAGE, NO. 16 RUE VIVIENNE, bottom of the court-yard, on the left, first floor. Specialty for SILKS, MANTLES, HAUTES NOUVEAUTES.

READY MADE CLOTHING.

BARGAINS IN CLOTHING.

A LARGE WHOLESALE STOCK OF
READY MADE CLOTHING,
will be offered for sale
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 1,
AT RETAIL,
REGARDLESS OF COST,
consisting of BUSINESS SUITS, FROCK COATS, SACKS, PANTS & VESTS, SPRING OVERCOATS, &c.

BUSINESS COATS	$3 00 to $20
PANTS	$2 00 to $10
VESTS	$1 50 to $5

At 100 and 102 Reade-street.

CARPETS.

CARPETS
AND
OIL-CLOTHS.
NEW GOODS.
SPRING SALES, 1867.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES
SMITH & LOUNSBERY,
No. 456 BROADWAY,
Near Grand-st., New-York.

FURNITURE.

REMOVAL.

WARREN WARD & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF COTTAGE FURNITURE,
Have removed to their
NEW WAREHOUSE,
Nos. 75 and 77 Spring-st., corner Crosby, one block east of Broadway, between the St. Nicholas and Metropolitan Hotels,
Where they are prepared to furnish every variety of
CHAMBER, PARLOR, LIBRARY
AND DINING-ROOM
FURNITURE,
BEDDING, &c., &c.,
UNSURPASSED IN QUALITY AND AT THEIR USUAL REASONABLE PRICES.

ESTABLISHED 1844.
SPRINGMEYER BROS.
LATE J. H. BELTER & CO.
FINE ROSEWOOD PARLOR FURNITURE.
PATENT ROSEWOOD BEDSTEADS.
PATENT ROSEWOOD BUREAUS,
(one lock controlling four drawers.)
Also, Rosewood, Black Walnut and Oak Library, Dining and Bedroom Furniture.
No. 722 Broadway, New-York.
Factory, 3d-av., corner of 76th-st.

FURNITURE—THE WHOLE OR ANY PART of the furniture, including carpets, black walnut parlor and chamber furniture and rosewood piano, in house No. 67 East 125th-st., west of 4th-av., for sale until May 1.

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, bedding, looking-glasses, &c., cheapest at G. W. SNEDEN & CAMPBELL'S, No. 263 Bowery, between Stanton and Houston sts. Goods warranted and delivered free. Patent secretary bedsteads cheap.

FOR SALE—OFFICE DESKS AND COUNTER with railing and gas-fixtures attached; also a safe. Apply at No. 10 Cooper Institute.

SHOW CASES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS sold at the lowest prices by HOFFMAN & FERSON, No. 148 Chatham-st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A FINE PAIR OF BAY HORSES, with a handsome light English phaeton, harness, robes, &c.; complete for a gentleman's turn-out; also, a stylish black horse, good in single or double harness, or for the saddle. Apply at RYERSON & BROWN'S livery stable, in West 32d-st., below 6th-av.

FOR SALE—IMPORTED THOROUGH-BRED saddle mare, 15½ hands, sorrel, 7½ years old, very handsome; pedigree given at No. 160 9th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., second stable in the alley.

ALL PARTIES WISHING TO BUY OR desirous to sell horses, carriages, wagons or anything pertaining to the horse business, should apply to MINER & SOMERVILLE, No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

FOR SALE.—A SECOND-HAND COUPE WILL be sold cheap, the owner having no further use for it. Apply to Mr. DAVIS, livery-stable, West 32d-st., a few doors below 6th-av.

FOR SALE—BAROUCHE CALECHE, SUITABLE for Summer or Winter, City made; good order; owner going to Europe. At No. 169 9th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

AT TAYLOR'S CARRIAGE WAREROOMS, No. 59 Cedar-st., park and pony phaetons, coupe and Germantown rockaway, top and no top buggies, depot wagons, harness, saddles, bridles, &c., cheap.

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND DOCTOR'S gig. Apply to DEUSENBURY & NELSON, No. 98 Laurens-st.

A STABLE, IN GOOD ORDER, TO LET—Apply to Prof. PARRAIN, No. 27 Bond-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—TO-NIGHT.

ITALIAN OPERA.
DIRECTOR..........MAX MARETZEK.
LAST WEEK BUT ONE OF THE SEASON.
SOMNAMBULA. TO-NIGHT. SOMNAMBULA.
First Appearance of the celebrated prima donna,
SENORA ANGELA PERALTA.
THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING, APRIL 25, at 8,
(Twenty-seventh Subscription Night,)
will be produced Bellini's charming Opera,
LA SONNAMBULA.
SENORA ANGELA PERALTA,
MISS STOCKTON, BARAGLI, ANTONUCCI, &c.
CONDUCTOR..........SIGNOR TORRIANI.
FRIDAY, Second Appearance of
SENORA A. PERALTA,
I PURITANI.
SENORA ANGELA PERALTA,
BARAGLI, BELLINI, ANTONUCCI.
SATURDAY MORNING, Last Grand Matinee,
L'AFRICAINE.
SATURDAY EVENING, Opera in Brooklyn,
THE CARNIVAL OF VENICE.
MONDAY, April 29—By general desire,
THE CARNIVAL OF VENICE.

The sale of Reserved Seats or Tickets for any of the above-named performances will commence this morning at the Box Office of the Academy, J. Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and at Macoy & Herwig's, Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—MATINEE.

DIRECTOR..........MAX MARETZEK.
On SATURDAY, April 27, at 1 o'clock,
LAST GRAND ITALIAN OPERA
MATINEE. L'AFRICAINE. MATINEE.
TICKETS TO THE MATINEE $1 50 EACH to all parts of the house. No reserved seats.
Can now be obtained at all the usual places.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

MAX MARETZEK'S ITALIAN OPERA.
LAST NIGHT BUT ONE OF THE SEASON.
On SATURDAY EVENING, April 27, at 8 o'clock,
Petrella's immensely successful chef d'oeuvre,
THE CARNIVAL OF VENICE,
with its incomparably great and complete cast.

Reserved seats and tickets can now be had in Brooklyn at the Box-office of the Academy, and in New-York at Macoy & Herwig's, Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

COMMENCING MONDAY, MAY 6,
the first appearance of
MAGUIRE & RISLEY'S
IMPERIAL JAPANESE TROUPE,
THE FIRST JAPANESE ARTISTS EVER PERMITTED TO LEAVE JAPAN.

Imported to this country by Prof. Risley.

The Imperial Troupe is composed of over twenty of the most extraordinary performers, male and female,
ACROBATS,
TOP SPINNERS,
POETRY OF MOTION,
BUTTERFLYING, &c.

And the Daimio favorite, the greatest performer in the world,
HAMAI KARI SADAKITCHI,
and his beautiful and most wonderful son,
ALL RIGHT.

Their performance of over SIXTY REPRESENTATIONS at
MAGUIRE'S OPERA HOUSE, San Francisco,
and
THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC, Philadelphia,
were unanimously pronounced
THE WONDER OF THE WORLD.

At Washington, D. C., they have created A PERFECT FURORE, and have been witnessed with marked demonstrations of approbation and delight by the President and family, Gen. Grant, the foreign Ministers, heads of Departments and overwhelming audiences.

The stay of the troupe in this City will be limited, as they will shortly leave for Europe.

Matinees on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS at 2 o'clock.

Due notice will be given of the opening of the box sheets.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

FRIDAY EVENING, April 26,
only appearance of the
RICHINGS ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY
in Balf's charming opera, the
BOHEMIAN GIRL.
BOHEMIAN GIRL.
Box sheet now open for reserving seats.

THE FESTIVAL OF THE TRINITY CHOIR.

NEW-YORK, A. D. 1867.
HANDEL'S ORATORIO OF THE "MESSIAH"
WILL BE PERFORMED IN
ST. JOHN'S CHAPEL, TRINITY PARISH,
(Varick-st., near Canal.)
ON THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 25,
Under the immediate auspices of the
RECTOR, CLERGY AND CORPORATION OF TRINITY PARISH.
FULL ORCHESTRA AND CHORUS OF ABOUT THREE HUNDRED PERFORMERS.
The whole under the direction of the Organists of the Parish.
PRINCIPAL VOCALISTS:
MISS BRAINERD, MISS STERLING, MISS M. PILLIPS, MR. PERRING AND MR. THOMAS.
At the Organs—W. H. WALTER, Mus. Doc., and A. H. MESSITER.
Conductor..........JAMES PECH, Mus. Doc. Oxon.

Members of church choirs in New-York and the vicinity, and all ladies and gentlemen familiar with the choruses in the "Messiah" are respectfully invited to lend their aid in this performance.

The last full rehearsal, with orchestra and chorus, on Wednesday afternoon, the 24th of April, at 4 o'clock.

P. S.—No member of the chorus will be entitled to a ticket of admission to the orchestra on the night of the performance, unless he or she has attended one full chorus or the full band rehearsal.

On the morning of the Festival, it being
THE FEAST OF ST. MARK THE EVANGELIST,
there will be
A FULL CHORAL SERVICE IN TRINITY CHURCH,
At 11 o'clock, by the
UNITED CHOIRS OF TRINITY PARISH.
The sermon by the Rev. the Rector of the Parish.

Tickets for the Oratorio, $1. To be had of the Sextons of the Parish, at the Churches of Trinity, St. Paul's and at the Chapels of St. John and Trinity. Also at Messrs. Appleton & Co.'s, No. 443 Broadway; Pott & Emery, No. 5 Bible House, Cooper Institute; the Church Bookstore, No. 762 Broadway; F. W. Christern, No. 863 Broadway, and of Sheldon & Co., Broadway.

Reserved pews, suitable for families, may be obtained of Mr. Andrew Craig, Sexton of St. John's, Varick-st., at the clergy office in the rear of the building, from 10 to 4 o'clock daily. Price $15 and upward. No tickets, however, will be sold at the doors on the night of the Oratorio.

J. F. YOUNG, D. D.,
Chairman of the Committee of Management.

STEINWAY HALL.—THIS EVENING, APRIL 25, at 8 o'clock, G. W. COLBY'S First Annual Concert, with the following brilliant assistance: Miss Minnie Hauck, Prima Donna Soprano; Mme. Natali Testa, Prima Donna Contralto; Signor Bellini, Baritone; Signor Severini, Tenor; Mr. W. J. Hill, Tenor; Mr. Mark Smith, Basso; Mr. Rudolph Hall and Mr. David C. Hall, Cornet Soloists, (their first appearance in New-York;) Mr. S. B. Mills and Mr. A. H. Pease, Pianists; Mr. G. W. Morgan, Organist. Tickets $1. For sale at the music stores. Reserved seats 50 cents extra; may be had at Steinway Hall and at G. SCHIRMER'S, No. 701 Broadway.

THEATRE TICKET OFFICE.

Reserved seats and tickets for all theatres, operas, concerts, &c., &c., can always be obtained at the THEATRE TICKET OFFICE, NOS. 112 AND 114 BROADWAY.

SPORTING.

YACHT FOR SALE.

The new, beautiful and fast sailing yacht JOSEPHINE, now lying at Stonington, Conn., and owned by the late Daniel Devlin; she is well furnished in every particular, and in complete sailing order. Apply to JEREMIAH DEVLIN, No. 459 Broadway, or HENRY F. SPAULDING, No. 83 Park-place, Executors.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"The Pen is Mightier than the Sword."

THE GOLD PEN—BEST AND CHEAPEST OF PENS

MORTON'S GOLD PENS,

THE BEST PENS IN THE WORLD.

For sale at his Headquarters, No. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, New-York, and by every duly appointed agent at the same prices.

A Catalogue, with full description of sizes and prices, sent on receipt of letter-postage. A. MORTON.

PARIS—HALL FOR THE SALE OF LEATHER. Established under municipal authority. To this establishment is annexed a general leather warehouse and entrepot for public sales with public weights, and it offers to merchants great facilities and unexceptionable guarantees. Depots for consignments and for buying and selling (with or without intermediate agency) hides, leather, and every article connected with this trade, as oil, grease, wool, &c., &c. Advances made from 60 to 75 per cent. on these goods. The warrants delivered by the Hall may be discounted. For further information and for transport of goods address to the ADMINISTRATION OF THE "HALLE AUX CUIRS," rue Censier, Paris.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR FIFTEEN Trustees of the New-York Society Library will be held at the Library Buildings, University-place, on TUESDAY, the 30th day of April, 1867, between the hours of 8 and 9½ o'clock P. M.; and the annual meeting of the shareholders will be held on the same day and at the same place at 7 o'clock P. M. HENRY C. DORR, Secretary.

OPPOSITION TO THE EXTENSION OF CHURCH-ST., AT A COST OF $3,600,000.—All owners of property below 14th-st. are interested in this matter. Those opposed are requested to call at the office of the Committee of Property-holders, No. 10 Wall-st., first floor, and sign objections, which will be there prepared for them. J. VAN NAMEE, Secretary.

MEATS, FISH, GAME, BUTTER, fruits and wine are kept better in the ZERO than any other refrigerator. ALEX. M. LESLEY, Manufacturer No. 605 6th-av., between 35th and 36th sts. Wholesale and retail.

ARTESIAN WELLS.—I AM PREPARED TO bore artesian wells in City and vicinity. M. S. O'BRIEN, care Ostrander, Andrie & Co., No. 62 John-st., New-York.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

SPANISH AMERICAN CHURCH.—THE Church of Santiago celebrates divine service in Spanish on SUNDAY AFTERNOONS, at 2 o'clock, in Trinity Chapel, West 25th-st., near Broadway. The Rector will (D. V.) preach next Sunday. All who speak Spanish are cordially invited to attend. Seats free.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

A. KELLER, J. SHAWHAN, G. W. TAYLOR, MEGIBBEN & BRO., and other favorite brands of Bourbon and Rye Whiskies. For sale by VIBBARD, FISKE & CO., No. 33 Broadway.

AMUSEMENTS.

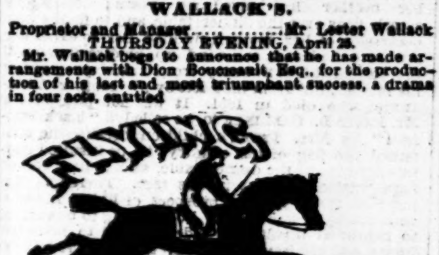
THE BARNUM AND VAN AMBURGH MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE COMPANY

Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
GRAND GALA WEEK.
The celebrated Comedian,
YANKEE LOCKE.
EVERY AFTERNOON AT 2; EVENING AT 7¾,
in the beautiful drama, by W. W. Pratt, of the
YANKEE IN HUNGARY.
To be followed by the
GRAND MOVING PANORAMA OF THE NILE,
by Morning, Evening and Night, originally painted for the great Scriptural drama of MOSES; OR, ISRAEL IN EGYPT, by the celebrated scenic artist, Mr. G. HEILGE, from authentic sketches.
To conclude with the laughable farce of
PODIJAH B. PEASLEY,
HIS-X-MARK.
To be seen at all hours,
THE ENTIRE CONTENTS OF THE UTICA MUSEUM.
GREAT LIVING CURIOSITIES,
A GIANTESS, DWARF, CIRCASSIAN GIRL, OVER 200 SPECIMENS OF LIVING AUSTRALIAN BIRDS, LIVING SNAKES, MONKEYS, LEARNED SEAL, HAPPY FAMILY, GRAND AQUARIA, COSMORAMAS, and
OVER 300,000 OTHER CURIOSITIES.
Admission, 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager..........Mr. Lester Wallack.
THURSDAY EVENING, April 25.

Mr. Wallack begs to announce that he has made arrangements with Dion Boucicault, Esq., for the production of his last and most triumphant success, a drama in four acts, entitled



OR A
FOUR-LEGGED FORTUNE,

showing the ups and downs, crosses, double crosses, events and vicissitudes of
LIFE ON THE TURF,
which has been some time in preparation, and will be presented with entirely new scenery by Messrs. H. Isherwood and G. Evans; costumes by Messrs. G. Flannery and Benschoten; mechanical department by Mr. H. Butler; properties and appointments by Mr. Timony; the original music by G. Richardson, under the direction of
Mr. EDWARD MOLLENHAUER,
and the following powerful cast:

Tom Meredith, a young farmer, the trainer of "Flying Scud," in love with Katey	Mr. Frederic Robinson
Mo Davis, shareholder in "Rasper"	Mr. Chas. Fisher
Nat Gosling, a jockey of the past generation, who sells "Tips," and advertises in *Bell's Life*, under the name of "Old Boots"	Mr. A. W. Young
Capt. Grindley Goodge, on the turf, in love with Katey	Mr. B. T. Ringgold
Lord Woodbie, a very young nobleman, who affects fast life, in love with Julia	Miss Mary Barrett
Col. Mulligan	Mr. W. H. Norton
Bob Buckskin	Mr. J. C. Williamson
Quail, a lawyer	Mr. G. Browne
Chouser	Mr. W. J. Leonard
Dorling	Mr. Graham
Tittims	Mr. Ward
Jenkins	Mr. Pope
Bailiff	Mr. Roberts

JOCKEYS AND MEMBERS OF THE PIGSKIN CLUB.

Dickey Brush	Mr. E. Cashin
Sam Wobbler	Mr. J. Curran
Ned Compo	Miss Fanny Green
Harry Stiffe	Miss M. Scott
Jim Titler	Miss Day
Hal Hoffer	Miss M. Timony
Tom Butler	Miss Williams
Jack Lye	Miss Clark
Jo Hirrem	Miss Timony
Jerry Lemon	Miss Graham
Tony Grimshaw	Miss Thomas
Fred Lanaghan	Miss Balfourd
Julia Latimer, Col. Mulligan's niece,	Mrs. Clara Jennings
Lady Woodbie, Lord Woodbie's mother,	Mrs. John Sefton
Katey Rideout, Nat's Grand-daughter	Miss Maud Elliott (from the Theatres Royal, Edinburgh and Manchester—her first appearance.)

Ch. c. FLYING SCUD, by "Kentucky" out of "Sunshine," dam "Colleen Bawn."

Negro Minstrels, Aunt Sallys, Race-card Vendors, Gipsies, Tumblers, Thimble-riggers, et hoc genus omne.

ACT FIRST.
THE TWO-YEAR OLD.
ACT SECOND.
FLYING SCUD'S YEAR.
ACT THIRD.
THE CHALLENGE.
ACT FOURTH.
THE DUEL AND ITS CONSEQUENCES.
Doors open at 7½; commences at 8.

BAL D'OPERA.—ACADEMY OF MUSIC. A grand Ball in aid and under the patronage of the LADIES' SOUTHERN RELIEF ASSOCIATION will be given at the ACADEMY OF MUSIC on THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 2, under the direction of the following Committee of gentlemen:

Tickets and boxes to be had at the office of D. KINGSLAND, ESQ., at the Academy of Music, or of the members of the Committee.

Tickets admitting a gentleman and one lady, $10. Extra tickets for ladies, $5.

COMMITTEE.

John J. Astor,
William H. Appleton,
George W. Amory,
Lloyd Aspinwall,
Samuel L. M. Barlow,
August Belmont,
Isaac Bell,
Edward R. Bell,
Charles F. Blake,
William T. Blodgett,
Henry Brevoort,
Jules Bruguiere,
Henry G. Chapman,
E. Caylus,
James W. Clendenin,
Edward Cooper,
William B. Cooper,
Abraham M. Cozzens,
David Crawford,
Robert L. Cutting,
Walter Cutting,
Gen. Wm. Cutting,
Henry S. Fearing,
Paul S. Forbes,
Shepard Gandy,
Louis von Hoffman,
Robert S. Hone,
Lydig M. Hoyt,
Gardiner G. Howland,
John Hunter,
Adrian Iselin,
Louis Jay,
J. Frederick Kernochan,
D. Kingsland,
Gustavus Kutter,
Charles O'Conor,
Edward Learned,
W. H. McVickar,
William D. Morgan,
L. P. Morton,
Dr. Alexander B. Mott,
A. C. Monson,
D. Colden Murray,
James S. Parker,
Royal Phelps,
E. Ponvert, Jr.,
Edwin A. Post,
John F. Purdy,
Goold Redmond,
Henry Redmond,
Beverly Robinson, Jr.,
James F. Ruggles,
John F. Schepeler,
William Watts Sherman,
John Sherwood,
Henry G. Stebbins,
Edward W. Stoughton,
Charles E. Strong,
George T. Strong,
William R. Travers,
Henry Turnbull,
Gen. E. L. Viele,
George Ward,
Henry H. Ward,
J. Kearney Warren,
Sidney Webster,
George W. Wilson,
Egerton L. Winthrop,
N. H. Wolfe.

THEATRE FRANCAIS, WEST 14TH-ST.

Ticket offices: G. SCHIRMER'S, No. 701 Broadway.
THURSDAY, April 25, 1867.
FAREWELL BENEFIT OF THE ARTISTS.
LA TOUR DE NESLE.
Drama in five acts by T. Gaillardet.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.

14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT..........Director.
MATINEE AT 2½,
WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.
LAST WEEK BUT ONE OF THE SEASON.
FIFTEEN SUPERB ACTS,
introducing the celebrated equestrian,
Mr. BURNELL RUNNELLS;
Mr. JAMES E. MADIGAN,
The champion somersault rider;
THE LEVANTINE BROTHERS;
Mr. JAMES E. COOKE,
The great four-horse bareback rider;
Mlle. CARLOTTA DE BERG,
Premiere equestrienne of the world,
and the entire strength of the
MAMMOTH CIRCUS TROUPE.
THE HURDLE-LEAPING BUFFALO,
LEARNED PONIES and COMIC MULES.

BROOKLYN ATHENAEUM,

M. HARTZ, THE ILLUSIONIST,
WILL COMMENCE MONDAY, April 29.
To continue EVERY EVENING during the week, and WEDNESRAY and SATURDAY AFTEROONS.

BIERSTADT'S NEW PICTURE—"THE DOMES OF THE GREAT YO SEMITE"—On exhibition at the Studio Building, No. 51 West 10th-st., on and after FRIDAY, the 26th of April, from 7 A. M. to 10 P. M., until June 1, for the benefit and under the patronage of the "Ladies Southern Relief Association." Season tickets 50 cents; single tickets 25 cents.

ARGUS HALL, NO. 600 BROADWAY.—GEORGIA MINSTRELS every night; the greatest novelty of the age. Private boxes, dress circle and orchestra seats can be procured at the office during the day. D. D. T. DAVIE, Agent.

LADIES' FAIR OF THE FOURTH (FORMERLY Grand-st.) Presbyterian Church, Rev. JOHN THOMSON, D. D., Pastor, in the Everett Rooms, corner of 34th-st. and Broadway, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 24, at 7 o'clock, and the AFTERNOONS and EVENINGS of THURSDAY and FRIDAY, 25th and 26th.

LECTURES.

"SIGHT-SEEING."

REV. J. HYATT SMITH will deliver his celebrated lecture on "Sight-seeing from New-York to Jerusalem," at the Cooper Institute, on THURSDAY EVENING, April 25, at 8 o'clock. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Admission 50 cents. Tickets for sale at Anson D. F. Randolph's, No. 770 Broadway; Messrs. Sheldon & Co.'s, No. 498 Broadway; B. D. Benson's, No. 17 Nassau-st.; Geo. W. Beale's, No. 160 Fulton-st., and at the door on night of lecture.

MUSICAL.

KINDT & MANZ

MANUFACTURERS OF
GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO-FORTES.
WAREROOM, NO. 865 BROADWAY,
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Tendered to MR. W. S. ANDREWS,
Comedian, of late Winter Garden Theatre,
On FRIDAY EVENING, April 26,
On which occasion will be presented
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.
Mr. W. S. ANDREWS as Lord Dundreary,
and the following admirable cast, all the artists having kindly volunteered:
Miss Kate Newton as Mary Meredith.
Miss Hattie Thorne as Florence.
Mr. Stuart Robson as Asa Trenchard.
Mr. Chas. Peters in his original character of Binny.
Mr. M. W. Leffingwell as Abel Murcot.
Mr. W. A. Donaldson as Coyle.
Mrs. Eldridge, Miss Harrison, Miss Andrews, Misses Nelson, Decker, Claude, Burroughs, Dennison, Hogan, Wadleton and Hurley. To conclude with the musical farce of
JENNY LIND,
in which Miss Rosa Cooke, who has kindly volunteered, will appear as Jenny Lind, and Mr. W. S. Andrews as Granby Gag.

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PARISIENNE BALLET TROUPE,
AND THE
GORGEOUS TRANSFORMATION SCENE.
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THE LAST WEEK
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GRAND ENGLISH OPERA.
THE GEMS OF THE REPERTOIRE
to be presented upon the CLOSING NIGHTS.
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ROSE OF CASTILE.
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FAREWELL BENEFIT OF MISS RICHINGS,
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The great drama in three acts, with new scenery, dress, properties, &c., entitled the
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Or THE OATH ON THE BATTLE-FIELD.
After which
BLONDIN,
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LAST NIGHT BUT TWO.
THE PEARL OF SAVOY LAST TIME.
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SATURDAY MATINEE—FANCHON, LAST TIME.
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And her wonderful imitation of the Great Tenors,
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LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE GARDINER WILL CASE.

The Validity of the Will to be Tested Before a Staten Island Jury—Mrs. Ex-President Tyler, Defendant—$180,000 Involved.

The trial of the famous Gardiner will case was commenced in the Supreme Court, Second District, at Richmond, Staten Island, yesterday, before Judge Lott and associate Justices Metcalf, Hillyer and Elliott and a jury. The history of the case is briefly this: On Oct. 4, 1864, Mrs. Juliana Gardiner died, leaving a will by which she bequeathed the rents and profits of the bulk of her property, amounting to some $180,000, to Mrs. John Tyler, her daughter, during her natural life, or until such time as the Federal Government should see fit to reimburse her for the losses sustained by the war to the property left her in Virginia by her husband, Ex-President Tyler. As the Federal Government is not likely ever to do anything of the kind, the will of Mrs. Gardiner was equivalent to giving the income of her entire property to Mrs. Tyler. The deceased left a son named David L. Gardiner, who, with the exception of Mrs. Tyler, is the only living issue of the testatrix. When the will was submitted to probate before Judge Metcalf, of Staten Island, this son appeared to contest its validity on the ground that Mrs. Tyler had exercised undue influence over her mother in the matter of making the will. Judge Metcalf took the testimony of Mr. Gardiner, and as Mrs. Tyler did not offer any evidence to contradict his statements, he decided the will to be invalid and threw it out of Probate. Mrs. Tyler appealed from the decision of Judge Metcalf, and the General Term of the Supreme Court unanimously overruled it. Mr. Gardiner then appealed from the decision of the General Term of the Supreme Court to the Court of Appeals, where the Supreme Court decision was overruled and that of Judge Metcalf sustained. David L. Gardiner then brought suit for partition of the property, under the statute, the same as if no will existed. To this suit Mrs. Tyler sets up the will as a defence, and the validity of this will is the issue now to be tried before a jury. Both parties are represented by the most eminent counsel at the New-York Bar, Mr. Gardiner having engaged the services of James T. Brady, Mr. Watson, Wm. M. Evarts, and Ex-Judge Pierrepont appearing for the defence.

It being incumbent on the defence to first prove the execution of the will the Court gave them the affirmative of the issue, and Judge Pierrepont opened the case to the jury in a lengthy speech, in which he narrated the history of the case as above given, besides many other facts having a bearing upon the trial. He said that in 1798 a Scotchman named McLaughlin, came to this City from one of the West India islands, and while here accumulated a large property and died leaving one son and one daughter of tender years. The daughter went into the family of Judge Miller to live, and while there made the acquaintance of David Gardiner, a lawyer of little practice, whom, at the age of 15, she married. Gardiner at once quit the law, and thenceforth lived on the estate of his wife, which was increased by the death of her brother, who left her a large property. He mentioned this fact because Judge Porter, in giving the opinion of the Court of Appeals, assumed that the property bequeathed by Mrs. Gardiner was the property left her by her husband, whereas he never earned a dollar of it. Mr. Gardiner was in 1844 one of the victims of the explosion of the great gun on board the *Princeton*, which killed the Secretary of State and several other distinguished men. Mrs. Tyler, the defendant in this action, who was then a young girl, was on board the *Princeton* at the time, and when the explosion occurred which killed her father was receiving the attentions of President Tyler in the cabin. The explosion occurred in February, and in the following June she was married to John Tyler, then President of the United States, and went to reside at the Presidential Mansion. After his retirement from office President Tyler bought him a place on the James River, where he continued to reside with his wife till his death in January, 1862. Mr. Pierrepont gave a graphic description of the sufferings of Mrs. Tyler after the death of her husband, and said she lay sick for months, not expecting to live, and was only saved from starvation by the kindness of her neighbors. Her fields were overrun, her slaves deserted her, and she was left destitute on a bed of sickness, in hearing of the guns of the battle of Malvern Hill. Finally, after much effort, her mother obtained permission to pass through the Union lines to her daughter, whom, as soon as she was able to travel, she brought home with her to her house on Staten Island, together with her seven children. David L. Gardiner, with his wife and three children, was then living with his mother in the small homestead, and no sooner had the family of Mrs. Tyler arrived than he commenced a system of abuse and ill treatment of her children which counsel could only characterize as barbarous and inhuman. To such an extent was this carried that on one occasion his mother, Mrs. Gardiner, was forced to go out and call for help and cry "Murder." Counsel gave a pitiful description of the inconvenience and suffering to which Mrs. Tyler was subjected there, owing to the crowded state of the house and the barbarous treatment of her brother. There were about twenty persons in the house, including servants, and they were obliged to sleep five or six in a room, servants in the same room with their mistresses, &c., &c. Finally, owing to the crowd in the house and the bad conduct of David, Mrs. Gardiner wrote him a note asking him to find accommodations somewhere else. This was in February, 1864, and in the following October Mrs. Gardiner made her will and soon after died. He claimed that the will was made while the testatrix was in full possession of her faculties, and that the favor shown to Mrs. Tyler in the will was owing entirely to the misconduct of David and to the knowledge that Mrs. Tyler was in destitute circumstances, with a large family to support, while David had been living on her bounty for years without doing anything, and was possessed of property of his own that would supply all his wants. Mrs. Tyler did not appear as a witness before the Surrogate to contradict the statements of David for the reason that she did not dream that the will could be seriously contested, and she did not like to expose the quarrels and disgraceful scenes that had occurred in the family. Her counsel and her friends advised her not to testify for that reason. But now the truth had got to come out, and before they got through the trial, the jury would be compelled to listen to facts that were startling in their horror.

TESTIMONY.

Dr. James Clark was called as the first witness for Mrs. Tyler, and testified that he was a practicing physician in the town of Castleton, S. I.; was acquainted with the testatrix, Mrs Juliana Gardiner; knew her for fifteen years. (Witness was here shown the will of Mrs. Gardiner and identified her signature and the signatures of the witnesses.) Lott C. Clark, Mr. Dayton and myself were present when the will was signed, and witnessed it; Mrs. Gardiner's mind was perfectly clear and intact at the time of the execution of the will; she was suffering from bronchitis, which did not at all affect her mind; she also suffered from a rupture, but this did not affect her intellect; she died the same day of the execution of the will, three or four hours after.

Cross-examined by Mr. Brady—Should think Mrs. Gardiner was about sixty years of age at the time of her death; I saw her the day before the execution of the will and on the Sunday previous; the fact that she had a rupture was first communicated to me by her son, the plaintiffs in this action; it was not of a nature to affect her mind; on Monday, two days before her death, she asked what I had given her, and I told her; among other things was belladonna; and when I mentioned that, she said, "Now I see why you did not want to tell me—that is a homeopathic medicine;" this was the only subject she talked about, except to answer my questions about her physical condition; don't recollect any conversations that took place between Mrs. Gardiner and her daughter, Mrs. Tyler, during my visits; once had a conversation with Mrs. Gardiner about religion; this was a long time before her death; spiritualism was mentioned, and I think she expressed her approval of it; the will was read to Mrs. Gardiner by Mr. Clark before it was signed, and she assented to it; don't know as she said anything except to answer Mr. Clark's questions in the affirmative; she signed the will while it was resting on a book; she wrote her name in a steady hand; don't recollect of anything being said about sending for her son David during her illness.

Redirect examination by Mr. Evarts—Can't give the conversation on the subject of spiritualism; it was alluded to casually, and made no impression on my mind; she may have remarked that the doctrine was supported by the Bible: think I coincided with her in that opinion; nothing was said indicating that she was not perfectly sane; the conversation occurred a year or more before her death.

Ralph Dayton sworn and examined by Mr. Evarts: I resided in the family of Mrs. Gardiner at the time of her death; had lived there from December, 1863, till she died, in October, 1864; was a cousin of her husband; was engaged in the family as a teacher; am a graduate of Yale College of the Class of 1836; have been a teacher 15 years; (witness identifies his signature as a witness to the will; also the other signatures;) I was present at the signature of the will at the request of Mrs. Gardiner, who sent her servant down stairs for me; I witnessed the will at her request; I knew that a will was to be executed before I was sent for; Mrs. Tyler informed me of it several hours previous; Mrs. Gardiner was of sound mind at the time; her mind was and had been vigorous and bright; she was an educated woman and rather decided in her will.

Cross-examined by Mr. Brady—Once heard her say in New-York that she had attended one of Cora Hatch's lectures, and that there was something very remarkable about it that she could not explain; this is all I recollect ever hearing her say about spiritualism; first heard of the will on Monday morning, previous to Mrs. Gardner's death; Mrs. Tyler told me of it, and gave me a package to hand to Mr. Lott C. Clark; Mrs. Gardiner sat up in bed and signed the will unsupported; Mrs. Tyler told her mother that Mr. Pratt, her clergyman, was below, and she replied that she did not wish to see him; she gave no reason for not wishing to see him.

Redirect examination—The conversation about Spiritualism in New-York occurred two or three years before her death; Mrs. Tyler assisted her mother to rise up in bed when she signed the will; she said something about her spectacles, and Mrs. Tyler got them for her, and she put them on herself; Mr. Pratt was the clergyman of the Church that Mrs. Gardiner attended when she was well; at the time spoken of Mrs. Tyler asked her mother if she wished to see Mr. Pratt, and she said she did not; a servant girl brought up the message that Mr. Pratt was below; don't know what message the girl took back.

The counsel for Mrs. Tyler here rested their case so far as the proof of the execution of the will was concerned.

Mr. Brady opened the case to the jury on behalf of David L. Gardiner, the contestant of the will. He alluded to the previous history of the case and of the remarkable fact that at the time the will was submitted to Judge Metcalf for probate, David L. Gardiner there gave his testimony against its validity, showing the undue influence exercised by Mrs. Tyler over her mother, and Mrs. Tyler did not design to take the witness' stand and contradict such testimony. It was said that she was advised to this course of action by her counsel, but if so it was the most remarkable advice ever given by a member of the legal profession, and until the man who is alleged to have given it should admit the fact, he should beg leave to doubt it. He called the attention of the jury to the fact that David L. Gardiner, the contestant of the will, had lived with his mother from 1851, acting as her adviser, agent and manager of her property, up to the time that her sister, Mrs. Tyler, made her appearance as a refugee from the South. If Mr. Ex-President John Tyler had so won upon the affections of his wife as to enlist all her sympathies in favor of the rebellion and against the Government, which her brother was supporting at the North, still that was no reason why, when she was compelled to take refuge at the North, she should attempt, on her arrival here, to take full possession of the house where her brother had lived for years; to display secesh flags over the dinner table, and to finally take possession of her mother, induce her to expel her son from the house, and wind up by directing a will that excluded him not only from all the property of his mother, but from that left by his brother Alexander, who died in 1851. It was not pleasant for Mr. David L. Gardiner to be called a "black buzzard" by Mrs. Tyler's children because he sustained the flag of his country; to be insulted continually even at the dinner table, and to have secesh flags constantly thrust in his face. Therefore, seeing that there was no prospect of living in peace with the Tyler family, and not wishing to be subject to continual insult, David determined to leave the house, and did leave it. From that time he was excluded from the house, and from his mother's heart; and even when the hand of death was laid upon his mother no notice was given to him of the fact; all information of her sickness was carefully kept from his knowledge, so anxious were they that the will which they had devised should be executed without interference. He read to the jury the will made by Mrs. Gardiner in 1858, before she came under the influence of Mrs. Tyler, in which her son David received his full share in the disposition of her estate. He argued to the jury the improbability that Mrs. Gardiner, without undue influence being exercised upon her mind, should make another will that would cut off her first-born child, who bore the name of her deceased husband, and give the property to one bearing a strange name, and that name a Tyler. He claimed that Mrs. Tyler had got control of her mother's mind, and induced her to make the will of October, 1864, through a misapprehension; that Mrs. Gardiner was under the impression that she had advanced money to David to buy his farm in Northfield, whereas they would prove that she did no such thing, and also labored under the apprehension that Mrs. Tyler was poor, whereas she owned two estates in Virginia. They did not claim that Mrs. Gardiner was an idiot, or imbecile, or incompetent to make a will, but simply that she had been "unduly" influenced by Mrs. Tyler, and induced to make a will under a misapprehension that was contrary to her nature and wishes.

Mr. Brady offered as the first testimony for the contestant the evidence of Wm. N. Dyckman, taken before the Surrogate. He testified that he was a lawyer, and made the will of 1858 according to the directions of Mrs. Gardiner; that Mrs. G. was at that time of sound mind. (The will was read.)

Mrs. Frances S. Hoyt sworn for contestant—direct examination by Mr. Brady: I knew Mrs. Gardiner very well from the time she moved to Staten Island, in 1852; knew David L. Gardiner, her son; in 1858 Mrs. Gardiner told me, on board the steamboat going from Port Richmond, that she had made a will, and that she had given David the larger share of the property, because he had charge of it and attended to her business for her.

Rev. Chas. H. Rockwell sworn: Am clergyman of the Reformed Dutch Church, at present residing in New-York; knew Mrs. Gardiner; she spent three months in my family the year before she died; my wife was cousin to her husband; she came there for her health, and after she had been there a few weeks she got very sick, so that we did not expect her to live; I had a good deal of argument with her upon the subject of spiritualism; she was a strong believer in it; she said that the spiritualists told her many things that they could not have known except by spiritual means; that she had received a letter from her deceased son which could not have come by natural means; that she was informed of the condition of her son in the other world; this was while she was at my house in Catskill.

Cross-examined by Mr. Evarts—She argued well upon the subject; she was a woman of strong mind and well-educated; she spoke of having visited spiritualists at various times; dont think that her belief in spiritualism weakened her intellect; look upon it as a delusion.

David L. Gardiner sworn—Am plaintiff in this action; my father was killed in February, 1844, by the bursting of a gun on board the *Princeton* in the Potomac River; his family resided at that time in New-York City, No. 43 Lafayette-place; up to that time there had always been the most pleasant and kindly feeling in the family; Julia married John Tyler in June, 1844; my brother Alexander died in 1851 while I was in California; I came home from California in June, 1851; at that time Mrs. Tyler resided in Virginia, at a place called Sherwood Forrest on the James River; I have visited there frequently; last visited there in 1860; was told by Mr. Tyler that his plantation consisted of 1,600 acres; he lived in a two story and attic house; I consider it a fine house; Mr. Tyler also owned property in Kentucky; at the death of my father he owned in his own right about $5,000 worth of property on Long Island and an interest in some lots on the corner of Chatham and Oliver streets, New-York; my mother owned property on the corner of Harrison and Greenwich streets, and an interest in the Chatham and Oliver-street property; the whole value of her property was probably $170,000 or $180,000; the value of her estate at the date of her will was probably about $190,000; when I came home from California I boarded in New-York until the purchase of the property on Staten Island in 1852; I made the purchase, and soon thereafter my mother moved on to the property; I continued to manage her estate until February, 1864, when I received a letter from my mother requesting me to seek some other place; at that time the following persons lived on the homestead on Staten Island: Mr. Dayton, Mrs. Gardner and three servants; Mrs. Tyler and six children and servant; myself and wife and nurse; a colored boy in the employ of Mrs. Gardner and Henry Bukman, a son of my deceased sister; before I received the letter from my mother requesting me to leave nothing had been said or intimated to me about my leaving, or about taking the agency of my mother's property out of my hands; previous to that I had taken care of her property on the Island and in New-York; the homestead on Staten Island consisted of about eleven acres; I bought my farm at Northfield, Staten Island, in 1853, for $13,250, and paid $4,000 down; the rest has remained on bond and mortgage ever since; none of the purchase money for that farm was advanced by my mother; I owned a vacant lot in Fourteenth-street, New-York, which with the Northfield farm, was all the property I owned; I now live on and work the Northfield farm; I was not indebted to the estate of my mother at the time of her death; I considered that the estate was indebted to me; I valued my services in managing the property at $1,200 per year; never had any settlement with my mother.

At this point the Court adjourned to 8:30 o'clock this morning.

An Elevated Railroad Authorized.

The bill empowering its promoters to construct an elevated railroad in this City, which passed the Legislature immediately before the close of the session, and has since received the Governor's sanction, comes rather unexpectedly upon the public, who had given up the hope that they should obtain relief to their crowded streets in any shape by legislative action. It has been supposed that this bill gives unrestricted power to the three companies named—the West-side and Yonkers, Broadway and Yonkers, and the East-side and New-Rochelle Companies, to erect three railroads on certain routes indicated. This, however, is not a correct understanding of the bill, which defines the powers conceded very closely, and subjects their exercise to certain provisions and restrictions.

It will be remembered that at the session of the State Senate in 1866 a resolution was adopted, appointing Senators Andrews, Low and Cornell, and Mayor Hoffman, the State Engineer, and Mr. Craven, the Engineer of the Croton Board, a special commission to report to the Senate the most advantageous and proper route for a railway or railways, suited to the rapid transportation of passengers from the upper to the lower portion of the City of New-York, having in view the greatest practicable benefit and safety to the public, and the least loss and injury to property on or adjacent to said route or routes. A number of plans were examined, and many practical engineers were heard by the Commissioners in support of underground, surface and elevated railroads. After an examination of the subject laid before them the Commission made a report, in which they expressed the opinion that a surface railroad would not relieve the wants of New-York. A resolution was passed that, in the opinion of the Commission, the best method of attaining the object contemplated would be by constructing underground railroads.

In speaking of elevated railroads the Commission reported as follows:

"Among the plans for an elevated railway in the streets, that presented by Mr. C. T. Harvey, civil engineer, appear to have been the most carefully prepared, the most free from engineering difficulties, involving the question of safety, and the least objectionable as to the application of the motive power."

Thus recommended the plan of Mr. Harvey was productive of the bill now before us, which provides for the formation of three companies as above named, but delays all action until after the first-named—the west side and Yonkers Patent Railroad Company—has built a half mile of the road according to the plans submitted and subject afterward to the following provision: When this half mile of road is built and ready for inspection it is to be examined by three Commissioners, two of whom shall be appointed by the Governor and one by City authorities. This Committee shall report their opinion as to its practicability, &c., and a copy of this report shall be sent to the Governor and the like to City authorities. Should the report be favorable to the road, that is to say, pronouncing it not only as practicable, but in no way interfering with the comforts of the community, or dangerous to life upon it or below it, the Company shall then have the right to extend this road through Greenwich-street and Ninth-avenue to Yonkers, with power to establish a ferry over Harlem River, the Company of course having to treat for the use of property along its route in the same manner as other railroads. The bill further grants the right to run a like railroad along the east side of the City, having its termini at the Battery and at New-Rochelle; but in this case, as in that preceding, the commencement of such structure is dependent on the success of the experimental half mile. The bill further confers the right to erect, under similar conditions, a like railroad along Broadway, but this project would first require the consent of the Common Council, as provided by an act passed some two years since.

PLAN OF THE ROAD.

The road is to be constructed in such a way as to partially cover the footpath, and the street for several feet out from the curbstones. The structure will be mainly composed of steel and iron, the track being supported by wrought-iron columns standing 25 feet apart, upon piers of peculiar construction, insuring solidity. The track itself will be of steel, and so constructed as to bear a test of five times the weight or strain, to which it is at any time liable to be subjected when passed over by cars. Ornamental bridges, with transparent floors, are at certain distances to connect the track with the buildings wherein are to be the depots, or at points along the route where it is found impracticable to obtain depots in buildings, with stairways leading to the footpath underneath. The track is to be laid on a bed of India-rubber, by which it is claimed that much of the noise which might reasonably be expected can be prevented. The cars are to be drawn along the track with a steel wire rope half an inch in thickness, by steam power provided at certain fixed distances along the line. The estimated cost is from $300,000 to $500,000 per mile, and it is proposed to have eight depots to each mile. The companies are to be required to pay five per cent. of the earnings to the City treasury.

BILLIARDS.

While the games between William Gray and Frederick Foulkes were in progress at the Thirteenth-street Racket-court, on Tuesday afternoon last, Mr. Michael Phelan, who was an interested spectator of the play, and, though not having a penny at issue, had his *amor patria* touched by the jubilant remarks of the supporters of the victorious English racket-champion, made a proposition which, if fully acted upon, will bring about a series of billiard contests that must throw completely into the shade all previous exploits of master players. Prefacing his proposition with the remark that, though England can beat America at rackets, she cannot beat our billiard-players, Mr. Phelan offered to match Joseph Dion, the American billiard champion, against John Roberts, the English champion. One American game, one English game, and one French game to be played, all three on the standard table and with the standard balls of their respective countries. The English three-ball winning and losing hazard being Roberts' chosen game, and the American four-ball carrom game Dion's. The French, or neutral game is introduced as being necessary to determine the contest. The games to make three distinct matches, each for $5,000 in gold, a side, or else form one grand match, the winner of a majority of games to take the entire sum staked, $30,000 in gold. The gentleman to whom this proposition was addressed, and who regards it favorably, will immediately upon his return to England, submit it to Mr. Roberts. It is his impression, however, that Mr. Roberts would prefer to play two games only, the English and the American; but, as the chances are that Roberts would win his own game and Dion the American, such a contest would have little value as a test of the relative skill of these two great players. The money might, it is true, be awarded, as in the racket match now pending, the player who had made the greatest number of points in the two games; but chance, almost as much as skill, would be apt to control the winner's majority in either game, and the question of superiority would still be undetermined. The prevalent idea is that, under such an arrangement, the advantage would be on the side of Dion, as it is easier to win at the American game, by a large number of points, than at the English. Nevertheless Dion wishes to play at least three games, and as many different ones in addition as he can be matched to play. It may be as well to state that the proposition now put forth in his behalf is not confined to Roberts. It is open to the world, though Roberts or Charles Berger, of Paris, being severally the acknowledged heads of the billiard profession in England and France, is preferred.

Cyrille Dion, brother to Joseph, and the nominal champion of all Canada, is now in training to meet a Quebec player for the championship of the Provinces. Last week he visited St. Johnsbury, Vt., and played an exhibition game of 1,500 points, in the course of which, he made runs of 190, 141, 123, 116, 111, 109 and 94, and averaged 24½. The day before, he played a similar game at Rock Island C. E., a full-size, four-pocket table being used. His average was 18½, and his best runs 254, 118, 114, 107, 101, and 99. From this playing, which is first-class, an idea may be formed of the capabilities of Joseph Dion, who, it will scarcely be credited, in the face of the above figures, gives Cyrille the long odds of three hundred, in a game of 1,000 points.

Sioux Indians in the City.

Major J. R. Brown, Special Agent of the Indian Department, in charge of a delegation of Sioux Indians, reached the City yesterday morning.

The delegation consists of a conductor, two interpreters and twenty Indians. They visited Washington in January last by invitation of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, for the purpose of making arrangements for future homes upon reservations set apart for that purpose, and also to grant the right of way, through their country, for such roads as the Government may deem necessary to facilitate travel, mail transportation, &c., to Montana, by what is termed the Minnesota (or northern) route.

These Indians represent what are known as the Friendly Sioux, who, previous to the outbreak in Minnesota of 1862, were agriculturists, and had made considerable progress in civilization, some of them having as much as forty acres of land under cultivation, and all having comfortable houses, stock of various kinds, and were beginning to live comfortably as agriculturists.

At the commencement of the outbreak these people espoused the cause of the whites, and by every means within their power opposed the massacre of the frontier settlers. By their exertions some three hundred captives were taken from the hostile bands and delivered to Gen. Sibley when he reached their camp.

Among those composing this delegation is Gabriel Renville, the principal chief, who, in company with three other persons of the friendly bands, took by force three captives from a war party of nine hostile Indians; John Other Day, and Joseph Akipa Renville, who, with Mazomoni, (a chief since dead) planned the escape of the family of the agent, and other persons at the agency at the time, in all some sixty persons; Other Day (whose wife, a white woman, was of the party,) being selected to guide the party to the settlements, where he conducted them in safety; Scarlet Plume, who at the peril of his life gave Gen. Sibley notice of a stratagem contemplated, by which the hostile Indians intended to kill him and his principal officers in council.

The bands represented joined the troops in their operations against the hostile Indians in 1862, and served diligently and faithfully until the Spring of 1866, during which time they killed many Indians who were on the war-path, and their exertions contributed largely to the protection of the frontier settlements of Minnesota and Eastern Dakotah.

By a treaty made at Washington, provision has been made for the return of these people to an agricultural life, upon reservations located between the hostile Sioux and the frontier settlements of Minnesota, where their presence will give security to the settlers against hostile raids.

These Indians are all dressed as white men, and wear their hair cropped, and were it not for their color, they would not be distinguished by a casual observer from white men. The delegation is stopping at the Manhattan Hotel in Murray-street.

Sale of Scranton Coal.

About 82,000 tons of Scranton coal were sold at auction yesterday, through Mr. John H. Draper. The attendance at the sale was large, and the bidding for some descriptions of the coal very brisk, but for the egg, stove and chestnut the competition was not at all spirited. A slight advance over the prices realized at the March sale was, however, obtained.

The following are the figures:

12,000 tons lump coal	$4 35 @$4 37½
12,000 tons steamer coal	5 10 @ 5 15
19,000 tons grate coal	5 05 @ 5 20
9,000 tons egg coal	4 75 @ 5 05
20,000 tons stove coal	5 00 @ 5 20
10,000 tons chestnut coal	4 12½@ 4 20
82,000 total.	

At the sale last month the following prices were obtained:

Lump coal	$4 12½@$4 30
Steamer coal	5 00 @ 5 20
Grate coal	5 05 @ 5 25
Egg coal	4 75 @ 4 87½
Stove coal	5 00 @ 5 25
Chestnut coal	4 05 @ 4 12½

A Merchant's Clerk Accused of Bond Robbery—His Arrest.

For over two years before the 26th of January, 1866, Messrs. Carter & Hawley, of No. 60 Beaver-street, had in their employ as clerk, bookkeeper and cashier one Theodore H. Loomis, who had, in the regular course of business, access to the funds, current and otherwise, of the said firm. On the day above mentioned Loomis left the employ of Carter & Hawley, without any previous announcement of his purpose, and a day or two after the firm discovered that $5,000 in compound interest notes had been abstracted from their safe, the same having been purchased by Carter & Hawley for Daniel E. Hawley. Loomis was searched for, and on being found, was accused of the larceny, which he confessed. Proceedings were then instituted against Loomis in a civil Court, and the defendant was thrown into the debtor's prison pending their progress. This civil suit was brought to a close yesterday by the prisoner being released from prison, when he was immediately rearrested by Capt. Jourdan of the Sixth Precinct, on a warrant issued some days since by Justice Dowling, on a criminal suit and complaint made by the firm.

The prisoner was arraigned before the magistrate at 2 o'clock yesterday, when H. E. Hawley, of the above firm, made a formal affidavit setting forth the facts of the larceny, and stating that the accused had confessed to the same. Counsel for the prosecution and defence both desired an examination, which the Justice was willing to grant, and the hearing was set down for next Tuesday, at 10 o'clock. When examined in the regular manner, the accused denied his guilt, and declined answering any further questions by advice of his counsel. He is 30 years of age, a native of New-York, and resided at No. 17 East 19th-street, before his incarnation in the debtor's prison. It was verbally alleged in Court that Loomis has stolen over $40,000 from the firm of Carter & Loomis, though why the complaint and affidavits did not make any mention of such facts, did not appear.

Pending the examination into the case, on Tuesday next, the accused was admitted to bail in the sum of $5,000, Mr. Christopher O'Conner, of Nos. 60 and 62 East Fourteenth-street, becoming his surety.

Board of Aldermen.

A special meeting of this Board was held at 7:30 o'clock last evening, Mr. Shannon in the chair.

Mr. Loew offered a preamble and resolution to the effect that whereas the Legislature has taken away from the Mayor and Common Council the power of licensing theatres, boarding-houses, hacks, junk-dealers, &c., and has conferred said power on the Police Commissioners, therefore, in order to prevent said law from going into effect, that all ordinances relating to the conferring of licenses by the Mayor and Common Council be repealed so that an opportunity may be given to enact other ordinances with which the law cannot interfere.

The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Ely offered a series of resolutions taking appropriate notice of the death of Ex-Alderman Lewis R. Ryers, condoling with his family, resolving to attend his funeral in a body, and calling for the appointment of a Committee of three to make arrangements for his funeral.

Mr. Ely spoke in eulogy of the deceased, whom he characterized as an able, honest and warm-hearted man.

The resolutions were then adopted and the Board adjourned.

Board of Councilmen.

The Board met last evening and concurred in the resolutions adopted by the other Board, repealing the license ordinances.

The Board then adjourned.

POLICE TRIALS.

Before President Acton.

HARSH TREATMENT OF A PRISONER.

Officer Patrick F. Cotter, of the Twenty-seventh Precinct, was seen by Mr. George T. Stearns, near the corner of Rector and Washington streets, on last Monday morning, with a drunken man in custody, whom he had down on the sidewalk, kneeling on his chest and choking him with his hands. Subsequently having got the man further down the street, the officer clubbed him over the head and arms, without any sufficient cause, in Mr. Stearns' judgment, the whole treatment of the prisoner being unnecessarily harsh and cruel. On Mr. Stearns' complaint, Cotter was brought up for trial, and explained his conduct by stating that he arrested the man in Rector-street for an unprovoked assault with a knife upon a citizen, whom he stabbed in the face, and that after being arrested, the prisoner resisted and struck him a severe blow, so that he was obliged to resort to severe measures in order to secure the man and defend himself. His statement was corroborated by several witnesses, and the Commissioner appeared to be of the opinion that the treatment was justifiable.

Officer Richard B. G. Smith, of the Forty-second Precinct, in Brooklyn, was complained of by Marcus Lehman, of No. 668 Myrtle-avenue. It appeared from his statement that, having some difficulty with Smith and his family, who occupied the same house with himself, he was about taking measures to have them bound over to keep the peace, and that Smith took occasion to arrest him, and in doing so struck him, and otherwise ill-treated him, without cause. He had a long array of witnesses. The first one saw Smith come out of the house, catch hold of Lehman, and sling him around. The second witness saw Smith dragging Lehman by the hair. The third saw something similar, and so on. Smith had no witnesses, but testified for himself that he saw Lehman about to assault a woman with a shovel, and arresting him, took him before Judge Buckley, who held him to bail. The case was adjourned for further testimony.

NO RELATION.

Henry Cassidy is a policeman of the Sixteenth Precinct, and being a fine-looking man and an officer, naturally stands a little upon his dignity and that of his branch of the Cassidy family. Patrick, also surnamed Cassidy, is an elderly man who has seen something of the ups and downs of life, and is disposed to be kindly and gracious to everybody in general, and to the members of the Cassidy family in particular. It does not appear whether the rencontre arose out of any previous acquaintance or not, but on the 11th of this month, as Henry was standing on the sidewalk in Twenty-sixth-street, Patrick went forward in a friendly way to claim relationship with him, which, however, was not agreeable to Henry, who requested him to leave, which the old gentleman resented a little and refused to accede to, but desired to press his claim of relationship, whereupon Henry proceeded to exercise a little authority, and used a moderate amount of force in pushing the old man, who unfortunately stumbled and fell. The old gentleman was incensed, and his friends advised him to bring a charge against his relative, which he did, but on taking the stand to testify, he magnanimously took the blame upon himself, relating the circumstances in an original style, which caused much amusement.

A PAWNBROKER'S TICKET.

Officer Thomas Murray, of the Fourteenth Precinct, was complained of by Frances L. Butler. Her story was that, having been arrested on the 29th of February last by Murray, for alleged disorderly conduct, on the way to the Tombs she tried to get him to let her off, and offered him a pawn-ticket for a watch and chain, which he accepted, but returned it to her in the Court-room, and again took it from her in the prison yard. She was sent up for six months, but succeeded, in some way which was not explained, in getting out sooner, and, on inquiry at the pawnbroker's, learned that her watch had been taken out by an officer. An officer called as a witness by Murray stated that he saw the latter receive something from the woman and advised him to give it back or it would bring him into trouble, and that he afterward saw him return it to her. Mr. Goodman, the pawnbroker, said that the watch was pawned for $11 by one Savage, a man who is in the habit of pawning articles for persons at the Tombs, who have been fined, and that he was accompanied by the woman Butler; that subsequently a man representing himself to be a policeman, called one Saturday morning, and obtained a view of the watch, but refused to take it, and that a few days after it was redeemed by some person, but by whom he could not recollect. The case was adjourned for further evidence.

POLICE COURTS.

THE TOMBS—HOGAN, JUSTICE.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

Madison Marshall, Superintendent of the Seventh-avenue Railroad, was arraigned before the Court yesterday to answer a complaint against him of cruelty to animals, preferred by Henry Bergh, President of the Society to Prevent Cruelty to Animals. It appears that on the 6th inst. Mr. Bergh saw Geo. Regan driving a team of horses attached to Car No. 7 which were unfit for service, and upon inquiry he learned that the Superintendent had ordered the animals, though lame, to be used, hence the complaint against Marshall. Regan, the driver, testified that he was not sure that Mr. Marshall was at the stables on the 6th inst., nor could he swear that he had given such an order regarding the lame horses. Upon this statement Mr. John Kerr, President of the road, requested the magistrate to dismiss the complaint, which was opposed by Mr. Bergh, insisting that Marshall was, by virtue of his position, responsible for the care and proper treatment of the horses employed on the road, and he only sought by this action to throw the responsibility off the shoulders of the drivers to those in authority over them. The magistrate reserved his decision, and allowed Mr. Marshall to go upon his own recognizance.

Officer Thomas, of the Twenty-seventh Precinct, arrested John L. Wasley yesterday, on a charge of having brutally beaten his horse in Courtlandt-street, because the animal was unwilling or unable to draw a wagon heavily laden. As the case was a flagrant one Wasley was held for trial and required to furnish bail.

EXCISE CASES.

Lewis Rector, No. 9 Oliver-street, John Ryan, No. 468 Washington-street, Louis Sperberger, No. 91 Hudson-street, and John Busch, No. 381 Broadway, were arraigned before the Court yesterday for violating the Excise Law, and they were all held for trial on bail.

AN EXTENSIVE SWINDLER.

Yesterday afternoon Mar Quail, a foppishly-dressed Englishman, was arraigned before the Magistrate by Officer Keirns, of the First Precinct, on a charge of swindling. From the statement made by Mr. R. A. Matthews, of No. 36 New-street, it appears that on the 26th of last February Quail called at his store and represented himself as a merchant doing business at No. 53 Beaver-street, and had been purchasing damaged cotton and pickings, and that he had abundant means. These several statements were believed by Mr. Matthews, and Quail purchased of the firm $105 worth of damaged cotton, the money for which was to be paid on the same day, but the accused succeeded in obtaining possession of the property, with which he disappeared, since which time the selling firm have ascertained that the representations made by the prisoner were false in every particular. Some time before this transaction with Messrs. Matthews & Co. the accused called upon the firm of J. M. Collins, of No. 37 Bridge-street, and seeing the junior partner, represented that he had purchased two bales of cotton, value $263, from Messrs Spofford & Tileston, and desired an advance of $250 upon the same at the same time exhibiting a receipted bill purporting to represent the sale of the cotton. He then wrote an order upon Spofford & Tileston for the delivery of the cotton to Mr. Nicholas Collins, and received the desired advances. As a matter of course Mr. Collins discovered on presenting the order he had received that the whole transaction was a fraud, as no such sale of cotton had been made. Upon these statements the Justice remanded the prisoner for further examination, as it is understood that several other complaints will be offered against him. Quail is about 30 years of age, and quite self-possessed in his demeanor.

JEFFERSON MARKET—LEDWITH, JUSTICE.

DOMESTIC JARS.

Yesterday morning Mr. Firodoardo C. Farjana, who dwells at No. 221 East Twenty-fourth-street, appeared before the Magistrate and entered a complaint against a man named Ignatz Stacki, whom he charged with stealing a quantity of gold coin, jewelry and sundry articles of wearing apparel, belonging to him, of the aggregate value of $600, on the 2d of February last. The affidavits submitted to the Court set forth that upon the day referred to, Mr. Farjana returned home in the evening and found, to his utter dismay, that his fair wife had eloped with Stacki, who had been a boarder in the family for several months previously. He further discovered that the property mentioned above was also missing, and very naturally he concluded that it was under the custody of the fugitive pair. All efforts on his part to learn the whereabouts of either his wife or her paramour were fruitless until Tuesday of the present week, when he was informed that they had just returned to this City from New-Orleans, whither they had fled from his house. He accordingly visited an up-town hotel where they were reported to be staying, and there he found his faithless wife alone. She expressed great joy at meeting him again, and the deepest penitence for her folly. She said that during the Stacki's boarding-term he had induced her to believe that her husband was guilty of gross infidelity toward her, and in order to strengthen this statement he caused anonymous notes to be addressed to her, conveying word of her husband's intimacy with improper characters of the female sex. This information, volunteered from time to time, was as often followed by the proposal of a remedy, viz., that the woman should flee with her informant to Europe, where he would gladly escort her to her parents' home, and leave her safe under their protection. At length she yielded, and on the 3d of February the couple took the steamer, as the woman supposed, for Europe, but instead of that, to her surprise, the vessel carried them to New-Orleans. When she discovered the deceitful cunning of her companion and pretended protector, she refused to live with him, and insisted upon returning to New-York. This proposal Stacki would not listen to, and threatened that if she spoke of it again he would kill her. He finally consented to return with her to this City, provided she would give him a draft for $1,200 upon her parents in Europe. This she gladly did, and a few days afterward found her in New-York again. The wife, after detailing the above explanation, accompanied her husband home, and soon afterward Stacki was arrested by Officer James Irvin, of the Twentieth Precinct, and taken before Justice Ledwith, who held him for trial without bail.

A ROW AND ROBBERY.

Felix McManus, of No. 178 Mulberry-street, yesterday caused the arrest of four men, named Henry Mullet, Frederick Colthunes, John Farmer and Joseph T. Wilson, whom he charges with having assaulted him on election day in a lager-beer saloon at No. 58 Macdougal-street. During the affray $140 in United States notes was taken from his pocket, and, as he believes, by one of the accused, the others assisting. The prisoners were committed for examination.

EXCISE CASES.

John Woldy, No. 178 West Twentieth-street; Andrew Rore, No. 30 Houston-street; and Joseph Wigand, No. 709 Broadway, were arraigned for alleged violation of the Excise Law. They were bailed for trial.

ESSEX MARKET—MANSFIELD, JUSTICE.

STEALING A COAT.

Two boys named James Smith and John Grey were arrested for stealing a coat from in front of the clothing-store of Simon Pinner, No. 288 Grand street. They were held for trial.

EXCISE VIOLATIONS.

Three liquor dealers were arraigned for alleged violation of the Excise Law, viz: Henry Ahrens, No. 324 West Thirty-third-street; Thomas McCabe, No. 445 Fourth-avenue; Daniel Lowerie, No. 191 East Thirty-fourth-street. Each was required to furnish $100 bail to answer.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Recorder Hackett.

Five prisoners pleaded guilty of various degrees of crime, yesterday, one of them James Mitchell, *alias* Murphy, a well-known prize-fighter and hotel thief, was sent to State Prison for four years. It has been arranged to try the Kane arson case in the Court of Oyer and Terminer in the beginning of the May term, and Attorney-General Martindale will conduct the prosecution. During the same term, and in the same Court, the St. Patrick's Day riot cases will be tried. In both these cases the counsel for defence have been duly notified so that they may be amply prepared to go on. The calendar for to-day includes the names of Joseph Johnson and George Murray, who are indicted for robbery in the first degree on the charge of having, on Monday, the 15th of April, attempted to take the life and to rob Alpheus D. Dubois, Principal of Grammar School No. 36 in Ninth-street, near Avenue D.

PRISONER SENTENCED.

James Mitchell pleaded guilty of burglary in the third degree. On the 24th of March, in the morning, he broke into the lodging-room of Harvey Petty, No. 71 Cortlandt-street, and stole money to the amount of $20. The prisoner, who is also known to the Police as James Murphy, a prize fighter and hotel thief, was sentenced to the State Prison for the term of four years.

REMANDED FOR SENTENCE.

Henry Johnson, *alias* Flynn, pleaded guilty of burglary in the third degree. On the night of the 2d of April he broke into the lager-beer saloon and dwelling of Matthew Winter, No. 153 Avenue A, and stole currency to the amount of $7 50. Remanded for sentence.

Thomas Clark pleaded guilty of forgery in the third degree. On the 2d of April he went to the establishment of Wood Gibson, No. 793 Broadway, and presented to Augustus F. Cammeyer, a salesman, an order, purporting to be signed by Wm. R. H. Martin, for a set of harness and two feather dusters, which were of the value of $153. The goods were delivered to the prisoner by said salesman, he believing the order to be genuine. Remanded for sentence.

John Kiernan pleaded guilty of forgery in the fourth degree, having, on the 29th of March, forged an order on Moses Toch, No. 35 Bowery, for a number of brushes. He was remanded for sentence.

SUSPENDED AND DISCHARGED.

Samuel L. Shaper pleaded guilty of an attempt at grand larceny, having taken away a chain cable of the value of $140 from the premises of John S. Wheeler, No. 124 Broad-street, on the 13th of April. Sentence was suspended and the prisoner was discharged.

Mr. Gunning S. Bedford, Jr., Assistant District Attorney, appeared for the people.

The following is the

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

The People *vs.* Luke Bordenmuller, grand larceny.
The People *vs.* John Plunkett, grand larceny.
The People *vs.* Eliza Henry, grand larceny.
The People *vs.* Adolph Tellier, grand larceny.
The People *vs.* John Caulfield, grand larceny.
The People *vs.* Martin Callahan, grand larceny.
The People *vs.* Wm. Marsh, grand larceny.
The People *vs.* James McGovern, grand larceny.
The People *vs.* John Cuff, petit larceny.
The People *vs.* James Genatz, Michael O'Sullivan, burglary in third degree.
The People *vs.* Joseph Johnson, Geo. Murray, robbery in first degree.
The People *vs.* Patrick Clark, felonious assault and battery.
The People *vs.* John Hosey, Christian Bergh, selling and receiving stolen goods.

Markets by Telegraph.

CINCINNATI, Wednesday, April 24.

FLOUR firmer and in favor of the sellers, but not quotably higher; Superfine, $11@$12 25; Trade Brands, $13 50@$16; Fancy, $16@$18. WHEAT scarce; No. 3 Spring sold at $2 72; No. 2 Spring, $3. CORN active and excited, and advanced 3c.@6c.; sales at 95c. for Mixed, in bulk, and $1 05, sacked. OATS firmer, but not higher. RYE and BARLEY unchanged. WHISKY, 26c., in bond. COTTON is in no demand; the foreign news rendered sales impossible. PROVISIONS firm, but quiet, and all articles were held firmly; 300 tierces of LARD sold at 12⅝c., but is now held higher, owing to the advance in gold. BUTTER is dull at 25c.@30c.; there is a large supply. EGGS, 14c.@15c. SUGAR firm, but unchanged. COFFEE firm; the advance in gold counteracts the decline in New-York. CLOVER SEED, $11 75@$12; TIMOTHY, $3 35@$3 40. LINSEED, $1 45@$1 47. GOLD higher; 139½ buying; 140¼ selling.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, April 24.

COTTON—Sales of Middling Uplands, 25c. COFFEE quiet; sales of Rio at 10½c., gold, in bond. FLOUR dull; buyers demand a reduction. WHEAT dull and lower; sales of choice Amber at $3 25, a decline of 35c. from the highest point lately reached. CORN steady and higher; sales of White at $1 24@$1 25; Mixed at $1 20; Yellow at $1 25@$1 26@$1 28, and Mixed Western at $1 20. RYE, $1 70. OATS, 72c.@73c.; very little business doing at the latter price. PROVISIONS steady. Bulk Sides, 10¼c.; Shoulders, 8⅜c. MESS PORK, $23 75. LARD, 13c. for City, and 13¼c. for Western. SUGAR quiet and steady at 10c.@10½c. WHISKY nominal at 30c. for bonded.

CHICAGO, Wednesday, April 24.

FLOUR steady but unchanged. WHEAT firm at $2 49 for No. 2. CORN active and firmer at $1 08 for No. 1, but the price is unsettled. OATS active, and closed at 58½c.@58⅞c. for No. 2. RYE inactive. BARLEY dull. PROVISIONS quiet. MESS PORK, $22 75; best brands of country sold at $22 50. LARD active at 12⅞c.@13c., for cash and future delivery. LIVE HOGS fairly active and advanced 10c.@15c.; sales at $6 62½@$7 75 for common to extra choice shipping. RECEIPTS—3,000 bbls. Flour, 9,000 bushels Wheat, 35,000 bushels Corn, 1,500 bushels Oats, 2,500 Hogs. SHIPMENTS—5,500 bbls. Flour, 31,000 bushels Wheat, 100,000 bushels Corn.

OSWEGO, Wednesday, April 24.

FLOUR steady but unchanged; sales 1,000 bbls. at $13 50 for No. 1 Spring, $14 50 for Red Winter, $15 50 for White and $16 50 for Double Extra. WHEAT unchanged, with a light supply. CORN unchanged. OATS are selling in small sales at 70c. for Western. BARLEY nominal; $1 15 for Canadian. RYE scarce and quiet; Canadian held at $1 45. PEAS nominal. MILL FEED heavy; Shorts are selling at $30@$31. [illegible] RAILROAD FREIGHTS—On Flour to [illegible], [illegible]; to New-York [illegible], to Albany [illegible].

[illegible], Wednesday, April 24.

TOBACCO inactive and unchanged. COTTON dull and [illegible]. FLOUR heavy and unchanged. WHEAT [illegible]; prime Spring and Club, $2 [illegible]; choice, $3 75. CORN [illegible] sales at $1 11@$1 15. OATS firmer [illegible]. BARLEY and RYE unchanged. PROVISIONS dull. MESS PORK $22 50. BULK MEATS—Shoulders, 7¾c.; Hams, 10½c.@10¾c.; Rib Sides, 10½c. BACON—Shoulders, 9c.; Rib Sides, 11½c.; Clear Sides, 12½c. Canvassed Sugar cured HAMS, 15½c. LARD quiet at 12¼c. for kettle. WHISKY dull.

BUFFALO, Wednesday, April 24.

FLOUR steady; sales 1,000 bbls. Spring at $13. WHEAT quiet and unchanged. OATS active, 2c.@3c. better; sales 60,000 bushels No. 2 Western in store at 65c.@66c., closing firm at outside figures. CORN in good demand for new; sales 17 cars new Toledo and Chicago at $1 10 on State line track. BARLEY, SEEDS, PROVISIONS and HIGHWINES quiet and unchanged. The Secretary of the Board of Trade reports Grain in store to-day: Wheat, 36,000 bushels; Corn, 141,000 bushels; Oats, 117,000 bushels; Peas, 8,000 bushels.

MILWAUKEE, Wednesday, April 24.

FLOUR firm; Double Extra, $12 50@$13 50; Extra, $12 25@$12 50. WHEAT active and higher; No. 1, $2 80; No. 2, $2 54½@$2 55; No. 3, $2 41@$2 42; rejected, $2 16. OATS unsettled at 61c.@65c. for No. 1. CORN firm at $1 10 for No. 1, and $1 for new shelled. RECEIPTS—500 bbls. Flour, 11,000 bushels Wheat, 4,000 bushels Corn. SHIPMENTS—1,700 bbls. Flour.

NEW-ORLEANS, Wednesday, April 24.

COTTON—market unsettled; sales 2,950 bales Low Middlings at 22c.; receipts, 200 bales; exports, 7,530 bales. SUGAR and MOLASSES—No sales. FLOUR dull and declining; CORN in request, but no stock; advanced 5c.; sales of Mixed at 45c.@50c. for White. OATS firm, 80c. PORK firm, but unchanged. LARD firm at 13½c. by the tierce. Bacon unchanged. Gold, 141¾. Sterling Exchange, 149@151. New-York Sight Exchange, ¼ premium.

LOUISVILLE, Wednesday, April 24.

TOBACCO—Sales of 349 hhds. Leaf at higher rates; light Lugs, $2 50@$3 75; Medium Leaf, $11 75@$14; Cutting Leaf, $19@$25 10; Manufacturing, $22@$37 50; Wrapper, $50@$51. FLOUR—Superfine, $10@$11. WHEAT nominal. CORN—Shelled, $1 05@$1 10; on the ear, in bulk, 90c. OATS, 78c., in bulk. MESS PORK, $22. BACON—Shoulders, 9¼c.; Clear Sides, 12½c.@12¾c., packed. LARD, in tierces, 12¾c. Raw WHISKY scarce at $2 25.

TOLEDO, Wednesday, April 24.

FLOUR quiet. WHEAT advanced 2c.@3c.; Amber $3 15. CORN active at $1 05½@$1 06 for new No. 1, and $1 04½ for No. 2. OATS quiet at 63c. LAKE FREIGHTS—Corn 5c. to Buffalo.

MEMPHIS, Wednesday, April 24.

COTTON heavy and nominally at 20c.; receipts 475 bales. CORN, $1 23@$1 25. OATS, 90c.@95. FLOUR—Superfine, $10@$10 25. PORK, $23 50@$24. BACON—Clear Sides, 13c.@13½c.

AUGUSTA, GA., Wednesday, April 24.

COTTON market flat and declining; sales 64 bales; receipts 14 bales. Market too irregular for quotations.

SAVANNAH, GA., Wednesday, April 24.

COTTON dull; sales 90 bales. Middlings at 22½c@23c.; closed heavy and declining; Receipts 480 bales.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Wednesday, April 24.

COTTON quiet at 21c.; SPIRITS TURPENTINE unsettled at 65c. RESIN steady at $3@$7 50.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Wednesday, April 24.

COTTON weak and inactive; sales 54 bales; Middling, 23c.; receipts, 190 bales.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

Passengers Arrived.

APRIL 24.—*In steamship City of Baltimore, from Liverpool*—Capt. and Mrs. Gilling, Mrs. Mary E. Collett and 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Taysor and infant, Mr. Haywood, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Marriott and infant, Miss Louisa Marriott, Miss Bissell, James Ryan, F. Traenkle, Edward McDermott, Mr. Fisher, Mr. Greaves, Henry Lehmann, Mr. Small, Mr. Dalzell, Mr. Stewart, T. B. Davies, Peter Emory, Mr. Hartrick, M. A. Deitz, M. Abbott, G. H. Dunn, Wm. Aggate, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Cottell and 2 children, Wm. Clayton, Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Runnett, Misses Anna and Jane Runnett, Joseph Runnett, Miss Susan Kerr, Wm. Bird, Misses Letitia and Hannah Bird, P. Busch, Miss Emily Osborne, Mr. Gay, Mr. Granger, S. M. R. Calisch, John Martin, Mrs. Mary A. Beeton and infant, W. J. Putnam, Mr. Lambert, Mr. Kramer, Mr. Ramage, Rev. Dr. Caulfield and Mrs. Caulfield, Master Caulfield, Miss Catharine Herliny, Misses Jane and Emma Smith, F. Meyer, Mr. and Mrs. John Youles, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Fisher.

APRIL 24.—*In steamship Pereire, from Brest and Havre*—Mr. Phelps, Mr. and Mrs. Secor, Miss Secor and maid, M. M. Badgly, Mr. Bene, Wilson, Mrs. Wilson, M. M. Garcia, Hearn, Baudry, (2,) Moore, Dean, Benton, Miss Blending, M. M. von der Muhll, Rabadon, Pembroke, Fetridge, Voisin and son, Mr. and Mrs. Wilkinson, Paredos, Mrs. Valerino and children, M. M. Grosholz, D'Gerean, Caribean, Valliant, L. Meyer, Chany, Mr. and Mrs. Bernard and son, Mr. and Mrs. Worth, children and maid, Mrs. Brayton, Mr. and Mrs. Weeks, Mr. Klein, Mr. Jarosiaw, Mr. Grigg, Wm. Bielitch, Mr. Gueble, M. W. Calvet, Delery and Sandford, M. M. Pedretti, (2,) Lambert and Bullet, Mr. and Mrs. Penable and child, Mrs. Stossel, M. M. Valotton, Mr. Fabre, Fortwengler, Mrs. and Miss Baragli, Mrs. de Grandmont and child, Mrs. Duchochois, M. M. J. Torre, Schippert, Genin, Mrs. Raown and child, Mr. and Mrs. Liber and child, J. Vallen, M. M. Dering, L'Asague, Anderson, Petitfour, Reole, Malerbu, Farmer, Wertholn, Mirochi and son.

APRIL 24.—*In steamship Borussia, from Hamburg*—H. Friede, wife and child, Emilie Brose, Marie Greiner and son, M. Zoller, O. W. Elbert, Gabriel Cohn, wife and child, Louise Fink and child, Elias Plaszeh, Maria Albrecht, J. Strasburger, Jacob Lackmann and wife, H. Levy, wife and 3 children, Maria Abraham, Max Wagner, H. Behrendt and wife, Jacob Kridel and wife, H. Karsten and wife, Emil Jacobsen, Wm. Brown and wife.

APRIL 24.—*In steamship Aleppo, from Liverpool*—Mrs. T. A. Martine and daughter, Mrs. W. W. Swayne, 2 children and servant, Mrs. Desmond, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Croppeer, Miss M. C. Conklin, J. R. W. Fothersgill, T. A. Martine, Winslow Sherman, H. Amery, and others in the steerage.

In steamship Columbia, from Havana—S. S. Spencer, wife and 2 children, Miss J. Spencer, Miss M. Strattan, Mrs. C. Diez and 4 children, Mrs. Cardenas, nurse and 2 children, H. S. Gregory, H. L. Caldwell, C. M. Dionisius, J. Lally, M. Acea, lady and servant, Miss Frissar, J. C. Schmidt, wife and child, H. Dumesil, J. Armtz, W. Wakeman, Mrs. Bushnell, A. Boning, W. Ahrens, wife and 3 children, J. Carbona and daughter, P. Catressa and servant, J. Savasura and lady, W. H. Fleming, E. Danza, M. Alvasado, S. Camacho, Mrs. J. Callott.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises..... 5 07 | Sun sets....... 6 49 | Moon rises.. 12 00
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook..12 01 | Gov. Island.12 50 | Hell Gate... 2 12

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....WEDNESDAY, April 24.

Cleared.

Brig Adele, (Venez.,) Lauretzen, Porto Cabello, Boonen, Graves & Co.

Schooners M. Knight, Brest, Baltimore; Sea Foam, Coombs, Elizabethport, R. P. Buck & Co.; S. T. King, Clendenin, Calais, Jed Frye & Co.; George Edgar, Smitten, New-Haven, Rackett & Taylor.

Arrived.

Steamship City of Baltimore, (Br.,) McGuigan, Liverpool April 10, and Queenstown 11th, with mdse. and passengers to John G. Dale. April 10, off N. W. lightship, passed steamship City of Washington, bound in. 11th, off Saltee's Island, steamship Bosphorus, do.; same day, off Ballycotton, steamship Erin, do. 12th, off Fastnet, a steamship, supposed the City of Limerick, do.; same day, 88 miles W. of Fastnet, steamship Australasian, do.; same day, 188 miles W. of Fastnet, steamship Palmyra, do. 19th, lat. 44 25, lon. 43 49, passed a Fr. brig-rigged steamer, bound E. 22d, an Am. brig-rigged steamer, do.

Steamship Borussia, (Hamb.,) Franzen, Hamburg April 7, with 658 passengers to Kunhardt & Co. Had a very rough passage; westerly gales most of the time. April 19, at 3 P. M., in lat. 44 58, lon. 48 32, passed an iceberg. April 21, lat. 41 28, lon. 61 04, passed Br. steamship Thames, bound E. 22d, 5 A. M., lat. 41 32, lon. 62 07, passed steamship Allemania, bound E; same day, 5 P. M., lat. 41 03, lon. 68 36, passed steamship Manhattan, bound E. 23d, 6 P. M., lat. 40 38, lon. 71 05, passed Br. ship Asia, bound W.

Steamship Pereire, (Fr.,) Duchesne, Havre and Brest April 13, 4 P. M., with mdse. and 94 passengers to Geo. Mackenzie. Had continual head winds and heavy gales up to the Banks. Arr. at Sandy Hook at 6 o'clock A. M. 24th. April 19, 7 A. M., lat. 46, lon. 40 10 W. of Paris, saw a large steamer of the Inman line, going E.; 23d, on George's Banks, took a Sandy Hook pilot, and same time saw steamship Celia, for New-York; near Nantucket, saw schr. Asia, going S.

Steamship Western Metropolis, Weir, Bremen April 4, with mdse. and 710 passengers to Isaac Taylor. Had head winds all the passage. 12th and 13th had a very severe gale.

Steamship Columbia, Barton, Havana April 20, 3:30 P. M., with mdse. to Garrison & Allen. Same day, passed schr. Forest King, bound in. The bark Cuba, Sunberg, was to sail for New-York in 4 days.

Steamship Hecla, (Br.,) Edmiston, Liverpool April 9, and Queenstown 10th, with mdse. and passengers to E. Cunard.

Bark Simon, (Prus.,) Dannenberg, Shields, Eng., 58 ds., with coal to Funch, Meincke & Wendt. Had heavy westerly gales since crossing the Banks; lost and split sails, &c.

Bark Lamplighter, Bahrs, Port Royal 6 ds., with cotton, ordnance, &c., to Bixby & Co.

Bark Reindeer, (of New-Haven,) Wellington, Mayaguez, P. R., 13 ds., with sugar and molasses to H. Trowbridge's Sons. Left no vessels.

Brig Juliet C. Clark, Freethey, Nuevitas 12 ds., with molasses to Thompson & Hunter. Had very heavy weather north of Hatteras.

Brig Winfield, (of Yarmouth, Me.,) Loring, Remedios 9 ds., with sugar to Nesmith & Son. Sld. in co. with bark E. K. Corning, for New-York.

Brig L. W. Merritt, (of Bucksport,) Berry, Cardenas 10 ds., with sugar to J. E. Ward & Co. Sld. in co. with brigs C. Colson and Minnie Miller, for Portland.

Brig Cassie Gray, (Br.,) Cummins, Portland, Me., in ballast to master.

Schr. Arlington, Halsey, Norfolk March 17, with wood to A. J. Bentley. 19th inst. encountered a heavy gale from N. W., and was obliged to heave to; was blown off as far as lon. 61; since then have had terrific gales from every point of the compass; lost deck-load, sails, spars, bulwarks, &c., and for 20 days the vessel has been in a sinking condition, the pumps going constantly; April 1, lat. 36, lon. 69, was fallen in with by a whal. schooner from Providence, R. I., 8 days out, who kindly supplied us with provisions, of which we stood very much in need.

Schr. Saladin, (Br.,) Slocumb, Windsor, N. S., with plaster to D. R. De Wolf & Co.

Schr. Bay State, Bassett, ——, with mdse. to Rackett, Tooker & Taylor.

Schr. James S. Schindler, (of Great Egg Harbor,) Lee Sagua 9 ds., with sugar to master.

Schr. Florence Rogers, Rogers, Wilmington, N. C., 4 ds., with naval stores to master.

Schr. Madison Holmes, Ireland, Newbern, N. C., 8 ds., with lumber to Thomas & Holmes.

Schr. Belle Seaman, Seaman, New-Haven, for Newburgh.

Schr. Menawa, Dissosway, Charleston 6 ds., with yellow pine to A. Bell's Sons.

Schr. Isaac Rich, (of Gloucester,) Bryant, Baracoa 9 ds., with fruit to J. & T. Pearsall.

Schr. Joseph & Franklin, Foster, Virginia, with wood.

Schr. Thomas Winans, Holmes, Virginia.

Schr. Surprise, Beers, Boston, for Baltimore.

Schr. Julia, Nash, Harrington, with spars.

Schr. Wellington, ——, Norwalk.

Schr. Hatwood, Foster, Tangier, for Boston.

Sloop Oregon, Rhoades, Providence, with mdse. to Stranahan & Jackson.

Sloop Delaware, Ferris, Claremont, Del.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, April 24.—Arr. bark Wm. Brown, Cardenas; brig Poinsett, Matanzas. Below—Bark Geo. T. Kemp, from Algoa Bay, and brig Navarino, from Sagua.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 24.—Arr. steamers Champion and Granada, from New-York; Emma, Philadelphia; schr. Ida Richardson, Baltimore. Sld. steamer Moneka, for New-York; schr. E. J. Palmer, Baltimore.

PHILADELPHIA, April 24.—Arr. steamer Alliance, from Charleston.

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 24.—Arr. steamship James A. Gary, from Baltimore.

Spoken, &c.

S. J. Gale—Br. schr., from Yarmouth, N. S., for Guadaloupe, 3 days out, April 9, lat. 39 55, lon. 63 48.

Hancock—brig, of and from Boston, 24 days out, bound S., April 20, lat. 29 55, lon. 69 30.

Foreign Ports.

At Cardenas, April 13, bark Sancho Panza, for New-York in 10 days.

At Baracoa, April 14, schrs. Wildfire, W. J. Holmes, Navigator and Olive G. Tower, for New-York soon.

At Remedios, April 14, barks Isaac Rich, for Boston soon; Eva A. Fish, for New-York, do.

At Sagua, April 14, schr. F. R. Beard, for Philadelphia 16th; schr. W. J. Dearborn, for a port north of Hatteras 19th.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO.,

ESTABLISHED 1861.

The Immense Profits of the Tea Trade Greatly Reduced.

The proprietors became fully convinced, several years ago, that the consumers of Tea and Coffee were paying too many and too large profits on these articles of every day consumption, and therefore organized THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY, to do away, as far as possible, with these enormous drains upon the consumers, and to supply them with these necessaries at the smallest possible price.

To give our readers an idea of the profits which have been made in the Tea trade, we will start with the American houses, leaving out of the account entirely the profits of the Chinese factors.

1st..........The American houses in China or Japan make large profits on their sales or shipments—and some of the richest retired merchants in this country have made their immense fortunes through their houses in China.
2d............The banker makes large profits upon the foreign exchange used in the purchase of teas.
3d............The importer makes a profit of 30 to 50 per cent. in many cases.
4th..........On its arrival here it is sold by the cargo, and the purchaser sells it to the speculator in invoices of 1,000 to 2,000 packages, at an average profit of about 10 per cent.
5th..........The speculator sells it to the wholesale tea dealer in lines, at a profit of 10 to 15 per cent.
6th..........The wholesale tea dealer sells it to the wholesale grocer in lots to suit his trade, at a profit of about 10 per cent.
7th..........The wholesale grocer sells it to the retail dealer at a profit of 15 to 25 per cent.
8th..........The retailer sells it to the consumer for *all the profit he can get.*

When you have added to these *eight* profits as many brokerages, cartages, storages, cooperages and waste, and add the original cost of the tea, it will be perceived what the consumer has to pay. And now we propose to show why we can sell so very much lower than other dealers.

We propose to do away with all these various profits and brokerages, cartages, storages, cooperages and waste, with the exception of a small commission paid for purchasing to our correspondents in China and Japan, one cartage and a small profit to ourselves—which, on our large sales, will amply pay us.

Parties getting their Teas from us may confidently rely upon getting them pure and fresh, as they come direct from the Custom-house stores to our warehouses.

The Company continue to sell at the following prices:

OOLONG, (Black,) 60c., 70c., 80c., 90c., best $1 per lb.
MIXED, (Green and Black,) 60c., 70c., 80c., 90c., best $1 per lb.
ENGLISH BREAKFAST, 70c., 80c., 90c., $1, $1 10, best $1 20 per lb.
IMPERIAL, (Green,) 70c., 80c., 90c., $1, $1 10, best $1 25 per lb.
YOUNG HYSON, (Green,) 70c., 80c., 90c., $1, $1 10, best $1 25 per lb.
UNCOLORED JAPAN, 90c., $1, $1 10, best $1 25 per lb.
GUNPOWDER, $1 25, best $1 50 per lb.

COFFEES ROASTED AND GROUND DAILY.

GROUND COFFEE, 20c., 25c., 30c., 35c., best 40c. per lb. Hotels, saloons, boarding-house keepers, and families who use large quantities of Coffee, can economize in that article by using our FRENCH BREAKFAST and DINNER COFFEE, which we sell at the low price of 30c. per lb., and warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

Consumers can save from 50c. to $1 per lb, by purchasing their Teas of the

GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO.,
Nos. 31 and 33 VESEY-ST., corner Church-st.
No. 640 BROADWAY, corner Bleecker-st.
No. 461 EIGHTH-AV., corner 34th-st.
No. 299 SPRING-ST., between Hudson and Greenwich streets.
No. 205 FULTON-ST., BROOKLYN, corner Concord-st.
No. 133 GRAND-ST., WILLIAMSBURGH.

STEAM ENGINES,
Saving Fifty Per Cent. in Fuel.

THE WASHINGTON IRON WORKS' NEW AND IMPROVED
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Wright's Patent Variable Cut-off,
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HOSIERY, UNDERGARMENTS,
AND MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
VAN DERLIP & TAYLOR,
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GEO. H. KITCHEN & CO., 561 BROADWAY,
SOLE AGENTS FOR
CORNELIUS & BAKER, Philadelphia.

WOOD TURNERY.
Wood turning of every variety, either eccentric, concentric or regular, handles of every variety, skate woods, croquet, &c.
JOHN N. BUNNELL, Unionville, Conn.,
Thirty-three miles from New-Haven via Canal R. R.

GAS FIXTURES,
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
J. & T. DONALDSON,
MANUFACTURERS,
NO. 140 NINTH-ST.,
ONE DOOR EAST OF BROADWAY.

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GO TO MACFARLAND'S BOOK-STORE, corner 23d-st. and Broadway. There you will find all the new books of the day, and all the old standard works. and also choice English, French and Scotch Stationery.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.
KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS No 293, April 24, 1867.
7, 20, 12, 8, 32, 62, 54, 74, 21, 68, 40, 24, 46.
KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 294, April 24, 1867.
42, 24, 61, 2, 50, 47, 14, 62, 12, 5, 57, 46, 58, 65.
SHELBY COLLEGE—EXTRA CLASS No. 217, April 24, 1867.
73, 27, 18, 75, 62, 49, 50, 43, 22, 7, 59, 34, 40.
SHELBY COLLEGE—CLASS No. 218, April 24, 1867.
67, 27, 39, 16, 46, 52, 77, 32, 1, 20, 35, 69, 15, 50.
JOSEPH BATES, No. 78 Broadway, New-York.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS
Of the Georgia State Lotteries.—For the benefit of the "Masonic Orphan Home."
GEORGIA STATE—EXTRA CLASS No. 100, April 24, 1867.
11, 67, 13, 30, 55, 40, 37, 14, 59, 46, 24, 71, 9.
GEORGIA STATE—CLASS No. 101, April 24, 1867.
5, 37, 13, 58, 26, 46, 78, 17, 23, 11, 19, 20.
SUPPLEMENTARY—EXTRA CLASS No. 110, April 24, 1867.
8, 32, 78, 76, 4, 54, 38, 1, 6, 59, 52, 3, 56.
SUPPLEMENTARY—CLASS No. 111, April 24, 1867.
70, 28, 30, 69, 55, 24, 1, 25, 3, 72, 68, 52.
W. W. BOYD & CO., Managers, Atlanta, Ga.
McINTIRE & CO., No. 125 Chatham-st.

CIRCULARS AND INFORMATION FURNISHED in all legal lotteries.
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